ask for KARNIK'S AGUE MIXTURE FOR MALARIA SOLD EVERYWHERE

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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USE "ROHINI-CHANDRA" BRAND IRANIAN SWEET ASAFOETIDA IT MAKES PICKLES, VEGETABLES, SAVOURIES, FLAVOURY, APPETIZING AND DIGESTIVE. TELEGRAMS: "SANSCRIT," PHONE: 24754. VARJIWANDAS HIRJEE & COMPANY 240, VADGADI, MANDVI, BOMBAY 3.

WILL JAPAN BE DRAGGED INTO WAR?

Tokyo Press On Mining Menace

DUTCH SHIPOWNERS' PROTEST TO GERMANY

British Admiralty To Order Seizure Of Enemy Exports

ACCORDING to latest cables, three more steamers (one Dutch and two British) have been sunk by German mines.

THE DUTCH SHIPOWNERS' ASSOCIATION IN A STATEMENT EMPHASISE THAT "NO DUTCH SHIPS HAS SAILED IN THE CONVOY OF ANY BELLIGERENT POWER."

JAPANESE PROTEST

Tokyo Press, protesting against mining menace to Neutral Shipping states that "Japan will be dragged into European war".

200 MINES WASHED ASHORE

It is authoritatively learnt, states a cable from London, that over 200 German mines have been washed ashore on Yorkshire Coast.

ANOTHER DUTCH STEAMER SUNK

Survivors' Story

LONDON, Nov. 24

Five survivors of the Dutch steamer "Sliedricht" (5,133 tons) were landed at the north-west coast of England by a trawler which picked them up after they had been seven and a half days in an open boat following the sinking of their vessel by a German submarine.

The steamer was carrying a crew of 31.

The survivors said, that the submarine commander examined the ship's papers and therein was told that she was a neutral ship bound for a neutral port, still he insisted on sinking her. He refused to take them aboard for transfer to another ship saying that he had no room.—Reuter.

DUTCH SHIPOWNERS' STATEMENT

THE HAGUE, Nov. 24.

The Dutch Shipowners' Association in a statement declares that no Dutch ship is sailing or has sailed in the convoy of any belligerent power and there is no intention to do so.

The shipping companies as a measure of precaution are convoying out-going Dutch steamers through mine fields behind large steam tugs.

Three vessels are leaving tonight preceded by a tug fitted with paravanes.—Reuter.

"MANGALORE" SUNK

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The Brocklebank steamer "Mangalore (8,886 tons) has been sunk by a mine while anchored off the east coast.

The crew of 77 including 58 lascars have been rescued.—Reuter.

Plight Of 'Arlington Court' Survivors

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The seven survivors of the "Arlington Court" landed from a Norwegian motor vessel which picked them up after they had been drifting for six days in an open boat. They are all suffering from frost-bitten feet. Two of them have been detained in hospital.

One of the survivors said after embarking the boat, they stayed in the vicinity of the spot where the "Arlington Court" sank for twenty hours, but no ship came near. So they set sail in an easterly direction hoping to make for the land. They had plenty of biscuits and a little of condensed milk, but only one barrel of water which was rationed halfcupful

(Continued on page 7, col. 3)

AIR BATTLE ON WESTERN FRONT

"Three Allied Planes Brought Down"

BERLIN, Nov. 24.

A High Command Communique states that there was increased activity of artillery and reconnaissance troops in the West.

Several more air combats took place.

The Communique claims that three Allied planes were brought down near the Western Front.—Reuter.

GERMAN PLANES OVER SHETLANDS

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Five German aircraft participated in the first flight over the Shetlands to-day and two aircraft in the second.

Two British fighters appeared when the five raiders were overhead.

No bombs were dropped.—Reuter.

BELGIAN DEFENCE EXPENDITURE

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Belgium is asking for £10 million pounds more for Defence this year.

Many Public Works have been abandoned owing to the present situation in Europe, but vital works like the extension of the Albert Canal would be speeded up as well as the Defence and other economic measures.—Reuter.

BRITAIN TO SEIZE GERMAN EXPORTS

LONDON, Nov. 24.

It is understood that an Order-in-Council will be issued on Tuesday authorising seizure of German exports by Britain.—Reuter.

GERMAN REPLY TO REPRISAL MOVE

BERLIN, Nov. 24.

Referring to reprisal measures taken by Britain, the Nazi official organ maintains that the latest allied move is not in the nature of genuine reprisal and Germany's reply will certainly be no less severe.—Reuter.

"GIPSY" CASUALTIES

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The Admiralty announces that the casualties in the Destroyer "Gipsy" are three officers injured, one rating died of injuries, 29 missing believed to be dead and ten injured.—Reuter.

When Hitler Bowed To His Generals

How Orders For German Invasion Of Holland Were Countermanded

LONDON, Nov. 24.

How orders for a German invasion of Holland based on plans prepared by Herr Hitler at the beginning of November were countermanded four hours before the time fixed is described by the Havas Agency from the German frontier.

The attack was fixed for November 12. After a conference in private with his General Staff following the Munich explosion on November 8 Herr Hitler said that Britain had "misfired" and this attempt had in no way changed his decision.

When discussing the plans to invade Holland, General Reichenau who had previously encouraged Herr Hitler in his most daring plans drew Herr Hitler's attention to a series of reports concerning King Leopold's visit to Queen Wilhelmina, which indicated that Belgium would stand by Holland in case of an invasion.

Herr Hitler appeared unperturbed and finally instructed General Reichenau to finish his preparations for an attack by the evening of November 11. On the morning of November 11 at a fresh meeting of the generals and Herr Hitler, the atmosphere was stormy with General Reichenau again taking the offensive. Everything had been calculated, he said, on the basis the Belgium remaining neutral; if not Germany was heading straight for a terrible setback entailing the collapse of the regime. General Reichenau said, that he was ready to obey any orders but in the event of a miscalculation, he would kill himself at the head of his troops. Then for the first time, General Von Brauchitsch spoke, saying in the name of the assembled Germans he would not take the responsibility for the projected operation adding in a voice charged with emotion that none of the officers present was able to approve of the offensive.—Reuter.

Nazi Tactics Behind Munich Outrage

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The report that Elser was an inmate in Dachau Concentration Camp until a week ago is contained in a despatch from the Hungarian-German frontier. The report is stated to have come from a high National Socialist source, and declares that Elser and another prisoner, Karl Buchholy, who is expected to be mentioned in the case, were taken to the Swiss frontier by prison guards, where they were re-arrested with considerable publicity and brought back to Munich to be denounced as instigators of the Beer Cellar Plot.—Reuter.

16 VILLAGES DESTROYED

'QUAKE HAVOC IN TURKEY

ISTANBUL, Nov. 24.

THE DEATH ROLL IN THE EARTHQUAKE HAS REACHED FORTY-THREE.

INNUMERABLE PERSONS HAVE BEEN INJURED.

SIXTEEN VILLAGES HAVE BEEN ALMOST DESTROYED BY NINE VIOLENT EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS AND OVER A THOUSAND HOUSES HAVE COLLAPSED.—Reuter.

WORKING COMMITTEE

Will Meet At Wardha On Dec. 18

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

It is officially announced that the Congress Working Committee will meet at Wardha on December 18 and the subsequent dates and not December 19 as announced earlier.—A.P.

MAHATMA LEAVES FOR WARDHA

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

Mahatma Gandhi and party left for Wardha this evening by the Bombay Express.

Sardar Patel, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram also left by same train for Bombay.

Maulana Azad left for Calcutta.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is leaving for Lucknow to-night. He proceeds to Muttra from Lucknow to preside over the U.P. Political Conference.

Mahatma Gandhi again addressed at Anand Bhuvan this morning.—A.P.

"HE HAD NOTHING TO ADD TO IT"

Working Committee Resolution Is Self-Explanatory, Says 'C. R.'

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, ex-Premier of Madras arrived here this morning to see Mrs. Devidas Gandhi—his daughter who has been ill for some-time. He told the "United Press" correspondent who saw him at the Harijan colony that the Congress Working Committee's resolution on the present situation was long and self-explanatory.

He has nothing to add to it. He will stay here for four days before leaving for Bombay.—United Press.

Mrs. Naidu For Lucknow

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, who attended the meeting of the Congress Working Committee here, will be leaving for Lucknow on November 26.—United Press.

COUNTER-MEASURES TO MINING MENACE?

TOKYO, November 24.

The British Embassy has issued the following statement:

"It has been established by the British Admiralty that German aircraft laid mines in five different localities off the East coast of England after dark nights on November 20 and November 22 in contravention of International Law, which may temporarily cause damage to Neutral shipping, but now that the method has been definitely ascertained, suitable measures can be taken to counteract it."

JAPAN AND EUROPEAN WAR

"NICHINICHI SHIMBUN" SAYS THAT THE GOVERNMENT IS GATHERING ALL DATA WITH THE UTMOST CARE TO DETERMINE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE MINING OF THE "TERUKUNI MARU."

WHICHEVER WAY GOVERNMENT DECIDES, IT WILL BE EQUIVALENT TO BEFRIENDING ONE BELLIGERENT AND ANTAGONISING THE OTHER. WHICH MIGHT MEAN JAPAN WILL BE DRAGGED INTO THE EUROPEAN WAR.—Reuter.

Indian Independence In Pictures

Exhibition In London: Labour Federation's Invitation

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 24.

In co-operation with the University Labour Club, Cambridge Majlis and Cambridge Liberals the University Labour Federation is holding an exhibition of what is called the Indian Independence movement to show in pictorial form what British rule means to India, how Indian workers and Indian peasants live and the history of the Congress.

The Federation invites Indians to co-operate by sending immediately to the Secretary 58, Theobalds Road London, W. C. 1, pictures which are useful for exhibition. The pictures will be later returned to their owners.

RAMGOPAL TO DANCE FOR HINDUSTANI CLUB

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Ramgopal the famous Indian dancer, is giving a special show on Friday next in aid of the Hindustani Social Club, which, in the East End has been catering social amenities for poor Indians such as the seamen, the hawkers and the breadless.

MOVE TO FORM NEW GOVT. IN RUMANIA

Tatarescu May Reject "Last" German Offer

BUCHAREST, Nov. 24.

M. Tatarescu who has been entrusted by the King with the formation of new Government is expected to complete his ask today by including members of other parties in addition to his own liberal colleagues. The appointment of M. Tatarescu is regarded as ensuring a strong policy of neutrality and independence.

Last German offer during the trade negotiations amounted to a demand that Germany should acquire practical monopoly of Rumanian exports. With M. Tatarescu in office there is no likelihood that such an offer will be accepted.—Reuter.

LATEST NEWS

LONDON, Nov. 24.

There is no doubt that when Hitler referred to a dreadful weapon which could not be used against him, he meant the parachute mine, Reuter learns, in well-informed quarters, where it is pointed out that it is an extreme form of frightfulness opposed to all principles of civilised warfare.

It is also a measure of the failure of the U-boat campaign. Service in U-boats is becoming increasingly unpopular in Germany and Germans have been forced to concentrate their technical skill on war engines which could be planted without risk to themselves, but which do not distinguish between belligerent and neutral and between warships and merchantmen even hospital ships.

The mines seem to be of two types, the old anchored one and a new very powerful, peculiarly sensitive type. The latter is Hitler's secret weapon and so far seems to have defeated British efforts, both to identify its nature and circumvent its efficaciousness. Doubtless, in time, means will be found for dealing with the menace.

NEW RUMANIAN CABINET

BUCHAREST, Nov. 24.

M. Tatarescu has formed a new Government. M. Gafencu remains the Foreign Minister.—Reuter.

Maj. C. K. Naidu and Capt. Wazir Ali, the rival Captains of the Bombay Pentangular Final Teams—Hindus and Muslims—which meet at Brabourne Stadium to-day.

Pentangular Final

Champions Will Meet Hindus To-day

Rival Teams

HINDUS	MUSLIMS
Maj. C. K. NAIDU (Capt.)	Capt. S. WAZIR ALI (Capt.)
L. P. JAI	S. NAZIR ALI
D. D. HINDLEKAR	MAHOMED NISSAR
L. AMARNATH	JEHANGIR KHAN
C. S. NAIDU	S. MUSHTAQ ALI
S. BANERJI	ABBAS KHAN
L. AMARSINGH	SAEED AHMED
VINOO MANKAD	AMIR ELAHI
V. M. MERCHANT	S. M. KADRI
K. M. RANGNEKAR	MIR MAZHAR MAHMUD
M. M. JAGDALE	DILAWAR HUSSEIN
Reserves	Reserves
H. ADHIKARI	Y. SHEIKH
R. J. GHARAT	K. C. IBRAHIM
U. M. MERCHANT	ZAHUR AHMED

UMPIRES

N. DUBASH D. KAPADIA

CRICKET FANS WILL WITNESS A "BATTLE ROYAL"

By J. C. MAITRA

According to general expectations, the Muslims and the Hindus are meeting again in the final round of the Pentangular Tournament which commences at the Brabourne Stadium this morning. The Muslims have won the championship twice in succession since the Tournament was inaugurated in 1937. The first year they did it in the absence of the Hindus, who boycotted it on account of a dispute with the C. C. I in regard to the seating accommodation in the Stadium. In the second, they conquered them—but then the Hindus were deprived of the services of two of their best men, Amarnath and Vijay Merchant for unavoidable reasons. Consequently, it was also an unsatisfactory result as far as the Hindus were concerned. Now both sides are well represented and there can be no excuse on either side. A battle royal should ensue.

The Muslim Selectors tried hard to persuade the Nawab of Pataudi to play for his community. But for some reason or other 'Pat' has kept away. His admirers may be disappointed at this. I for one do not feel that way. The Nawab is not what he was a few years ago when he scored centuries against the Australians in England and Austra-

(Continued on page 4, col. 4)

STOP PRESS

PAYMENTS OF FREIGHT

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The Board of Trade has authorised the London Chamber of Commerce to make on behalf of the owner of any cargo in a ship lying at a neutral port payments of freight and other charges to and for the benefit of the enemy in order to obtain possession of the cargo. The Chamber is negotiating with enemy shipowners on behalf of British cargo-owners generally.—Reuter.

ENEMY RAID FAILS

PARIS, Nov. 24.

A communique states: An enemy raid East of Moselle, failed. We made a few prisoners. There were local artillery actions, and reduced activity in the air.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Hindu Gentleman noble family highly educated recently returned from Europe desires pen friendship of educated cultured Hindu lady age 32/35 view matrimony must be nationalist. Please write to Box 12520, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted F.R.C.S. (London) for a Mofussil Hospital. Apply for terms to Box 1422, "Bombay Chronicle".

62. TO BE LET

Ma'unga G.I.P. Three room blocks with all conveniences available; rent moderate. Highclass Hindu Vegetarians only. Four rooms could be arranged. Enquire 12, Shradhanand Road, Plot No. 422, "Moti-Jani-Bhuvan", D. M. Jani. (12528)

68. FLATS TO LET

Two airy flats in Swastik House opposite Pathe Cinema, rents cheap. Apply on premises. Telephone: 26968. (12519)

70. BUNGALOWS TO LET

To Let—Bungalow with ground and first floor at 12 Sleater Road with garage and compound for Hindus only. Rent moderate. Apply Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd., Bombay. (12501)

86. SHOPS TO LET

Shop with big facade, lighted, prominent. Business locality. Phone: 26403. (12524)

302. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Six Oil Expellers Anderson reconditioned, excellent order, from America Steamer arrived Rs. 5,500 each ex-godown or dock. Write Post Box 448, Bombay. (12520)

Soda Machines, Riley Double Pump, Double Generator, Washing Machines, Boiler, Vauxhall Machine, Gas Saver, Motors, Filling Machines, Water Tanks, Pumps. Ross & Co., 29, Gowalia Tank, Bombay No. 7. (12517)

328. AGENCIES WANTED

Indian Manufacturers wanting Agency in Burma may apply with samples and full particulars to the Associated Agencies, No. 135, 145, Fraser Street, Rangoon. (12512)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a Candidate for training for the post of ORGANISING SECRETARY of the Madras Red Cross Provincial Branch. Candidates must be from South India and must have had previous specialised training and administrative experience. Stipend will be given during training. Salary will be according to experience.

Applications and references should be sent to

THE HONORARY SECRETARY,
Madras Red Cross Branch,
Egmore, Madras,
before December, 12th, 1939.
(1445)

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS in the printed prescribed form are invited from British subjects who are natives of the Province of Bombay, or from non-British subjects declared eligible to hold any civil office in connection with the affairs of the Province of Bombay by a declaration issued under Sub-Section (2) of Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935, for the permanent and pensionable post of a DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE in the Bombay Provincial Police Service. *Pay.*—Rs. 250-250-20-450 (II grade), Rs. 475-25-600 (I grade); Rs. 200 during probationary period of not more than 3 years. *Qualifications.*—Candidates should possess a university degree or should have passed the Intermediate Arts or the Cambridge Senior or the School Leaving Certificate of the Bombay University or an equivalent examination or obtained the Diploma of a Chief's College in the first or second Division. *Age.*—Matriculates should be not less than 20 years, and others not less than 22 and not more than 25 years, on the 15th January, 1940.

Full details should be obtained from the Commission's office on application accompanied by an addressed envelope with a two-anna postage stamp, or see in *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 23rd and 30th November, 1939. Copies of the application form will be supplied on payment of Rupee 1/- for each copy either in cash in the office of the Commission or by a *crossed* Indian Postal Order in favour of "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission" which should accompany the requisition for the form. *Payment by money order or by postage stamps will not be accepted.* Last date for the receipt of applications:—*23rd December, 1939. Any attempt, direct or indirect, to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

1433.

335. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

For sale a Running Washing Company in Parsi Locality. Apply Central Cleaning Works, Dalal Estate, opp. Bombay Central. (12523)

340. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Advertiser will join a film-producing concern as an additional partner. Telephone 28225. (12507)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans? Promissory Notes and Certificates of one Hundred and twenty persons already paid, are open for inspection. Loans also arranged on Shares, Policies, Ornaments, Estates, etc. Bombay Loans and Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Churni Road Tram Junction, opposite Hardinge. (12526)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Land for sale—Valuable fields aggregating 28,000 sq. yds. at Sahar-Bamanvada along Andheri-Kurla Railway Road. Apply Box No. 12516, "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE MANAGING AGENTS are authorised to announce that the Board of Directors of the above Company have resolved to recommend the payment of a Dividend at the rate of Rs. 5|- per Share (free of Income-tax) for the year ended 31st JULY 1939.

For Cement Agencies, Ltd.,
P. J. BILIMORIA,
Managing Director.
Bombay 24th November, 1939.
(1449)

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Port, up to 12 noon on the 9th December, 1939, for the supply of chappals required for the use of Bombay City Police for a period of one year. The sample pair of chappals may be seen at the Head Police Office, Bombay, between the hours 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. on week days. The rate quoted should be per pair. Further particulars may be obtained from the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Port, at the Head Police Office, Bombay.

J. SIMMONS.
Dy.
For Commissioner of Police,
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 23rd November, 1939.
(1443)

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received by the undersigned in his Office, College of Engineering, Poona, upto 12 noon on 4th December, 1939, for the supply of the following articles to newly admitted Degree and Diploma students of the year 1940-41:—

	sets approx.
(1) Drawing instruments	150
(2) Workshop tools (Carpentry and Chipping)	Do.
(3) Boiler Suits.	Do.

Preference will be given to articles of Indian manufacture if the quality is satisfactory.

Tenders must specify in all cases whether the articles offered are of Indian manufacture or imported.

For details of articles and conditions of tender, application should be made to the Principal.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept any or the lowest tender.

W. X. MASCARENHAS,
Principal,
College of Engineering,
Poona.
Poona,
Dated
(1446)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

I. C. No. of 1939.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.
and
In the matter of the INDORE MALWA UNITED MILLS LTD. a joint stock Co., having its registered office at 139, Medows Street within the Fort of Bombay.

KANTILAL BHOGILAL of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Andheri in the Bombay Suburban District ..... Petitioner.

NOTICE IS GIVEN that a Petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 24th day of November, 1939, presented to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Blackwell by Kantilal Bhogilal the Petitioner abovenamed, a Creditor of the said Company and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble the Judge taking Company matters on the 18th day of December, 1939; And any Creditor or Contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose And a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned on the payment of regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 24th day of November 1939.

BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL.
Attorneys for the Petitioner.
Albert Building Hornby Road,
Fort, Bombay.
1451

Public Notices

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation, No. 9, Wallace Street, Fort, on FRIDAY, 15th December, 1939, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st May 1939.
II.—To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
III.—To elect a Director in place of Mr. J. F. Macdonell who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
IV.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

The Books of the Corporation are open for the inspection of the shareholders at the office of the Corporation between 12 and 4 p.m. (S. T.) in accordance with Section 108 of the Articles of Association.

Bombay, 24th November, 1939.
(1452)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2059 of 1937.

BEHRAMJI HORMUSJI GOVERNOR and others.
..... Plaintiffs.
Vs.
KHAIRUNISABAI alias FATMABAI, daughter of ALIMAHOMED FAZAL DAMA and Others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 6th April, 1939, the following immovable property, situate at Versova, Taluka South Salsette, Bombay Suburban District will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on TUESDAY, 28th November, 1939, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.)

ALL that piece of land together with the cocoanut trees or plants buildings standing thereon, together with a half share in a well admeasuring 1 acre, 15 1/4 gunthas and 2911 Square Yards, the Survey Nos. 56 and 82 Pot No. 1, Part Hissa No. 4.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. VACHHA & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1939.

(Sd.) E. R. KHAIRAZ.
Commissioner.
1437.

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J.

In the matter of RASIKLAL, son of Ganeshram, a minor and in the matter of a suit No. 1188 of 1939.

Messrs. NARANDAS LAHOTI, a firm ..... Petitioner.
To.
DALCHAND CHOTHMAL,
Uncle & natural guardian of the minor.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiffs in the above suit have applied to this Court to have yourself or some other fit and proper person appointed guardian for the suit of the said minor defendant and that the Prothonotary & Senior Master in his chambers will on the 13th day of December, 1939, at 12 noon proceed to appoint the said Dalchand Chothmal or some other fit and proper person guardian unless you appear and show good cause against such appointment or proper some more fit person.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1939.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master

Messrs. KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL
Attorneys for petitioners
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
1441

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1170 of 1939.

JYESHTHAMAL MORARJI KAMDAR, and Another ..... Plaintiffs.
Vs.
TARAMATI, widow ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree and Decretal Order of Reference to Commissioner of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, made in the above suit and bearing date the 20th day of September, 1939. Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the deceased Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar deceased, who died at Madanpali, District Chitoor, Madras Presidency, on or about the 22nd day of July, 1939, are hereby required to file affidavit of such claims in writing in the English language in my Office within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Affidavit of each claim must be accompanied by a Court-fee Stamp of Rupees Two for filing the same. I hereby request all persons concerned to attend me at my Office on the 15th day of January, 1940, at 1 p.m. (S.T.) for adjudicating upon the said claims. In default of appearance the claims will be dealt with ex-parte.

Dated this 21st day of November, 1939.

G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Commissioner.
1443

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 559 of 1939.

TALLOCKCHAND SHESHMAL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kandewadi, a Shroff, carrying on business at Kandewadi in the name of Tallokchand Sheshmal and Co ..... Plaintiff.
Vs.
HORMUSJI DADABHOY BODE, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, residing at Churchgate within the Fort of Bombay. ... Defendant.
To,
The Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that Plaintiff has filed against you the above Suit as a short cause for the recovery of the sums of Rs. 2,000/- with interest at 6 per cent per annum from 18th April, 1936; Rs. 2,500/- with interest at 2 per cent per mensem from 23rd April 1936; Rs. 2,500/- with interest at 2 per cent per mensem from 10th July, 1936; Rs. 2,000/- with interest at the rate of 2 per cent per mensem from 12th July, 1936 and Rs. 2,000/- with interest at 2 per cent per mensem from 23rd January, 1937, till Judgment; costs of the Suit and interest on Judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment and for such further and other relief, as the case may require.

You are hereby summoned to appear in the High Court, Bombay, on 13th December, 1939 at 11 O'clock (S.T.) and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the Suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the Suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

WITNESS Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 21st day of April, 1939.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

TAHIR ALI.
For Prothonotary & Senior Master

Messrs. PATHARE & LILADHAR,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
1450.

Auction Sales

BANKER & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 11-30 a.m. to 4 p.m. (S.T.) at 57, Medows Street, Fort, of complete Bungalow furniture, Cottage Piano, Singer Machine, H.M.V. Gramophone, Cabinets, Chubb, Austrian & Phillips safes, Wardrobes, Chesterfield sets, etc.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That RANTANSI DAMJI, of Bombay has contracted to sell to our clients Deoji Narandas and another the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us in our office at Thana, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered to be waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece and parcel of Gowthan Land situate partly in the village of Kirol, square yards 679 and partly in the village of Ghatkopar, square yards 422 in Taluka South Salsette, Zilla Bombay Suburban in the Registration Sub-District of Kurla and containing admeasurement 1101 square yards or thereabouts together with a Bungalow and outhouses standing thereon bearing Municipal Nos. 51 and 52 and is bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Sha Manekji Padamsey, on or towards the West by the Chembur Road, on or towards the North by the property of Chaturbhuj Jeevandas and on or towards the South by the property of Bechardas Bhotbhai and which piece of land is delineated on the plan annexed to the Conveyance dated 29th Day of March, 1923. (By Vithaldas Dayaldas to Ratansey Damji).

Dated this 24th day of November 1939.

V. G. KARMARKAR.
Pleader for the Purchasers.
1447

HIGH COURT

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1619 of 1936.

LAXMIBAI ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
GANGAMMA and others.
..... Defendants.

Separate offers are invited by the Court Receiver High Court, Bombay from intending purchasers of

1 (a) Welcome Hindu Hotel (Boarding and Lodging House) at Frere Road, Bombay with the furniture, utensils and other articles appertaining to the said Hotel at present lying at the premises including goodwill of the said business.
or
1 (b) The furniture, utensils and other articles appertaining to the said Hotel
or
1 (c) The goodwill alone of the said Hotel carried on under the above name.
2 (a) The Welcome Hindu Restaurant at Medows Street, Cama Chambers, with all furniture and other articles appertaining to the above business at present lying at the above premises and the goodwill of the said business
or
2 (b) The goodwill alone of the said Restaurant carried on in the above name
or
2 (c) The furniture, utensils and other articles appertaining to the said Restaurant and lying at the premises.

The said offers should reach the Court Receiver, High Court Bombay on or before the 27th instant.

For further particulars (if any required) apply to the Court Receiver, at his office at Maneckjee Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

B. K. DESAI,
Court Receiver.
1400.

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Chawpatty Sea Face, Near Italian Restaurant of complete House-hold furniture, Chubb safe, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington Typewriter, Chesterfield sets, Steel cabinet, Wardrobes, Harmoniums, Drawing room cabinets, etc.

Auction Sales

SALE OF VALUABLE PIECE OF GOVERNMENT LEASEHOLD LAND admeasuring about 6771 Sq. Yads. at Sitafal Wadi, Mount Road, Mazagaon being portion of the piece of land bearing Collector's Old No. 97, New No. 16331, Old Survey No. 688, New Survey No. 3657 and Cadastral Survey No. 543, 544, 546, 1|546, 1A and 1B|546, 2|546, 2A|546, 3|546, 4|546, 5|546 and 6|546 Mazagaon Division with the dwelling houses and structures thereon (other than those belonging to the Lessees of portion of the said land).

Sale on TUESDAY, the 12th December, 1939, at 4-30 p.m. at the premises of the property: under instructions from Bai Dinbai C. Sethna, the First Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Tribhowandas Pragji and his son Dilipsingh Tribhowandas the mortgagors and in pursuance of the provisions of the Consent Decree made in Suit No. 848 of 1938 (Dinbai C. Sethna vs. Tribhowandas Pragji and Ors.) dated the 12th October, 1939.

Full particulars and conditions of sale from Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, or from the undersigned

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, BOMBAY.

GANDHI & CO.

Government Auctioneers

AUCTION SALE OF 4 CASES WOOLLEN PIECEGOODS

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Lam & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs in High Court Suit No. 375 of 1939 (Messrs. Patell Kapadia & Co., v/s H. M. Ismail & Co.) and in pursuance of the Decree passed by the said Court on 14th November 1939, sell by Public Auction, on Tuesday the 28th day of November 1939 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72 Medows Street Fort, 4 Cases woollen cloth including:—

One case English Fancy Worsted (Radium Brand) No. 2109, Case No. 2, containing 8 pieces 52" wide 34 to 36 1/4 Yds. assorted colours.

One case English all Wool faced cloth, Radium Brand of best quality, No. 2687, Case No. 4, containing 12 pieces, 52" wide 21 to 25 3/4 Yds. assorted colours.

One case all Wool faced cloth, Radium Brand, best quality, No. 3076, Case No. 3, containing 12 pieces 52" wide, 20 to 24 Yds. assorted colours.

One Case of all Wool Blazer cloth, Radium Brand, No. 3105, Case No. 1 containing 8 pieces 52" wide, 33 to 35 Yds. one colour only.

TERMS:—25 per cent deposit.

GANDHI & Co.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF KNITTING MACHINES.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., under instructions from the party concerned, will on Wednesday the 29th November, 1939 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by public auction in their Rooms.

8 Grismold circular hand knitting Machines by J. N. Berridge & Co., Leicester, England. 3 3/4" diameter from 120 to 160 needles. Built with steel cylinders and steel dials. 4 x 120 Needles. 2x132 Needles. 2x160 Needles.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT GREEN STREET, FORT.

Under instructions from Messrs. S. F. B. Tyabji & Co. attorneys for The United Engineering & Building Co. Ltd., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Ratanlal Hiralal the Mortgagor and in pursuance of the power in Indentures of Mortgage dated the 28th December, 1936, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will on THURSDAY, the 14th December, 1939 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) sell by public auction on the premises the following:

All that piece of free hold land admeasuring about 280 sq. yds. and courtyard about 33 sq. yds. with buildings on it situate at Green Street, Fort and bearing New Survey No. 9315, Cadastral Survey No. 217 Fort division and Municipality A Ward No. 1077 St. No. 14/15/16 and bounded on the East by the property of His Highness the Aga Khan, on the West by private passage and the property of Bai Mariambai widow of Haji Ismail Chotani, on the North by the property of Lukmanji Sulemanji and on the South by Green Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. S. F. B Tyabji & Co. Solicitors or the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

You feel clean and Fresh for the day long with the morning use of Tearose Toilet. Day in and Day out more people are acquiring the Tearose habit, because they find that Tearose Toilet Soap is a thorough cleanser which is exquisitely perfumed, weighs one and half times the average toilet soap and is most moderately priced.

Each cake weighs 12 tolas. For that well-groomed personality always use the TEAROSE HAIR OIL.

TEAROSE SOAP AND HAIR OIL

BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY, BOMBAY 3.

DEAFNESS

Partial or total—Complicated with head noises and other troubles cured radically and permanently in four weeks. Complete satisfaction guaranteed. Particulars on request. KAMALA WORKS (B. C.), PANCHPOTA, BENGAL.

Bombay Depot: MANGALDAS MARKET.

N. Y. K. LINE

TRANS-PACIFIC SAILINGS 1939.

From Hongkong to San Francisco and Los Angeles via Shanghai, Japan and Honolulu

Vessels.	Leaving Hongkong	Leaving Yokohama
Heiyo Maru	29 Nov.	2 Dec.
Asama Maru	6 Dec.	14 Dec.
Tatuta Maru	20 Dec.	28 Dec.
Yasukuni Maru	.....	12 Jan.
Kamakura Maru	.....	25 Jan.
Asama Maru	14 Feb.	22 Feb.
Tatuta Maru	28 Feb.	7 Mar.

Other Passenger Services are: Bombay-Japan via ports (Monthly) Colombo-Japan via ports (Fortnightly) Japan Seattle via Vancouver (Fortnight) Japan-Australia via Hongkong, Japan south America (West Coast) and China Japan Rapid Express (every 2, 3 days), and Colombo to Europe via Suez.

Passage rates from Bombay and Colombo to the Far East, and America and also from Colombo to Europe via Suez will be quoted on application to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA
United India Bldg., Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
Phone No. 22041. Telegrams "NIPPON"

On The Air

SATURDAY, 25TH NOV.

Delhi I—Programme

332.5 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament, commentary by Talyarkhan. 5-30 Rhythm Trio. 5-35 Gordhan Das. 5-40 Swing Session. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Fifty Years Ago, 4, sketch in Hindustani. 6-35 Asad Ali Khan. 6-50 Vilayat Khan. 7 For Villagers Only. 7-45 A Vichitra Veena recital. 8 Afzal Husain. 8-10 Anis Khatoon. 8-30 The Increasing Millions, 3, talk (relayed from Lahore). 8-45 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English, followed by relay of B B C news bulletin. 10 Bageshri. 10-30 Late news.

Delhi II—Programme

50.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

4 30 to 6-35 As in Delhi 1. 6-35 Vilayat Khan. 6-45 A Vichitra Veena recital. 7 Anis Khatoon. 7-15 Asad Ali Khan. 7-30 Afzal Husain. 7-45 Gordhan Das. 8 to 10 As in Delhi 1. 10 Preet ke Geet. 10-30 Late news.

Delhi III—Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

9-10 to 10-30 and 11-30 a.m. to 2 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-10 to 7 As in Delhi 2. 10 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. For the countryside. 7 Hans Raj Madan. 7-20 Dev Raj Manaktala. 7-30 Naseem Begam. 7-40 Peelu on the Clarionet. 7-45 Lachhman Das 8-5 Naseem Begam. 8-15 Hans Raj Madan. 8-30 The Increasing Millions, 3, talk. 8-45 Naseem Begam. 9-50 Liesl Stary, piano recital.

Bombay I & II Programme

344 metres (1,231 kc/s)

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 Indian music. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8 20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 to 10 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament commentary by Talyarkhan.

1 p.m. Indian music. 1-15 News in Hindustani. 1-18 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 1. 2 Bombay Pentangular commentary by Talyarkhan. 5-45 Indian music. 5-50 News in Marathi. 5-55 News in Gujarati. 6 News in English. 6 5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Indian music. 6-45 Now that I am Sixty, talk in Marathi. 7 to 7-30 As in Delhi 2. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Delhi 2. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 to 10-30 As in Delhi 2. 10-30 Late news.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-5 Learn to sing. 5-15 News in Tamil. 5 20 Tirupparkadai Srinivasa Iyengar, Violin. 6-5 For the Villages. 6-45 C. S. Ratnaswami Pillai. 7-15 Robots in Working Hours, talk. 7-50 Kadambam. 8-30 C. S. Ratnaswamy Pillai. 9-45 Shrimati D. Ramatilakam.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the Countryside. 5-40 News in Bengali. 5-45 For the Countryside (Contd.) 6-10 Rajeshwaribai. 6-50 Instrumental duet. 7 Tarunprova Sinha Roy. 7-15 Binoy Krishna Lahiri. 7-25 Pa-re and Re-pa. 8-5 The Doctor, 4. 8-20 Padmarani Chatterjee. 8 40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 Nina Vanessa, Soprano. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-45 Dance music.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.92 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Binode Behari Sreechandan. 9-50 For Oriya Listeners.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-10 Kaneez Khatoon. 6-23 Shrimati Maiti Joshi. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar, for rural areas. 7 Composers of the Past, 4. 7-15 Mujarrab Nuskha, play in Hindustani. 7-31 Kaneez Khatoon. 7 45 Surprise Item. 8 Three Men in a Boat, discussion. 8-15 Shrimati Maiti Joshi. 8-29 Qadir Bukhsh. 8-35 Kaneez Khatoon. 8-48 Shrimati Maiti Joshi. 9-45 Music. 9-50 Expanding Humanity, 3, talk. 10-5 Kaneez Khatoon. 10-11 Shrimati Maiti Joshi. 10-17 Kaneez Khatoon.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. For women Listeners (Eng.) 4-30 Favourite Waltzes. 5 Carnatic Orchestra. 5-10 News in Telugu. 5-15 News in Tamil. 5-20 Behatha Raja Rao, Veena. 6-5 Behatha Raja Rao, Veena. 6-45 Melakarta Raga Malika. 7 Looking Ahead, talk in Telugu. 7-15 Announcements. 7-20 News in Telugu. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 Selvarathnam Pillai. 9 Greater India, talk. 9-15 Announcements.

Madras II—Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 to 6-5 As in Madras 1. 6-5 For Rural Areas Only. 6-15 Sugar from Toddy, dialogue in Telugu. 6-25 Maternal Duties, talk in Telugu. 6-35 Jiddu Venkatrao, voice. 6-40 Kosta Vintalu. humorous skit. 6 45 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Personal. 10 Under Your Hat. 10-14 Evening Melodies.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	H. M.	H. M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 40	20 10
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express.) ..	6 15	22 30
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	9 10	17 40
Madras Express	10 15	14 25
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 35	17 20
Nagpur Express	15 0	20 55
Poona Fast Pass	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	21 0	6 15
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) ..		17 15
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 35	

(N.B.—Deccan Queen as regular week-end service is discontinued upto 30-4-1940, but it will be run only before and after important holidays.) 5 40

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	7 25	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21 30
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon).	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat ..	9 48	15 [illegible]
The Flying Ranee Surat ..	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawr Express	18 45	8 45

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday. this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only for London)	8-40

Liverpool Cotton Market Nervous And Erratic

SHARP REACTION ON HEAVY REALISING

Early Advance On Trade And Speculative Buying

Bombay, Nov 24

All American cotton markets remained closed on Thursday, but the Liverpool cotton market was nervous and erratic with wide fluctuations in prices. It may be said that with the change in the American Neutrality Act, there continues acute shortage of freight and imports of American cotton in Liverpool have considerably decreased with the result that prices registered sharp advance. There was active speculative support and with short covering and trade calling prices reached new high levels but the technical situation of the market weakened and needed urgent readjustment which took place on Thursday to some extent.

There was active trade calling and fairly large speculative buying at the opening of the market and January delivery after opening at a rise of 9 points at 7.28 advanced further by 4 points at 7.29 which was the highest level. Later on there was extensive realising and hedging. Prices reacted sharply on profit-taking after previous day's advance. There was Bombay long liquidation and stoploss orders were caught and prices declined 29 points from the highest level and January was quoted 7.00 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 15 to 20 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 14 points at 7.67d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market also ruled easy in sympathy with weakness in American section. Uppers futures declined 20 to 23 points with Spot cotton 9 points up at 8.23. Giza futures closed 25 to 19 points lower. The Alexandria cotton market was strong with extensive buying and Sakels futures rose 65 to 85 points and Ashmouni futures gained 39 to 31 points.

The decline in American cotton futures seems purely a natural reaction. The market was technically weak owing to extensive long interest. The weakness is likely to be temporary as there is scarcity of freight and unless large arrivals are assured we believe, upward move will be resumed.

PRIVATE CABLES—

Liverpool January highest ..... 7.29+13
Liverpool January lowest ..... 7.00—16

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market declined on long liquidation and absence of buyers at higher level.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

	Liverpool, Nov 25
November	7.08—15
December	7.03—15
January	7.01—16
February	6.97—15
March	6.93—17
April	6.89—17
May	6.85—18
June	6.81—19
July	6.78—19
August	6.72—19
September	6.66—20
October	6.61—20
November	6.58—20
January	6.56—20
March	6.54—20
May	6.52—20
July	6.50—20
Middling Spot	7.67+14
	11-13 a.m. quotations
January	7.20
Mrch	7.15

Note: New York and New Orleans Cotton was closed on November 23 (Thursday).

MORE ABOUT WAR AIMS

(Continued from Edit page.)

body "authorised to take decisions which can be immediately operative" and for this purpose, Anglo-French "wartime controls" should be so planned that they can easily be "adapted later on to the requirements of a Federal Europe."

★

Mr. Cole also thinks that the ideal settlement in Germany would be a "people's revolution led by much the same elements as controlled the Weimer Republic"—i.e., the capitalist class—and that this regime would be most likely to enter whole-heartedly into the Federal system. There, says Mr. Cole, the Germans' "remarkable capacity for organisation" would find tremendous opportunities. One of the chief attractions in these three statements of war aim is the proposal for a share for everybody in a kind of super-imperialist management for the colonies. The "Times" writer suggests the organisation of international technical and economic services for the colonies. With plenty of emotional sentiments about trusteeship for the backward peoples, Sir Walter Layton says that the administration of colonies should be made "responsible to an international authority"—in which Germany, if she were good, could take an appropriate part. Mr. Cole dwells at length on this subject, with even more high-sounding phrases about trustees for the colonial peoples, fostering self-government, developing health and economic services, etc. But the essence of his proposal is an international body to administer the non-self-governing colonies, with Africa ("divided perhaps into three or four suitable regions") administered by an international civil service. There is also another cynical proposal, a suggestion that the various Empires would agree to pool their valuable sources of slave labour and cheep raw material, which would be more acceptable to the colonial peoples than being squeezed by one master.

★

Signor Madariaga, who in the early part of the Spanish war, represented the Republican Government of Geneva, in a letter to the "Times" on the issue of war and peace aims, says that the League of Nations failed because there was not enough faith for so big a church. The tragedy will be repeated if we are offered no better remedy for this than a mere change of name from "League" to "Federation." The Spanish statesman wants a short, pithy set of beliefs and acts of faith, written in the simplest and nearest of languages which every man and woman can understand and retain by heart, which every school, law court, Parliament House, and town hall can display on its walls; these civic commandments to be the universally accepted code of behaviour for men and nation, the foundation of a kind of civic religion gradually to absorb the present local patriotisms without in any way destroying them. To this effect the civic commandments must cover and rule the relations between men, nations, and mankind so that the rights and duties of these three terms of the human equation are clearly set out. The whole to be conceived in an organic spirit i.e., with a full recognition of the fact that we are all limbs of each other—a fact which the religious minded and the economic minded will discover to be perhaps their only meeting ground. This organic conception will not only make of men the limbs of nations and of nations the limbs of mankind, but will also lead people to realise that the whole—whether nation or mankind—is present in every one of its parts, so that mankind has no right to oppress any one nation nor any one nation to oppress any one of its citizens. "Unless such a set of beliefs is asserted and put before the world as the creed of a new era, and unless this creed becomes a living thing within the breast of at least a powerful and influential minority of human beings," emphasises Signor Madariaga, "no amount of machinery, federal or otherwise, will save us from the next war, which we shall then richly deserve."

★

Advocating that the British Government should immediately make known tto the world the terms on which it is prepared to make peace, Sir Charles Trevelyan, President of the Board of Education in the Labour Government, suggests that Britain should declare its readiness to conclude an armistice if such terms are accepted as part of the basis of discussion. It should propose to submit those terms to a world conference, which must include the United States, Soviet Russia, Italy and Scandinavia, as well as the belligerent nations. The terms of peace should include:—(1) The restoration of freedom to the Poles, Czechs, Austrians and Albanians; (2) The establishment of an international Union, to which all nations should be required to surrender their sovereign right to make war, which should have full powers to arbitrate between nations and to resist an aggressor nation by economic penalties or by force; (3) Disarmament of all countries by equal stages under the international authority. All private production of armaments to become illegal; all military air force to be abolished, and all air services to be internationalised on the signature of peace; (4) A new world colonial policy providing for (a) The peoples now subject to imperial exploitation to be either given their independence or placed under the international authority, (b) A definite date to be given now for the beginning of self-government for India, and (c) The raw materials of the world to be freely available for the trade of all nations.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 24.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 89/8
3 1/2 per cent G. F. Notes (Cash) 87-14
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 90-4
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100/10
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 84-4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 99
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103
4 per cent 1960/70 100-12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 105/14
5 per cent 1940-43 Loan 102

TAXFREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 110-2
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore Loan 103/1
5 per cent 1955 Mysore Loan 114

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 95-8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 95
6 per cent M Deb 1959 105
6 per cent M Deb 1954 115/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 115/8
Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 24

Last night cotton prices registered a sharp drop on extensive Calcutta selling and about one lac of bales were liquidated and Broach cotton declined to Rs. 244. It is said that there exists a large option interest for 21st December but option sellers are likely to act as a buffer and will not allow any drastic fall. On the contrary heavy liquidation is bound to improve the technical situation of the market and we do not think it safe to follow the decline as there is nothing in the situation to change the outlook of cotton prices. However, it must not be forgotten that prices advanced by leaps and bounds and needed a reaction to maintain healthy state.

In sympathy with a decline of 15 points in Liverpool futures, the local market opened to-day at 8 a.m. at Rs. 245 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 249. Later on there was scattered realising and prices declined to Rs 245 but again rallied to Rs. 247. The market steadied at this level and with renewed buying prices again hardened to Rs. 249.

Later on there was increased buying and prices advanced to Rs. 250/8. There was scattered realising and prices again eased off to Rs. 248. Liverpool market opened at a decline of one point and in the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 247/8. Quotations at 5 p.m. were as under:—

F. G. M. G. Broach:—				
April/May	Rs.	247	8	0
Fine M. G. Oomra:—				
Dec/January		229	8	0
March		230	8	0
F. G. M. G. Bengal:—				
Dec/January		186	0	0
March		188	4	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Nov 24

	Snp	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P	195	192	189	186
M G Punjab	195	192	189	186

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov 24

Bengal Fine 192-93 November +4 December +2 1/2

Punjab Fine 195-96 November +4 1/2 December +4

C P 1 247-49 November +17 December +14
C P 2 241-42 November +12 December +8
Rerar 237-39 November +8 December +4
Khandesh 227-29
Jalna Sailu 230 32
Ahmednagar 228-29
Broach February +4 1/2
Punjab 4 F December +18/20
Punjab 289 F December +55/58
Sindh N T 289-91 December +41/42

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, Nov 23

Sakel January	17.10+55
Sakel March	16.97+55
Giza January	15.08+30
Giza March	15.28+38
Ashmouni December	13.60+39
Ashmouni February	13.71+31

COTTON PARITY

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCE

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 127 pts.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpol, Nov 23

Uppers: Spot 8.23+9; November 7.73—22; January 7.78—22; March 7.82—20; May 7.85—20; July 7.86—21; October 7.77—23.

Giza: Spot 8.52+1; November 8.09—25; January 8.29—19; March 8.40—19; May 846—19; July 8.53—19; October 8.47—19.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Nov 24

E C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Two months.
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 To end Feby.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 One month
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 9/32 Two months.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 334
Bank's buying T T 326
Bank's buying D D 327

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1295
Bank's buying T T 1340

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 31 1/8
Bank's buying T T 30 1/8
Bank's buying 60 days 79 1/8

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/8

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 84 7/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84 1/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 31 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D .....

CROSS RATE—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 24th inst.
Shanghai London 0/5 1/3 24th inst.
Japan London 1/2 7/16 24th inst.
Java London 7.46/56 24th inst.
New York London closed 23rd inst.
London New York 4.02/4 23rd inst.
London Paris 176/7 23rd inst.
London Italy 76.75 23rd inst.
London Belgium 24.05/30 23rd inst.
London Switzerland 17.80/95 23rd inst.
London Stockholm 16.70/90 23rd inst.
London Amsterdam 7.52/68 23rd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold £8-8-0 22nd inst.
Gold £8-8-0 23rd inst.
Silver London Ready 23 1/2 22nd inst.
Silver London Ready 23 1/2 23rd inst.
Silver London Forward 23 5/8 22nd inst.
Silver London Forward 23 5/8 23rd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 22nd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 23rd inst.
London discounts 3 months 1 1/4 per cent 22nd inst.
London discounts 3 months 1 1/4 per cent 23rd inst.
London discounts 6 months 1 5/8 per cent 22nd inst.
London discounts 6 months 1 5/8 per cent 23rd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 3/4 per cent
3 months 1 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone: Easier.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Nov 24

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:

Ready (small grain)	Rs.	19	2 0
Ready (large grain)		19	4 0
Shipment November F B H		10	6 0
Shipment December F B H		10	10 0
Shipment January March F B H		11	0 0
Indian sugars ready		13	12 0

Tone: Steady.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov 23

Broach A/M highest 259 1/2 lowest 253 1/2 closing at 5 p.m. 253 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 240 lowest 235 1/2 closing at 5 p.m. 235 1/2

Oomra March highest 240 lowest 236 closing at 236 1/2

Bengal D/J highest 200 lowest 194 1/2 closing at 5 p.m. 194 1/2

Bengal March highest 200 lowest 194 3/4 closing at 5 p.m. 194 3/4

Night session: Broach A/M opened Rs. 248 1/4 highest Rs. 248 1/4 lowest Rs. 245 1/4 closed Rs. 246 1/8.

Scattered Long Liquidation In Shares

MARKET STEADY AT THE DECLINE

Good Enquiry For Cements

Bombay, Nov 24

The local market was quiet to-day with scattered realising influenced by weakness in cotton market where heavy realising resulted in a sharp reaction.

Thus the quiet tone of the share bazar was purely sympathetic and there is no change in the fundamental situation.

As long as war continues in Europe, the main trend of values will be upward with occasional setbacks. During the last world war we had wild markets during later years while to-day the situation is different and from the beginning prices are hardening. But with continuance of the war, there will be increased prosperity in this country and with improved purchasing power, our industries will be able to give a better account. It must also be noted that at higher levels fluctuations are also very wide and those who overspeculate often become nervous and find them in a wrong box. They buy at a time when it is advisable to liquidate and vice versa. It is this weakness of operators often result in rapid and undue fluctuations. Thus it will be advisable to buy only on weak spots.

Yesterday American markets were closed and London Stock Exchange was fairly steady.

The local market opened quiet and after scattered liquidation prices ruled steady on moderate support. Anticipations of satisfactory dividend, attracted good enquiry for Cement shares and prices improved. These shares remained neglected during the recent general improvement. Cotton Mills shares with decline in raw cotton did not find much support but the tone of the market was quietly steady.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1035 and after advancing to Rs. 1047 closed at Rs. 1045. Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 335 and after declining to Rs. 326 rallied to Rs. 336. Central Indias closed at Rs. 340 and Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 379 while New Great closed at Rs. 353.

Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 135/4 and advanced to Rs 138/8. Hydro Electric shares fairly steady and Tata Powers closed at Rs. 1335.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1950 and declined to Rs. 1940. There was scattered buying and prices advanced to Rs. 1955. At this level there was increased selling and prices declined to Rs. 1937 but with renewed support prices rose to Rs. 1970. Ordinary shares after declining to Rs. 395 improved to Rs. 251. Bellapur Shares very steady and closed at Rs. 250 while Bombay Steamer after opening at Rs. 332 improved to Rs. 340. Bombay Burmas closed at Rs.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Nov. 24.

100	Ahd. Advance	367	8
250	BOM. RYEING ...	1,045	0
100	CENTURY ...	336	0
100	CENTRAL INDIA ...	340	0
100	COLABA	201	0
250	David	60	0
100	Coorla ...	110	0
250	Dawn ...	325	0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0-12-0	
100	Finlay ...	175	0
100	GOKAK	219	0
1000	Hindustan	1900	0
100	Indore	65	0
100	Khatau XD.	130	0
100	KOHINOOR	379	0
250	Laxmi	540	0
250	Macras United	425	0
100	MORARJI	152	0
250	Model	76	0
50	MYSORE ...	102	0
200	NEW GREAT	353	0
100	Oosmanshahi	51	0
100	PHONIX	290	0
25	Sasseon Silk	81	8
1000	Sholapur	3600	0
50	SIMPLEX	196	0
100	SWADESHI	318	0
100	SWAN	170	0
500	Vishnu	1,260	0
500	Western	915	0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	97	0
25-100	Central	32	12
500	Imperial	1436	4
125-500	Imp. Conty.	355	0
50-100	India	132	0
100	Reserve Bank	102	0
5	Union	5	8

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	138	8

INSURANCE

100	Empire	620	0
15-100	Jupiter	9	10
20	Mercantile	50	8
15-75	New India	39	12
200	Oriental	3850	0
15-50	Vulcan	6-14	

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed. Old	142	8
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY ...	1,480	0
10	Ajmer	10	8
50	BOMBAY TRAM	126	8
100	Bombay Suburban	165	0
10	Broach	10	14
100	Karachi	191	4
100	Poona	183	8
100	Surat	152	8
100	TATA HYDRO	153	8
1000	TATA POWERS	1335	0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	365	0
100	C. Province	97	4
100	Dh. Baramati	93	0
100	Gujarat	97	0
100	Mandra Bhon	92	4
100	Pachora Jamner	73	0
100	Sara Serajganj	97	0
500	Tapti Valley	700	0

MININGS

1	Burma Corp.	7	8
2sh.	Indian Copper	2-11	
10	Indian Iron and Steel	39	14
10	SHIVRAJPUR	51	8
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	1,870	0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	391	0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	572	8
10	Air Services	6	0
30	BELAPUR SUGAR	250	0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	581	4
250	BOMBAY STEAM	340	0
125	B. BURMA	801	4
50	B. BURMA CONTY.	197	8
2sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5-10-6	
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE ...	82	8
100	IND. BLEACHING	139	0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	50	0
100	Ind. Rado Def.	400	0
100	I. Radio Ord.	405	0
30	Port Canning	72	12
30	PREMIER CON	84	0
15	Scindia	26	8
25	Tata Oil Mill	49	0
100	Western I. Match	140	0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andra Valley...	1,927	8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	292	8
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.) ...	73	4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.) ...	550	0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	106	8
6	1/4 p. c. Prem. Const. 2nd	99	8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	140	0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1430	0
8	p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	190	0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	133	4
7	p.c. Vishnu	675	0

DEBENTURES

3	3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	100	0
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	102	12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	48	12
7	p.c. Sholapur	75	0
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	103	2

(Capital letters indicate shares ex Forward list).

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 23

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£62	1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	69	1/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	81	
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	68	1/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	92	3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	92	1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	106	1/2
Victory bonds	105	1/2
Chartered Bank of I A and China	3	
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	85	
National Bank of India	28	1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 23

T T London on: New York 4.02/4.04; Paris 176/177; Madrid 38.30; Montreal 4.43/4.47; Amsterdam 7.52/7.58; Brussels 24.06/24.30; Milan 76.75; Berne 17.80/17.95; Copenhagen 20.06; Stockholm 16.70/16.90; Oslo 17.80/17.70.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Nov 24

Bombay Dyeing (1055) 1035 1047 1040 1046
Century (340) 335 326 338 335 336
Central India (348) 336 329 344 338 340
Kohinoor (385) 375 374 384 379
New Great (361) 352 347 358 353
Simplex (120) 114 116 118 118
Swadeshi (325/8) 318 312 321 317 318
Associated Cement (137/4) 135/4 139 137 139 138/5
Andhra (1480) 1460
Tram Ord (126) 127 126/8
Tata Hydro (155) 154 153/8
Tata Power (1342/8) 1330 1322 1340 1326 1336
T Steel Defd. (1980) 1950 1940 1965 1937 1960 1970
T Steel Ord (394) 390 386 389 387 391
Tata steel 2nd Pref (133) 133/4
Bellapur (247) 244 245 248 246 250
B Steam (344) 332 330 339 338 340
B Burma (811) 807 805 802 800 801

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Nov 24

Yesterday, London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. London Paris Exchange rate was 176 to 177 and Dollar Sterling Cross rate was 4.02 to 4.04. American markets were closed.

London silver prices were unchanged at 23 1/2d. and 23 5/8d. for Spot and forward respectively. There was small business and the market was quietly steady. Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. in their weekly review write: 'Prices recovered from the slight setback shown at the last week-end. The Bombay market displayed a firmer tone influenced by the advance in cotton and this was followed by Indian Bazar buying for prompt delivery in Bombay; together with a little forward enquiry. Requirements were met by sales of Indian Government silver. There has also been small speculative business both ways. The local market was quiet to-day with decline in commodity prices. There was scattered realising in silver but the tone was very steady.

	GOLD	SILVER
Ready ..... Rs.	41 13 6	61 11 0
Karak delivery	41 14 0	61 12 0
Magsar delivery	41 15 0	62 1 0
Magsar Tejimandi	0 11 6	3 4 0

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 23

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 5/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 23

Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Nov 24

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 86/14; 4 per cent 1960/70 100/8; 5 per cent 1945/55 109/8

BANKS

Baro

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON FIVE POINTS UP

Recovery In Broach On Fresh Buying Support

STOCK EXCHANGE FIRM AND FAIRLY ACTIVE

Good Enquiry In Commodities

BOMBAY: NOV. 24.

THE NEW YORK COTTON WAS SLIGHTLY LOWER OWING TO DISAPPOINTING OUTSIDE MARKETS, WHICH INDUCED SCATTERED LOCAL AND WALL STREET LIQUIDATION. FURTHER SUPPORT WAS LACKING.

THE SENTIMENT IN BROACH DEVELOPED BETTER TONE ON ACTIVE LOCAL BUYING AND MILL SUPPORT. THE MARKET IMPROVED TO RS. 254, BUT CLOSED STEADY AT RS. 252.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE SHOWED BETTER ACTIVITY ON IMPROVED ENQUIRY. 3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN GAINED 10 SHILLINGS.

IN THE LOCAL SILVER MARKET RATES IMPROVED ON SCATTERED BUYING INFLUENCED BY THE STRENGTH OF OTHER COMMODITIES.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK

COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1939

New York: November 24.

Previous closing	9.68
To-day's opening	9.65
Difference	—3
To-day's closing	9.73
Difference	—+5

LIVERPOOR COTTON

JANUARY 1940.

Liverpool: November 24.

Previous closing	7.01
To-day's opening	7.00
Difference	—1
To-day's closing	7.10
Difference	+9

Broach April/May Expectation .... Rs. 253.

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York: November 24.

The New York cotton showed slightly easier tendency following disappointing outside markets which induced local and Wall Street selling, while the buying power was also lacking.

The trading in December began at 9.65, i.e. 3 points lower than the last closing prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered local selling, while later further liquidation appeared with December falling back to 9.62.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: November 24.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

December (Closed) 9.65/9.65
March (Closed) 9.46/9.44
May (Closed) 9.22/9.22

Liverpool Cotton

London: November 24.

American January (7.20) 7.09
American March (7.13) 7.03
Giza January (8.41) 8.39
Giza March (8.52) 8.50

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay: November 24.

After opening at Rs. 246 Broach April/May sharply advanced to Rs. 254 and closed steady at Rs. 252.

LONDON COMMODITIES

METALS

London: November 24.

Tin (£230 quiet) £230 quoted.
Glasgow Iron (111 sh.) 111 sh

SEEDS

Castorseeds Nov/Decr. (£18 nominal) £18 1/2 nominal.
Linseeds Calcutta November December (£16 3/4 quoted) £19 1/4 quoted.
Linseed La Plata November (£18 quoted) Unquoted.
Groundnuts Coromandal December (£14 1/2 quoted) £15 quoted.

RUBBER

Spot (11 1/2 paid and value) 11 5/8 paid and value.
Forward January/March (11 5/8 paid and value) 11 11/16 paid and value.

JUTES

Dundee December (£45 1/4) £45 1/4
Lightning December (£43 7/8) £43 7/8

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Good Enquiry In Plantings

Madras: November 24.

Good enquiry was in evidence in planting issues where business was transacted at hardening rates. Sugars were maintaining their strength. Mysore papers were, however, easier. Cotton mills were steady and among the miscellaneous issues Engineerings were quieter in sympathy with advices from other markets.

Transactions exchanged: Indian Bank Rs. 21/4, 21/12; Reserve Bank 102; Buckingham and Carnatic Ordy 214, 214/4, 215, 216, 217; B I Corporation Ordy 5/2; Lakshmis 40; Maduras 33; Mysore Spuns 6/9; Kalpettas 18; Dec 17/8, 17/10; Chembra Peaks 2/13/6, 2/14, 2/15, 2/15/6, 3; Tropicals 15/4; Thirumbadi Stock 1/7, 1/8; Cochin Malabars 5/6, 5/8; Travancore Rubbers 5/2; Midlands 4/8, 4/9; Rajagiris 4/8, 4/9; Coorgs 24/4, 24/8; Vellore Electrics 9/3; Nellore Electrics Pref. 11/4; Madras Telephone 15/15; Rangoon Telephone 12/8; Mysore Sugars 40/3, 40/9, 41, 41/2, 41/4; Deccan Sugars Ordy 182; Travancore Sugars 11/4, 11/6; E I D Sugars Ordy sh. 21/3; Pref sh. 22; Mysore Paper 12, 12/2, 12/4; Mysore Chemicals 9/14, 10/2; Indian Copper 2/11, 2/11/6, 2/12, 2/12/6, 2/13; Indian Steel Rolling Ordy 7/14; 7/15; 8/2, 8/4

Prices Of Commodities

The following is a statement of local prevailing prices of the following articles in Bombay on 22nd Nov. 1939:—

	Rs.as.ps.
Rice (Jira Sal) per Phara of 16 Paylis	8/0/0
Jowar per Payli	0/5/0
	0/5/6
Bajri per Payli	0/6/0
Sugar (Java) per 28 lbs.	4/14/0
Sugar Country soft per 28 lbs.	5/8/0
Salt per Payli	0/3/3
Groundnut oil per lb.	0/2/6
Cocoanut oil per lb.	0/3/0
Til oil per lb.	0/3/0
Kerosene oil Elephant Brand per tin	3/6/0
Matches per doz.	0/3/0
Charcoal per 28 lbs.	0/9/0
Fuel Jungli per 28 lbs.	0/5/0
Asperin per ounce	0/8/0
Quinine Powder per lb.	38/0/0
Quinine Bottle of 100 pills of 2 grains	1/4/0
Castor oil Swastik per lb	0/13/0
Mag Sulphate per lb.	0/2/0
Soda Bicarb per lb.	0/3/0
Insulin 10 cc.	2/0/0
Insulin 5cc.	1/6/0
Eucalyptus oil per lb.	1/4/0
Iodine per lb.	7/10/0
Barium Sulphate per lb	11/0

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: November 24.

Previous closing	3.90 1/4
To-day's opening	3.91

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: November 24.

Previous closing	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's opening	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's closing	4.02 to 4.04

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: November 24.

Previous closing	176 to 177
To-day's opening	176 to 177
To-day's closing	176 to 177

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: November 24.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 to 4.04 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 176 to 177.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1.6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (13.33 3/4) 13.33 3/4
New York on Bombay (30.20) 30.20
London on Milan (76.75) 76.75
London on Shanghai (0-5 buyers, 0-3 1/2 sellers) 0-5 buyers, 0-5 1/4 sellers.
London on Kobe (1-2 7/16 buyers, 1-2 17/32 sellers) 1-2 7/16 buyers, 1-2 17/32 sellers.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/4 to 1 5/16 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 5/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver 23 7/16d.
Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay: November 24.

The following cable regarding London silver market was received here to-day:

Speculators sold. Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London: November 24.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 7/16d —1/16
Forward (23 5/8d) 23 9/16d —1/16

LONDON GOLD

London: November 24.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

BOMBAY BULLION
Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: November 24.

SILVER

Silver ready	61	12	0
Silver Kariak	61	15	0
Silver Magsar	58	5	0

GOLD

Gold ready	41	14	6
Gold Kariak	41	15	0
Gold Magsar	41	15	0
Sovereign	26	12	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: November 24.

Wheat January	4	6	6
Wheat May	4	12	0
Linseed May	8	10	6
Groundnuts February	45	14	0
Castorseeds May	89	4	0
Cottonseeds January	28	8	6

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay, Nov 24

120 tons old scrap iron G Abdulhusein and Co; 200 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 500 bales raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 300 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 700 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha; 500 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 400 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 64 bags gum N Muljee and Co; 24 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 30 bales ctn grey yarn A El Ejel; 116 bales raw cotton N Futehally and Co.

IMPORTS

33 rolls cotton tyre fabrics; 2400 bags nitrate of soda; 400 bales old newspapers; 30 cases glue; 113 pkgs pottery insulators and accessories; 7012 tons coal; 107 cases antiphlogistine; 39 pkgs power pumps and repairings; 1116 bags cocoanuts; 73 bags copra; 361 pkgs auto and auto truck parts; 203 cases playing cards; 31348 bags sugar; 32 ctns iron toys; 80 ctns end. beed; 64 ctns soup in tins; 30 ctns ketchup in glass; 110 bundles coir fibre; 100 bags black pepper; 206 coils coir rope; 485 bundles coir yarn; 272 bags groundnuts; 94 logs matchwood; 2090 bags dry dates; 19560 baskets wet dates; 1240 bales cotton; 120 bags almond kernals; 45 bales ctn piecegoods; 145 bags cumminseed; 197 bags poppyseed; 482 bundles kishmish; 1008 pkgs scantlings; 68 bags raisins; 45 bundles khasta; 66 bundles

3½ P. C. STERLING LOAN

London: November 24

3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan closed today at £81 1/2.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: November 24.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 54 1/4) dol 54 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 32 3/4) dol 32 1/8.
U S Steel Common New Stock (dol 69 3/4) dol 69 1/2.
U S Steel Preference (Unquoted) dol 117.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London: November 24.

5 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/4) £92 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£81) £81 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£102-3/4) £102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£103 1/2) £103 3/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£99 1/4) £99 1/4
5 per cent Indian Stock 1942/47 (£103) £103
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954/59 (£93-1/2) £93 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£104 3/8) £104 3/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£68 1/4) £68
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£92 3/4) £92 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/2) £102 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£105 1/2) £105-3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£92 1/4) £92
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£105 1/2) £105 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-0) 11-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (53 0) 53-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/4) dol 3 1/2
Elec. Music Industry (7-6) 7-3
Princhin Johnson (20-9) 20-9
Imperial Chemical (30-7 1/2) 30-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary (62-3) 62-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£25) £26 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27-3) 27-4 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (31-1 1/2) 30-9
Ford Motors (14-3) 14-3
Cables and Wireless. New Ordinary (£53) £53
British American Tobacco Ordinary (95-0) 94-4 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£6 1/8) £6 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (118 9) 120
P and O Def. (23-1 1/2) 23 1 1/2
Distillers (67-6) 67-3
Bredfords Dye (4-6) 4-7 1/2

BOMBAY DYEING FIRM

Sequel To Sale Of Cloth At Higher Rate

Bombay: November 24.

On reports that the Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Co. sold 6000 bales of standard Grey cloth on a basis of Rs. 0-10-5 per lb. the shares of the concern were quoted at Rs. 1070 in private at 7 p.m. as compared to the official closing of Rs 1045.

British Celanese (6-10 1/2) 6-10 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (28 4 1/2) 29
Courtaulds Ordinary (32-0) 33-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-4 1/2) 4-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-1 1/2) 17-0
Inter Nickels (dol 48 1/2) dol 48 1/2
Indian Iron (58-9) 58-1 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam (17-6) 17-6
Donaro Tea (32-0) 32-6
Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTES

Barnagore (£11 3/4) £11 3/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber (28-9) 28-9
Gula Kelampong (20) 19-4 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (32-9) 32-10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (32-6) 33-9
Burma Corporation (10-9) 10 9
Rio Tintos (£13 1/2) £13 1/2
East Rand Properties (46-3) 46-3
Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown (£14) £14 1/8
Associated Portland Cement (66-3) 67-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (77-6) 77-6
Sub Nigel (£10) £10
Spring Mines Split Shares (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£6 5/8) £6 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Anglo-Persian (51-10 1/2) 51-3
Burma Oil (53-1 1/2) 51-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (7-1 1/2) 7
Shell Transport (52-6) 52-6
Royal Dutch (£33 3/4) £33 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£30 1/2) £30
London Midland Ordinary (£11 3/8) £12 3/8
London North-Eastern Def. (£2 1/4) £2 3/8
London Southern Def. (£10 1/2) £11 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£110) £111
London Transport 'C' (£65) £65

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Cottons Firm: Activity In Speculatives

Calcutta: November 24.

Jutes ruled practically at yesterday's levels and business was moderate. Coals were unchanged. Teas were not so much active. Cottons ruled decidedly firm market and a fair trading took place. Miscellaneous: Good deal of activity was seen amongst speculators as well as investment stocks. A fair line of business was put through in sugar and paper issues. Government securities ruled quiet but steady.

The following are closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent new loan (1963/65) 84/12 s l; 3 1/2 per cent paper 87; 5 per cent loan (1945/55) 110/10 s l.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1427/8; Reserve Bank 102.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 16/1; Cawnpore Textiles 6; Dunbar 245; Elgin Mills 157/8; Kesoram 7/9; Muir Mills 296/8; New Victoria Ord 1/13; Pref 4/10.

Coals: Bansra 5/10; Central Kurkend 15/14; Deoli 8/5; Dhemo Main 13/8; North-West fully paid 21/4; Raneegunge 32; Talcher 2/2; West Jamuria 31/12.

Jutes: Adamjee 22/12; Anglo-India 441; Budgebudge 394; Champdany 307; Clive 30/13; Dalhousie 427/8; Gourepore 788; Howrah 63 X-Div; Hukumchand 9/12; Pref 87; India 420/8; Kamarhatty 595; Kinnison 722/8; Lansdowne 205/8; National 28/e Nuddea 73; Presidency 7; Reliance 70 C Div Ct.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 7/9; Consolidated Tin 4/12; Indian Copper 2/11; Rhodesia Copper 1/16; Britannia Eng 10/14; Hukumchand Steel Ord 7/8; Defd 1/11; Indian Iron and Steel 39/14 Ex-Div; Indian Steel Wagon Ord 65; Indian Steel and Wire Products 47/8; Kumardhubi Eng 5/14; Marshalls 2/4; Saran Eng 8/8; Steel Corporation Ord 22/15; Pref 98/8; B I Corporation 5; Indian Cable 15; Indian Wood Products 25/3; British Burma Petrol 5/14; India Paper Pulp 134; Mysore Paper 12/8; Orient Paper 7/12; Shree Gopal Paper 6/10; Star Paper 7/6; Titaghur Paper 'A' Ordy 26/10; 'B' Ord 26/10; Assam Saws 13/1; Carew and Co Ord 614 o l; Pref 106 s l; Cawnpore 21/4; Raza 15/8 C Div.

Teas: Bateli 4/6; Patrakola 905; Tespore 7/10.—A. P.

PENTANGULAR FINAL

(Continued from page 1.)

lia. As a matter of fact he has not played cricket regularly of late. It is therefore very doubtful if he would have done himself justice, had he participated in the Tournament. Were he in form and could not play, it would have been a distinct loss to the Muslims

ATTACK FURTHER STRENGTHENED.

As far as I can gather, the Muslims will have the same team as they had originally selected for their first match. Mir Mazhar Mahmud, the fast bowler from Amritsar, who could not make the journey to Bombay in time, has now arrived and will take his place in the team. And K. C. Ibrahim, who had filled his vacancy, will make room for him. Needless to mention the Muslims' attack will be exceedingly strong with Mahomed Nissar, Nazir Ali, Jehangir Khan, Saeed Ahmed, Amir Elahi and Mazhar Mahmud in the vanguard. Besides, there are Mushtaque Ali and Wazir Ali himself to lend a helping hand occasionally.

MUSLIMS HOPES.

With the help of such a formidable battery, the Muslims expect to dismiss the Hindus within a couple of hundred runs. Because they succeeded in routing the "Rest" for small totals, it cannot be said that they would be able to do so in case of the Hindus. That the latter are infinitely superior to the 'Babies' of the Tournament cannot be denied. The fact that the Parsi bowlers made 'mince-meat' of some of them in the last match does not reduce their strength in the least Such mishaps do happen in cricket—just as the Muslims themselves skittled them out last year for a paltry 69. It remains to be seen if the Muslims' hopes will be realised now.

WEAK BATTING.

The batting strength of the Muslims is decidedly below par. That a weak bowling side like the "Rest"-managed to turn them out for less than 300 runs shows it clearly. Barring Mushtaque Ali, Kadri, Dilawar Hussain and the Ali brothers none seem to be of much consequence. Would they be able to do as well against the formidable attack of the Hindus? Not very likely. But as I have said above, the Muslims hope to make up their weakness in batting by their bowling strength. The latter has been their sheet-anchor always and they hope to win through depending on its inherent stability and vitality.

HINDLEKAR AND JAI RETURN.

The Hindus have made two changes in their last team. In fact they have recalled Hindlekar and Jai and dropped Bhandarkar and Uday Merchant. Many people had thought that after the Indore player's excellent batting on Thursday against the Parsis, he would be retained. But the Selectors were convinced that Hindlekar, even in his present form, is much superior to him in wicket-keeping and as for batting, he may strike form at any moment. In my opinion the Hindu selectors have acted wisely in fielding the more experienced man. Bhandarkar need not be sorry for it. He has already got a foothold in representative cricket. With more experience and training, he may become an All-India Wicket-keeper.

FORMIDABLE BATTING STRENGTH.

The omission of Uday Merchant was expected. He could not be called a success on his last performances. His ground fielding was hopeless, though his catching abilities were really good. Jagdale should thank his stars that Prithvi Raj is not at hand. Otherwise the latter should have been the obvious choice, both on batting and fielding merits. On the whole, the Hindus have a formidable batting side which is capable of collecting a handsome total even at the expense of the awe-inspiring brigade of Muslim bowlers. I declare this in spite of the fact that some of their top-notchers failed against the Parsis.

CRITICISMS BENEATH NOTICE.

Their bowling strength may not be on a par with that of the Muslims. But weak at the batting of the latter is they should not find much difficulty in disposing of them for a modest total. I was really pleased to notice a spirit of 'camaraderie' in their ranks which was absent during the last few years. With proper team-spirit and team-work prevailing, the Hindus have a far greater chance of success than their rivals. I understand C. K. Nayudu gave a longer term of bowling to Amar Singh on Thursday than was called for on account of a certain accusation against him It was stated that he did not give the Nawanagar bowler sufficient scope to exhibit his destructive abilities. If this be a fact, Nayudu would do well to ignore them in future and pursue his tactics as he thinks best. Then only would he succeed in winning—whether in the Pentangular or in International matches. In any case some thrills are in store for these four days.

INDO-CHINESE CULTURE

Prof. Tan-Yun-Shan Reviews Inter-Relations Of Over 2,000 Years

KONNAGAR, Nov. 20.

"China met India and carried on her spiritual commerce with this great country. Those were indeed days full of meaning for the future. The spirit that prompted the Chinese pilgrims and their Indian compatriots to unite in common cultural efforts has no parallel in human history. Adventure is a great passion. But there is no greater adventure than the one that aims at fathoming the human spirit. China succeeded to a great extent in her endeavour to get into the soul of India; and the fruits of her ceaseless efforts for so many centuries from now the vast literature that revives the memories of a long period when India and China were in active contact with each other, much to their mutual enrichment and exaltation."

With these words, Prof. Tan-Yun Shan, Director of "Cheena Bhawan", Santiniketan, concluded his thought-provoking speech on "The Cultural Contact between India and China" delivered at a public meeting here.

Tracing the history of this contact which began about two thousand years ago, the Professor said that, according to the records of Chinese history, it was in 67 A.D. that Buddhism had already arrived in China. "In the life-time of Buddha," he said, "the cultures of both India and China were prosperous and flourishing, and while the two great teachers, the Buddha and Confucius, one preaching in the West and the other in the East, were shining far and near like the Sun and the Moon, there might probably exist some understanding between the sages and some interflow between our two cultures."

Proceeding he said: "It may be said that Buddhism was born in India, enriched in China, and then scattered over the whole world. I metaphorically asserted once that Buddhism was a beautiful young lady of India who was married to China, enjoyed a happy life, and has had a comfortable family of children, grand-children and great grand-children. In order to do homage to her motherland, this lady must re-visit her old home of India. It is, therefore, the duty of China to send her back and the duty of India to welcome her home.—United Press.

Maharaja Of Kashmir For Bombay

JODHPUR, Nov. 24.

The Maharaja of Kashmir, who is flying in his own aeroplane, passed through Jodhpur this afternoon en route to Bombay. He stayed here for a few hours.—A. P.

From Ban On Accommodation To State Guest House

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

Mr. S. S. Dhawan, of the Research Bureau of the All-India States' People's Conference, Allahabad, who has returned to Allahabad after conducting a survey in the Simla Hill States says that when he reached the capital of Baghal State he was confronted with the problem of accommodation and stay.

Orders were issued prohibiting people not to harbour Mr. Dhawan or see him. Even an offer of Rs. 100 for accommodation for the night could not induce the people to give him shelter, in the face of the order.

Finally he had to stay in an old dilapidated temple. At last the Vazir of the State who had been out was informed about the same. He cancelled the order and Mr. Dhawan was accommodated in the State Guest House.—United Press.

"CHILD IN THE HOME" EXHIBITION: EDUCATION AND HOBBIES SECTION

The object of the Education and Hobbies Section of the Child in the Home Exhibition which will be opened in the Town Hall, Bombay, in December next, is to show ways and means of utilising the spare-time of children so as to enable them to cultivate hobbies which give them knowledge as well as training.

(1) Reading, (2) Different kinds of useful work, (3) Play, (4) Friends, (5) Hobby of collection of things, (6) Hiking, (7) Toys will form the sub-sections.

Sets of books in English and in different vernaculars, Gujarati, Marathi and if possible, Hindi, are being listed. These would be suitable for children's libraries. Some copies will be obtained for sale, if possible. Books suitable upto the age of 12 are being selected as it is felt that above 12 parents can make their own selections or even boys and girls can themselves do so.

It is hoped that these lists will be useful for schools as well as parents and will encourage each educational institution to maintain a library suited to its needs.

A workshop is desirable in each school in order to develop the demand for hobbies. A good deal of information will be available for this.

Apparently useless things thrown away as waste, will be made use of in training for hobbies. This will introduce a sense of individuality and will encourage the habit of thinking for oneself. That parents require to be prepared for the responsibility of having children and the knowledge necessary for this preparation will be the theme of an important sub-section.

Manufacturers' Enterprise Leads To Record Business In Ahmedabad

(From A Correspondent).

When manufacturers of 'Aspro' decided to make their product available to the Indian market they decided to give away thirty lakhs of 'Aspro' tablets through the dealers. In order to test the reaction of the Indian public to this offer a test campaign was run last week in Ahmedabad. Readers of principal newspapers were offered a free anna packet of 'Aspro' in order that they might prove for themselves that the claims of the 'Aspro' manufacturers were true. Results were even more startling than had been expected. Dealers throughout Ahmedabad enjoyed a rush of business such as they have never experienced before. 'Aspro' is sold at three tablets for an anna. The offer that was successfully made in Ahmedabad will shortly be made available to the entire Indian public. Wholesalers dealers and the general public in Ahmedabad are convinced; it will soon be the turn of the rest of India.

Government House News

Captain H. L. Howden, Ltd.-Colonel J. O. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. T. Glaisby, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Miles and Mr. G. A. G. Wint lunched at Government House on Friday.

Lady Lumley visited the Women's Work Room at Caxton House on Friday.

H. H. the Nawab of Jaora, Sir Ardeshir and Lady Dalal, Mr. and Mrs. M. Zanottibianco, Mr. and Mrs H. V. R. Iyengar, Lt.-Col. and Mrs. D. R. C. Hartley, Mr. C. Gerrard and Staff Officer to H. H. the Nawab of Jaora lunched at Government House on Friday.

The Governor of Bombay dined with Col. W. H. Hammond at the Yacht Club and afterwards attended the finals of the Boxing Championships of the Bombay Presidency Amateur Boxing Federation at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Friday.

City's Health Returns

The health returns of Bombay during the 46th week of 1939, i.e. week ended 18th Nov. 1939, were as under:—

The total mortality 606 was 29 more than in the last week and the death rate registered was 27.1 on the Census population of 1931 as against 597 for the 46th week of 1938 and the total death rate 26.6. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 566 and the death rate 25.3.

Out of the total deaths 136 were among infants under one year of age. During the week smallpox, cholera and plague were absent. There was no death from typhoid. Cerebro-spinal fever caused 3 attacks and two deaths. The number of live-births registered during the week was 915 which compares favourably with that for the 46th week of 1938, viz. 737 and 748 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1934-1938).

Chief Scout Of Travancore

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 21.

The seventeen years old brother of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore, His Highness the Elaya Raja, was acclaimed as Chief Scout of Travancore at a Rally of Travancore Scouts held to-day as part of His Highness the Maharaja's birthday celebrations. The Hat Badge was also presented to the Chief Scout on the occasion by His Highness the Maharaja, who is the Patron of the Travancore Boy Scouts Association.

Industrial Disputes Act

The Public Relations Officer, Bombay, writes:—

It appears that an impression exists in the minds of workmen that the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act, 1938, has ceased to be in force with the resignation of the Congress Ministry. This impression is erroneous. The Act remains in force and is applicable to the cotton textile industry all over the Province and to the silk textile industry in Bombay City. Government intends shortly to issue a pamphlet explaining in simple language the various provisions of the Act for the benefit of the workers.

H. E. the Governor of the United Provinces unveiled the memorial statue to the late King-Emperor George V in the Alfred Park, Allahabad on Friday.

The ceremony of laying the foundation-stone of the building of Sir Sayajirao High School and S. J. R. Trg. College will be performed by H H. the Maharaja Pratapsinhrao Gaekwad, on Sunday (Dec. 3, 1939) at 4-30 p.m. on the Rayat S. Sanstha ground, near Powai Naka, Satara.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 23.—The approximate number and value of effective outgoing trunk calls (excluding service) for October, 1939, were 238,703 and Rs. 4,75,193 as compared with 179,055 and Rs. 3,09,408 for the corresponding period last year.

KAPURTHALA.—The State authorities have passed orders for the release of Hansraj, a "Police torture case" prisoner, who is undergoing four years' rigorous imprisonment in the local Central Jail. The release has been ordered before the expiry of his full term on medical grounds.

SAMBHAR LAKE.—The Sambhar Shamlat Administration has decided to place a ban on the export of fodder from Sambhar area in view of the acute famine prevailing here.

APPEAL FOR CONTRIBUTIONS TO THAKKAR BAPA PURSE FUND

The Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh beg to announce that the total amount contributed so far by the generous donors of Bombay towards Thakkar Bapa Purse Fund comes to Rs. 10,000 and to request all those who have not yet contributed to contribute their mite and send in the amount to the Hon. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Board, Harijan Sevak Sangh, Balashanker Estate, Vincent Road, Dadar, Bombay, 14.

GURU NANAK BIRTH-DAY ANNIVERSARY

Bombay Sikhs' Celebrations

Under the auspices of Sri Guru Singh Sabha of Bombay, the local Sikh community is celebrating the birthday anniversary of Sri Guru Nanak Devji. The following programme has been laid down in connection with the celebrations:—

To-day (Saturday): A procession will start at 3 p.m. from Sri Guru Singh Sabha and passing through the principal roads will terminate at the Azad Maidan. From 8 to 9 p.m. there will be the Ghog ceremony and Shabad Jotian; 9 to 10-45 p.m. Kirtan (Dhadi Jatha, Ganga Singh and party and Bhai Tara Singh Gian Singh of Amritsar); 10-45 to 11 30 p.m. Katha (Pandit Narhari Narayan Singhji); 11-30 to 12-30 p.m. Kirtan (S. Teja Singhji) and 12-30 to 1-30 a.m. Shabad Jotian (Jaman Singh).

Sunday's programme will begin at 5 a.m. with Kirtans by Matunga Jatha—Asa. de, war Bhai Tara Singh Gian Singh of Amritsar, which will last upto 9 a.m. From 9 to 9-30 a.m. there will be a public lecture by S. Darbara Singh, Principal, Khalsa College, Matunga and from 9-30 to 12-35 a.m. there will be Kirtans by Budh Singh Taan Radio artiste, Lahore, Master Feroze of Jullundur, Bibi Lajwanti of Dehra Dun, M. A. K. Lathiwalla and Dhadi Jatha S. Ganga Singh and party; 12-30 to 1-5 p.m. Lecture by Pandit Narhari Narain Singhji, 1-5 to 2-5 p.m. Kirtan by S. Teja Singhji and party; 2-5 to 2-35 Kavi Durbar and from 2.35 onwards Bhog Diwan. There will be a public meeting at Azad Maidan at 5 p.m.

Chairman Of Board Of Communications

The Government of Bombay has appointed Mr. H. F. Knight, C.I.E., I.C.S., Adviser to His Excellency the Governor, as Chairman of the Board of Communications, Bombay, "vice" the Honourable Minister for Public Works, who has resigned.

Slight Increase Of Plague In Province

Health conditions in the Bombay Province for the week ending November 18:—

The Provincial plague figures for the week were 62 cases and 42 deaths against 59-32 reported in the previous week and 97-61 revised figures for the week. These cases were from Sholapur District 55 cases and 26 deaths, Belgaum 23-12; Dharwar 3-3 and Kanara 1-1.

CHOLERA

Twenty-three cases and 8 deaths due to cholera were reported during the week against 36-15 reported in the previous week and 45-22 revised figures for the week. These cases were from Poona District 11 cases and 5 deaths, Bijapur 11-2 and Nasik 1-1.

SMALL-POX

Small-pox figures by districts for the week are: West Khandesh 63-18, Ahmedabad 29-4, Nasik 26-7, Satara 16-2, Ahmednagar 7-0, East Khandesh 6-1, Sholapur 4-0, Ratnagiri 3-0 and Thana 3-0. Total 175 attacks and 28 deaths against 78-17 reported in the previous week and 133 cases and 32 deaths revised figures for that week.

CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER

Four cases and 2 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were reported in the province during the week against 4-4 in the previous week. Bombay City had 3-2 and Ahmedabad Town 1-0.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD AMATEUR VOCAL MUSIC COMPETITION

The Hon. Secretaries, write:—

30th November will be definitely the last date to receive entries for the Amateur Vocal Music Competition organised by the Bombay Students' Brotherhood.

The Competition shall be in the different section, viz., classical, light classical and light music and several prizes in cash and kind will be awarded to the winners.

The competition will be held definitely in the second week of December. The exact date will be announced on 1st or 2nd December.

Prospectus, application forms, and other informations regarding the competition can be obtained from the undersigned, at the office of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Muslim Students' Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, from 5 p.m. to 7-30 p.m.

BEST OMNIBUS DRIVERS' UNION

The first annual general meeting of the members of the Best Omnibus Drivers' Union will be held at 11 a.m. (S.T.) and that of the Best Omnibus Conductors' Union will be held at 12 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Saturday) at Jinpah Hall, near Congress House.

MILK AND GHEE ADULTERATION CONVICTIONS

During the week ended 18th Nov. six persons were convicted and fined for selling adulterated ghee and butter. The fine which was imposed on them ranged from Rs. 10 to Rs. 75.

During the same week, 11 persons were convicted and fined for selling adulterated milk and their fine ranged from Rs. 15 to 130.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER AND A. R. P.

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have undertaken to organise the Postal areas for Kalbadevi, Mandvi and Chinchbunder in A. R. P. Pursuant to that, they held classes in the preliminary training in A. R. P. at the Mahajan Wadi (Kalbadevi) and Grain Merchants' Association Hall (Mandvi).

To further popularise the precautionary measures in air raids, the Committee seek assistance of those who are interested in the work and to that effect invite co-operation of persons who have their residential or business interests in these localities. Those who feel concerned are requested to communicate as soon as possible, with the Secretary, Indian Merchants' Chamber, near Churchgate Railway Station, Fort.

HERCULES
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in India)
FIRE—ACCIDENT—MOTOR—MARINE.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000.
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HEAD OFFICE: 16, Hare Street, CALCUTTA.
BRANCHES: BOMBAY: 21, Ravelin St. MADRAS: Parry's Corner.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Sud 14, 1996
Muslim: Shavvaal 13, 1358
Parsi: Khordad 21, 1309
Hightide: 10-25; 23-32
Lowtide: 4-44; 16-46
Sunrise: 6h. 52m.
Sunset: 6h. 0m.

N. K. G. S. B. SANGH

There will be a music programme to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. by Prof. Kashinathrao Phatak in the Hall of the Sangh at Laxmi Sadan, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon.

ARYA SAMAJ

A public meeting will be held at Arya Samaj, Matunga-Gopitalao, to-day (Saturday), at 7 p.m. (S.T.) when Shri. Pandit Dinanath will deliver a public lecture on Vedopadesh.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

POONA: November 24.

A meeting of the Poona City Municipality will be held to-morrow to elect the President and Vice-President.—A. P

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

For sanitary rounds and visiting chawls, the members of the Society will meet to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. at Wadala Station (Harbour Branch) and to-morrow (Sunday), at 9.45 a.m. at Foras Road Tram Junction.

GURUKULA UNIVERSITY

The Governor, Gurukula Kangri, Dt. Saharanpur, writes:—

The selection of new candidates for admission into the Gurukula University, Kangri, this year will be held on the occasion of the Gurukula Anniversary. Gentlemen desirous to admit their wards should send in their application and obtain sanction. Rules and application forms, etc., can be had from the Gurukula Office.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Three Smart Girls Grow Up" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m

REGAL—"Inspector Hornleigh" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

METRO—"Lady of the Tropics" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"The Gracie Allen Murder Case" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

NEW EMPIRE—"In Name Only" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

LAMINGTON—"Kahan Hai Manzil Teri" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee today and to-morrow at 2 p.m.

PATHE—"On the River" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.

ROXY—"Kangan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.

MINERVA—"Pukar" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"As You Please" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Admi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.

PLAZA—"Kunku" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY TENANTS' ASSOCIATION

The meeting of the Managing Board of the Association will be held in the 'D' Ward office of the Association to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

JAMIAT SHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEN

Mr. Abdul Qadir Shaikh, leader of the Muslim League Party, Surat, will give a friendly talk to members of Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen to-day (Saturday), at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) at Jamiat's Hall, at 138, Nagdevi Street.

PANDHARPUR SANGH

The annual meeting of the Pandharpur Sangh, Bombay, intended to be held on Sunday (26th Nov.) in the premises of the King George English School, Dadar, at 5-30 p.m., has been postponed to 3rd Dec. 1939, the place and time unchanged.

SHREE TATVADYAN MANDAL

Under the auspices of Shree Tatvadyan Mandal, Bombay, Yogiraj Shri Lakhanraj of Rishikesh will speak on "Yog Vidya" to-morrow (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m. at Shri Mouni Buwa's Ram Mandir, Vaidyawadi, Thakurdwar Road

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE

The monthly concert will be held at Laxmibaug, New Bhatwadi, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Master Krishnarao Pulambrikar will entertain the members with vocal music

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

No meeting of the Corporation will be held on Monday (27th Nov.). The next meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Corporation Hall on Thursday (30th Nov.) at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time).

JOLLY FRIENDS' CLUB, DADAR

The extraordinary general meeting of the Club will be held to-day (Saturday) at 7-30 p.m. at Madina Mansion Dadar, Bombay, to elect office-bearers and to transact such other business allowed by the Chairman. Dr. K. Gavande will preside

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Fr. Dubr and Prof. Upadhyaya will begin their classes in Italian (Senior) and Present-Day Tendencies in Gujarati Literature in St. Xavier's College and Khalsa College today (Saturday) at 6-30 and 7 p.m. respectively.

HARNAI RAHIVASHI HITVARDHAK MANDAL, BOMBAY

The first annual ceremony of the Mandal will be celebrated to-day (Saturday) at Nikadbari Lane (near Majestic Cinema), top floor, at 9-30 p.m. All the members as well as all Harnai Gramasthas with their friends can attend the function.

FORT ARYA SAMAJ

Under the auspices of the above Samaj to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.) Lala Lajpatrai Day will be observed. Mr. S. Narayaniah, Advocate, will preside and Pandit Satyarthi, Sjts. S. V. Kanchan, V. K. Kotyan and others will address the audience.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

That "Life and Violence Are Inseparable" will oppose Mr P. K. Subramanyam of Ad-Youth Lodge Hall of the Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6.15 p.m. Mr. S. Raval will propose and Mr. Govindji Patel will oppose. Mr. P. K. Subrimanyam of Adyar will preside.

POSTAL NOTICE

The restriction imposed on booking of insured articles for and from the following offices in the Bihar and Orissa Circle has since been withdrawn:—

(1) Panchgachia Sub-office, Saharsa Sub-office, Madhipura Sub-office, under the Bhagalpur H. O.; (2) Simri-Bakhtiarpur Sub-office, under the Monghyr H. O.; (3) All branch offices in account with the above sub offices.

LEONARD SCHIFF'S LECTURE

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood and the Muslim Students' Union, Fr Leonard Schiff, author of "Present Condition of India" will deliver a public talk to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Muslim Students' Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, on "India and the Modern Cult of Nationalism."

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS TARDEO POST OFFICE

The Tardeo Post Office will be shifted from the present building to the new premises, known as "Coovermai Mansion" belonging to Mr. Burjor R. Bhesania and situated at Gamadia Road, Tardeo, Bombay, on Wednesday, the 29th Nov. 1939. It will transact business in the new premises from Thursday, the 30th Nov. 1939.

JOURNALIST ASSN. OF INDIA

Uday Shankar's Meeting Postponed To Tuesday

Owing to an unexpected change in Uday Shankar's programme, the meeting arranged at the Association for Saturday evening (25th instant), has been postponed to 6-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 28th instant.

Prithvi Singh Meets National Guard

Mr. N. K. Upadhyaya, Special Organising Officer, Bombay National Guards, writes:—

It is a matter of great pleasure to announce that Mr. Prithvi Singh visited the Bombay National Guards, at the parade ground. Mr. Prithvi Singh exhorted the volunteers to organise in thousands and serve the national cause. He drew the attention of the Guards to the fact that a strong, well disciplined and conscious member will serve the country and nation better. He expressed his regret that Bombay city having a population of more than 15 lakhs has not given sufficient response for the organising of such conscious cadres to serve the nation. The Guards thanked him for his advice.

Flag-Salutation At The Congress House

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the monthly flag salutation ceremony will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House

BOMBAY SEVA DAL

The G. O. C. of the Bombay Seva Dal writes:—The volunteers of the Bombay Seva Dal are hereby informed to be present to-morrow (Sunday), at 7 a.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House in Seva Dal uniform. They are required to attend the general parade and the monthly flag salutation ceremony to be held at the Congress House.

FLAG SALUTATION IN "B" WARD

Under the auspices of "B" Ward District Congress Committee there will be a monthly flag-salutation in 'B' Ward, near the Committee's office to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. when Sjt. Dr. D. T. Anklesaria, the General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. will unfurl the flag.

IN 'F' WARD

Under the auspices of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee the monthly Flag Salutation will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's Office, Wahidina Mansion, Parel Poibavdi, Corner, Bombay.

IN 'G' WARD

Monthly flag salutation will be performed in 'G' Ward to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. on Shivaji Park ground when Sjt. J. R. Shastri will unfurl the National Flag. There will be a parade of the 'G' Ward Congress Seva Dal on Sunday, the 26th inst. at 6-30 a.m. on the Shivaji Park ground when all the Volunteers are requested to be present.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

Mr. N. K. Upadhyaya, Special Organising Officer, Bombay National Guards, writes:—

There will be a general parade for all the members of the Bombay National Guards, including those of Dadar and Matunga Sections, to-morrow (Sunday), at 7 a.m. All the members are requested to be present at the Marine Line Maidan at 6-45 a.m. sharp in full uniforms. After the parade there will be a route-march to the Congress House to attend the monthly flag salutation.

FREE HINDI CLASSES

The following classes have been re-opened after Divali vacation:—(1) Old Chikitsak High School, opposite Ambewadi Post Office, Girgaon, on Sunday morning, between 8 and 10. (2) Maratha High School, Opera House, on Sunday morning, between 8 and 10. (3) R. M. Bhatt High School, Parel, on Sunday morning at 8. (4) Jogeshwari English School, 14, Saraswati Bag, Jogeshwari on Saturdays between 3-30 to 4-30 p.m. and Sundays between 2-30 and 3-30 p.m. (5) Modern High School, Sicka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Rd., on Sunday morning between 8 and 10. (6) Fellowship High School, Gowalia Tank, on Sunday morning between 8 and 10.

THAKKAR BAPA JAYANTI

Public Meeting On Wednesday

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh to celebrate the 71st Birthday of Shri Amritlal V. Thakkar (Thakkar Bapa) on Wednesday (29th Nov.) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Gowalia Tank Maidan (and not in the Congress House compound as previously notified), when a purse collected from the various parts of the country will be presented to him.

Shri C. Rajagopalachariar will preside over the meeting and is specially coming to Bombay for the purpose.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Shri Balasaheb Kher, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai will address the meeting

Rajagopalachari To Arrive On Wednesday

BOMBUAY, Friday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will be back in Bombay on Saturday.

Mr. C Rajagopalachari, ex-Premier of Madras will arrive in Bombay on wednesday morning.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

No meeting of the Improvements Committee will be held on Tuesday (28th Nov.) The next meeting of the Improvements Committee will be held in the Corporation Hall on Tuesday (5th Dec. 1939) at 3-30 p.m. (B.T.)

Inquiry Into Simplex Mill Developments

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Special Officer, Dewan Bahadur Chitre, appointed by the Government of Bombay to enquire into the dispute between the employers and employees of the Simplex Mill where 200 women operatives had resorted to a stay-in-strike till recently, has started the enquiry. He is expected to submit his recommendations to Government within a week.

The Simplex Mill, it may be remembered, was recently reopened, some of the operatives having gone back to work. 102 employees in all have applied for re-employment. It is alleged that the management has refused to re-employ some of the workers who are charged with misconduct.

The Government of Bombay appointed a Special Officer to enquire into the dispute.

ALL-INDIA EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

The University Education Section meeting of the 15th All-India Educational Conference will be held at Lucknow on Thursday (28th Dec. 1939), at 8 a.m. in the Fairfield Hall of Lucknow Christian College, under the chairmanship of Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan, Head of the History Department of Allahabad University.

Invitation is extended to the teaching and administrating staff of all the colleges and universities of India to attend the Section meeting and to partake in the deliberations. Prof. M. S. Sundaram of Agra College, the Secretary of the Section, will provide details of the agenda to those who are interested in it. The Secretary, Reception Committee, is Dr. L. K. Shah, M.A., of Lucknow Christian Training College and the delegation fee is Rs. 2 only.

NEXT SATURDAY
Gala Opening!
"UNDER ONE FLAG"
"UNDER ONE FLAG"
or
"BHAGAWA ZENDA"
'ROYAL' JEWEL No. 10
SARASWATEE'S Magnificent Historical with these JEWEL STARS:
LONDHE, Miss RATNAMALA, Mrs. SHEELAVATEE (A Society Lady) CHANDRAKANT, ATHAVALE, DINKAR 'KAMANNA'
Supported by a strong cast of THOUSANDS
"BHAGAWA ZENDA"
or
"UNDER ONE FLAG"
'ROYAL' JEWEL No. 10
NEXT SATURDAY
At Everybody's Favourite
MAJESTIC

Capitol Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
HER GREATEST PICTURE!
Deanna DURBIN
Mae GREY • Helen PARRISH
in
3 SMART GIRLS GROW UP
with
ROBERT CUMMINGS • CHARLES WINNINGER • WILLIAM LUNDIGAN
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THE WINNING TEAM
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LED BY
LEELA CHITNIS
AND
ASHOK KUMAR
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★MUBARAK,
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★P. F. PITHAWALA,
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BOMBAY TALKIES' PICTURE-POEM!
5TH WEEK OF SONG-SENSATIONS! ROXY
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.,
SUNDAYS, MATINEE AT 1 P.M.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

News comes from Chimbai in Bandra that though the Municipality clears the foreshore, fishermen have now made it a habit to dry fish around residential dwellings.

It would be well if the Municipal Board would visit this place and see the situation, or let the Municipal Health Department take a census of the rats, which infest the area in a menacing proportion.

It may be borne in mind that this is a well-known plague centre.

THANA SCHOOL BUILDINGS

News of the proposed grant of Rs. 25,000 by the Government of Bombay to the Thana District School Board for constructing buildings to house all the schools run by it, has been received with joy.

Government has appointed a Committee with the Educational Inspector of Bombay Division as Chairman to select site for the buildings.

REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

HE COLLECTS RARE STAMPS AND CLEVER MURDERERS WITH EQUAL CALM!
INSPECTOR HORNLEIGH
A new sleuth—amazing, fascinating, different!
starring
GORDON HARKER and ALASTAIR SIM
HUGH WILLIAMS • STEVE GERAY
WALLY PATCH • MIKI HOOD
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EXTRA
BRITAIN, "PEACE AND PROPAGANDA!" the latest March of Time.

TELL HER TO TAKE Saridon
PRICE REMAINS UNCHANGED
10 TABLETS 12 ANNAS

NO MORE FEVER SINCE EATING QUAKER OATS
Free From Coughs and Colds Too
"All my family have kept splendid health since eating Quaker Oats. We have been free from coughs, colds and fever, so common at this time of the year. My children are stronger and play more, too. We thank you for this remarkable food." M. R. Pandit, 140 Dhurrumtollah Street, Calcutta.

Delicious Quaker Oats Builds Stamina To Keep You Well
All over India families are testifying to better health since eating Quaker Oats. And no wonder, for Quaker Oats is a whole grain food that contains the very elements needed to build health and strength—to supply the stamina and vitality to ward off sickness. It is Nature's finest health insurance.
Quaker Oats is delicious too and can be prepared in many different ways. Give Quaker Oats to your family daily.
TWO KINDS — the standard Quaker Oats which cooks in 20 minutes and the new Quick Cooking Quaker Oats which cooks in 2½ minutes. Both equally delicious, both equally beneficial. Buy a tin today.
QUAKER OATS
33C
QUAKER OATS PORRIDGE
In saucepan stir slowly one part Quaker Oats into two parts freshly boiling water. Boil twenty minutes or longer. If Quick Cooking Quaker Oats is used, boil two and a half minutes or longer. Serve hot adding sugar and almonds or milk to taste. If a thick porridge is desired, use less water to obtain consistency desired.
UNTOUCHED BY HUMAN HANDS

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1939.

AT PARTING OF WAYS

The full text of the Congress Working Committee's resolution on the war crisis deserves to be carefully studied by the British as well as Indians, if only because the two peoples are now, more truly than ever before, at the parting of ways. Though studiously restrained in its tone, the terms of the resolution clearly reflect the stern reality of the situation in the country and the Congress determination not to compromise the fundamental conditions of a settlement. The gist of those conditions is to be found in the following words of the resolution: "The recognition of India's independence and right of her people to frame their constitution through a Constituent Assembly is essential in order to remove the taint of imperialism from Britain's policy and to enable the Congress to consider further co-operation." The Working Committee does well to point out that against the demand for freedom the plea of minorities cannot be urged; for "the minorities, whatever their other differences might be, do not oppose India's right to freedom and independence."

Safeguards For Minorities

As regards the safeguards for the minorities, the Congress is more just to them than the British Government. The Congress concedes that in the Constituent Assembly all the adults of the minorities will be represented through representatives elected by them and not persons imposed upon them by the Government as was done at the last Round Table Conferences and as is likely to be done at the future ones also. Secondly, the Congress has agreed to accept the minorities' claims "to their satisfaction" and to refer to arbitration points that may not be mutually agreed upon. But the British Government have not conceded half as much to the minorities. They have been only playing off the minorities against the majority. If the Government are prepared to concede freedom to the country and are deterred only on account of their anxiety for the minorities, why do they not openly agree to accept a Swaraj constitution if only it is acceptable to the recognised minorities? Britain's unwillingness to do this clearly shows that she is more anxious about her own imperialist domination of India as a whole than about the interests of the minorities.

Gesture Of Goodwill

The Working Committee has also effectively answered the British Government's plea that their treaty obligations to the Princes militate against their immediate declaration of the right of India as a whole to complete freedom and self-determination and that any such thing will be possible only if the Princes too are satisfied by the Congress in addition to the minorities. But the Working Committee pertinently points out: "The Princes are represented by, and are emblems of, the Paramount Power in India. In the end, it will be the people of Indian States, who will determine what part they will take in a free India, though the British Government have consistently ignored their wishes in the matter which vitally affects them." Does Britain seriously suggest that millions in India including the States people should make all sorts of sacrifices in the war, not for their own freedom and democracy but for the freedom and democracy of European nations and the autocracy of a handful of Indian Princes and for the consequent consolidation of British imperialism in India? We trust it is clearly understood that the Constituent Assembly will represent the whole of India and include representatives of the States as well as of the Provinces. As the Working Committee recognises the scheme of a Constituent Assembly "as the crux of the Congress programme for the future," we would repeat our suggestion that the Committee itself should publish and broadcast in tens of thousands a complete self-contained case for a Constituent Assembly with all its implications with special reference to the rights of minorities. Finally, as regards the Committee's assurance that it will continue to explore the means of arriving at an honourable settlement, we can only hope that the British Government will not mistake it for a sign of weakness and thereby convert a gesture of goodwill into a prelude to a national struggle.

Dangerous Speculation

An unprecedented situation has developed in the local cotton trade where prices are mounting up by leaps and bounds under excessive bullish enthusiasm and overspeculation. When prices had flared up some time ago, the timely precaution taken by the Congress Government had the desired effect. A special Ordinance was promulgated banning Teji Mandi operations and it was hinted that unitary control would be established. It was also generally believed that a special Bill would be introduced which would give powers to the Government to frame rules and that the two rival associations would unite in the interest of the cotton growers and the cotton trade. But after six weeks the Ordinance lapsed. Weekly, monthly, and yearly Teji Mandi operations were resumed in no time to the tune of several lakhs and, roughly, there were straddle sales to the extent of about six lakh bales in the local market against purchases either in Liverpool or New York. This state of things created a shortage of contracts and with extensive speculative activity prices began to rise by leaps and bounds. The market entered into an abnormal state and on several occasions unofficial business on a large scale was reported. Those who were in the wrong box had no patience to wait even for a second as losses were being multiplied every hour. Thus to save themselves from disastrous consequences several members operated and those who were prepared to honour the bye-laws suffered. All this has now resulted in twenty-four hour non-stop trading, a state of things without a parallel in any part of the world. The responsibility lies on the Government. The last Government did see the danger and we warmly supported the Ordinance but new advisers to the Government of Bombay seem to have ignored this vital matter though the cotton trade is likely to enter into a dangerous zone with disastrous consequences. The duty of Government is clear in this matter. They must ban all unfair activities and establish unitary control which can provide a continuous and broad market and serve the interest of the millions of cotton growers of this country. At present prices in the local market are pushed up to dizzy heights and there is a constant danger of dumping in this country of subsidized American cotton by straddle operators. It is an urgent problem whose solution does not admit of any delay. And we trust the Government will rise to the occasion without any loss of time.

Storm Approaching?

The present Soviet-Finnish deadlock may well turn out finally to have been the proverbial calm before the storm. And the storm is, we fear, approaching. The other day there was a report about naval manoeuvres by Russia in the Baltic. Moreover, its dark significance was fully illuminated by the Soviet Commander himself, who was reported to have denounced and threatened Finland and to have declared that nothing was going to prevent Russia achieving mastery in the Baltic Sea. This deliberate revival of the controversy supported by naval demonstration has presumably had its reaction in Finland. For the Finnish Prime Minister announces that "the Finnish Government saw no possibility of accepting the latest Russian proposals, as acceptance would constitute a violation of Finnish neutrality and would mean the transfer of first-class fortifications to a foreign Power." Is the storm going to break after all?

OUR LONDON LETTER

More About War Aims

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, Nov. 11.

To-day is Armistice Day, a grim reminder of 1914-18 although overshadowed by what is happening in Europe to-day. The failure of the last war to end war for all times, nonetheless, grimly reminds us on this day whether the present war in Europe will end in true and just peace. It is recognised that we need a new world because the old world has failed. There is a searching of the heart as to the causes that have contributed to the failure of peace that was sought for by the sacrifice of millions of human lives, money and to a great extent goodwill between men and men. To-day there is an admission, as pointed out by Mr. Richard Acland, M.P. that the old world has not failed because of tactical slips which, in the light of experience, can be avoided if we make another attempt on the same old lines. We have not failed because the prevalently accepted ideas were wrongly carried into execution," he writes, "but because the prevalently accepted ideas were wrong and not slightly wrong, but utterly wrong."

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Naturally, to-day in millions of home a question is being asked what are we fighting for and what is the settlement the Allied Governments will aim at when another armistice is called. This question is being asked daily by a steadily increasing body of public opinion which is tiring of the repetition of vague phrases used by Government spokesmen to justify the continuation of the war. However, the British Government does not wish to state its war aims, and some idea of the reason for this reluctance is given by the Conservative newspaper, the "Evening News" in its issue of Wednesday last. "Statesmen", said Lord Rothermere's paper, "must search not for the wherewithal to build the cloud-capped towers of some visionary palace of peace, but for the practical and reasonably permanent means to bring war in Europe to an end." The paper explains what it means thus: "Peace with Hitlerism is a contradiction. A Germany without Hitlerism (or Kaiserism or Stalinism or some other manifestation of dictatorial brutality) may be terribly hard to attain; but it is what we are fighting for, and the fight must go on until civilisation conquers or is slain. We cannot measure out peace in terms of territorial, racial or economic adjustment. Its vital ingredient is goodwill. Ask the Jews, the Czechs or the Poles how much goodwill there is in the Nazi make-up. How much, for that matter, is there in Communism, ceaselessly striving to encompass the destruction of the capitalistic nations?"

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On the other hand, the National Peace Council is undertaking a new campaign designed to encourage the Government to make a precise and constructive statement of the terms upon which it is prepared to make peace and to announce its readiness to join at once in a Peace Conference of belligerent and neutral States, on the basis of this agenda. The Labour Party has also announced its peace terms for the consideration of the people and their Government. It has insisted on the need for a new social and international order, a European Union or Federation pledged to far-reaching economic co-operation, a considerably pooling of sovereignties and a policy of colonial emancipation, as the nucleus for a revived and reconstructed world League of Nations. The new world last time meant the Treaty of Versailles, which enchained the people of Europe. And it appears from the Labour Party manifesto that they are looking forward to the creation of a super-Versailles, when they hold out hints of a vast carving up of Europe and refuse to give details. The Labour leaders declare that it "would be premature to consider exact boundaries" of the States that they propose to form. They overlook the fact that these vague terms conceal the aim to set up a system of vassal States under the control of the British and the French. The Labour spokesmen forget that such expressions as "Europe must federate or perish" mean plans for an Anglo-French super Empire, dominating all Western and Central Europe.

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At the same time, there are three other statements of war aims, which were published earlier in the week. One came from the pen of a "Special Correspondent" in the "Times", of November 3. A second, addressed to the active spirits of the Liberal Party and those tens of thousands of Labour people who have been revolted in recent months by the "Daily Herald", appeared over the signature of Sir Walter Layton, the well-known Liberal economist, in the "News Chronicle." More orthodox Labour intellectuals were catered for by a pamphlet by Mr. G. D. H. Cole, published by the "New Statesman and Nation". All three pronouncements make the same basic proposals, served up with slightly different trimmings to suit the taste of the audience for whom the writer is catering. Each proposes the formation of a Federation of western and central Europe, organised by Britain and France. The "Times" writer suggests that the Franco-British Supreme War Council is a nucleus to which representatives of other Governments might be added, and the armed forces of which could be supplemented by contingents from the other countries. Sir Walter Layton says that the Great Powers "whose intervention will lead to the reconstruction of Poland and Czechoslovakia" (i.e. Britain and France) should dictate Federation to the smaller Powers of Europe, and they should create an international air force. Mr. G. D. H. Cole says that the European Federation would be controlled by an international

(Continued on Page 3)

Harijans And The Congress

By: "A YOUNG HARIJAN"

"On account of the deification of this one organization (the Indian National Congress), it has become difficult for other public men who desire to serve the country in their own way, to obtain a hearing—much less a respectful hearing," complained Dr. Ambedkar last year. It seems to me a pity that a man of Dr. Ambedker's education should fail to understand the real role of the Congress—a role that the history of this representative, national, political and anti-communal organization and its achievements clearly establish. But when he goes to the extent of asserting that the Harijans do not accept the leadership of the Congress and that he, Dr. Ambedker, alone is entitled to speak in the name of the Harijans, it becomes the duty of every Harijan who loves his people and his country, to challenge the claim.

* * * *

Evidently, Dr. Ambedker has failed throughout his 'leadership' since he entered the political arena in 1930 to distinguish 'personal' leadership from "democratic" leadership. Anyone who has closely followed the course of 'his' own leadership which has zigzagged, as I am prepared to prove by quoting his statements published in his writings and speeches, without any definite clarity of aims can see this. The policy enunciated in his Marathi paper, *Janata*, and in the activities of his Party, the so-called Independent Labour Party (which is neither Independent, in the real sense of the word nor Labour Party in the same sense), but which is an awkward prototype of the Independent Labour Party of London, is made up of Marxist ideas and "slogans," communal politics, obstructionist and anti-Congress oppositionism. The Marxist principles are definite and they are not compatible with any movement of 'reformism' such as the Marxists discover in the Harijan movement as led by Dr. Ambedker. The Marxist position briefly is that the Harijans are a single, integrated group of the "proletariat" and that their salvation can only be achieved when not the part but the whole comes into its own. The British Government's policy of settlement of minority 'questions' and Dr. Ambedker's policy defined in the following statement are incompatible with, and contradictory to, them:

To achieve the reform of the Hindu society is not our goal, it is not our work. Our goal is to win our freedom. Beyond that, we are not concerned in any way. If we can win our freedom through religious conversion, why should we engage ourselves in the struggle of the reform of the Hindu society? Why should we in this struggle sacrifice our prowess, strength and wealth? "Untouchability and Religious Conversion" page 13).

I will not pursue the contradiction of this position with that of the Marxist ideology in this article but turn to the question of Dr. Ambedker's actual contribution to the minority problem in so far as the British Government's Communal Award and the famous Poona Pact are concerned.

It is a historic fact that the demands of Dr. Ambedker were not accepted and the 'Communal Award' drastically reduced his original number of seats till the Poona Pact finally tilted the balance in favour of the Harijans.

No Harijan who understands the real problems of his people believes in the weightage of seats within the framework of a scheme which negatives every principle of real political independence and democratic government. No Harijan who loves his country and shares with other people living in that country the ardent passion for freedom can possibly believe that the salvation of the Harijans lies in the path of mass conversion into Sikkhism "which preserves the barriers of caste" with the distinction between the Jath Sikhs on the one hand and the Lobhana, Sikhs, Ranadasi (Shoemaker) and Mazar (Sweeper) on the other as the Court Martial proceedings of the Jangsing case tried in 1933 in Poona prove.

We are a part of our great country and our fate is closely bound up with the destiny of that country. The Harijans follow the Congress because, answering Dr. Ambedker's challenge of Mukti "Kon Pathe" (what path of salvation?), we answer back: "National Freedom." The Mahars of Maharashtra are every bit a part of the people who have fought for their national freedom in their country's history. And they will always fight for it by the side of men with whom they share their

(Continued on page 6, col. 8)

Frankly Speaking

The "King's Speech"

The King's Speech to Parliament is his only in the sense that it is read by him or on his behalf. In actual and constitutional fact it is prepared by his Ministers and represents the policy and purpose of his Government. That is why the latest Speech is no more than an echo of statements already made by the Prime Minister and the Foreign Secretary. And it calls for the same comment. "We seek no material gains" His Majesty has been made to say, "Liberty and free institutions are our birth right, which we, like our forefathers, are resolved to preserve." This is admirable so far as Britishers themselves are concerned. But what about liberty for India and the British colonies? And does not Britain seek a material gain by fighting to preserve the *status quo* in the Empire? Incidentally, we are glad to note that the King's Speech did not mention India while referring to "the spontaneous decision of my Dominions."

The Venlo Incident

What was actually behind the Venlo incident when two Britons were kidnapped by Germans The recapitulation of events by the Dutch paper, the "Telegraph" leaves no doubt as to one fact namely, that the Englishmen were forcibly taken from Dutch territory. That certainly constitutes a grave violation of Dutch neutrality, but it may be taken for granted that the Nazis will ignore all protests and demands from Holland and the fate of the Englishmen is already sealed—if they are not yet dead. But what led to this sequel?

Peace Move?

According to the Dutch semi-official statement, in the car concerned were "two Englishmen who had produced authority to show that they had permission to get into contact with the Germans to study the possibility of peace negotiations." Assuming that the Englishmen were deliberately lured to the frontier on a plausible excuse, this very plausibility raises questions. Were there peace talks going on direct between Britain and Germany? Did they have official Nazi authority at least in their origin, the Nazis having, later, changed their mind and ending the affair in typical Nazi fashion? Or were they secretly started by anti-Nazi elements and discovered and defeated by the vigilant Gestapo?

Sabotaging Prohibition?

Toddy interests in Bombay are busy again attempting to sabotage prohibition, at least to the extent of permitting the use of fermented toddy. A deputation of theirs met Mr. H. F. Knight, Adviser to the Governor of Bombay, on Thursday, and urged him either to expedite the scheme for the sale of fresh unfermented toddy products as contemplated by the Congress Ministry or, in the alternative, to permit, as in the past, the sale of fermented toddy for the sake of thousands of toddy-tappers thrown out of employment as a result of prohibition. Now, the first appeal is just and the plan of selling fresh toddy in sealed bottles and palm gur made from it deserves to be expedited. If there are difficulties in keeping fresh toddy free from fermentation for a sufficiently long period, there are, we believe, no serious difficulties in manufacturing and selling palm gur. The Prohibition Department should issue a reassuring statement on this point at an early date.

Intolerable

It is clear, however, that even if this scheme does not materialise at once, that does not at all justify the resumption of the sale of fermented toddy. Such a step would almost completely ruin the enormous good done to the city after considerable labour and expense. The reaction may even be dangerous to many drinkers. That toddy-tappers are now unemployed is certainly distressing, as is the plight of tens of thousands of other unemployed persons. Every possible attempt must be made to find suitable work for them. But to induce or encourage lakhs of men to drink liquor just to give employment to some people is both absurd and culpable. Wilful sabotaging of prohibition will not be tolerated by the Congress and the public.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Sir Gilbert Wiles said that it was given to few people to see their efforts bear fruit. Mr. Kher and Mr. Nanda should be feeling very happy indeed at the thought that their efforts for the provision of amenities for labourers had borne such ample fruit. Sir Gilbert was at present in charge of the Labour Department—he hoped it would only be for a short time—but he would assure all workers that the work which had been so enthusiastically undertaken by Mr. Kher would be continued.

—At a Labour Welfare function.

* * * *

We learn from Anglo-India that a Central Board of Information is to be established by the Government of India immediately.

The official object will be "the co-ordination of the provision and publication of news and information in every aspect through all existing channels."

* * * *

Eh, what? Yes it would be a good idea.

Yet, we don't know. You see, for one thing there is Institute of Indian Opinion here to take censuses of cross sections of typical opinions.

* * * *

In an appeal for gifts of "comforts" to Indian troops in Egypt, Anglo-India writes: "These troops are doing magnificent work and deserve something more than the sympathy of those of us here, who, fortunately for ourselves, are doing short of nothing."

We fully agree that these troops deserve something more than sympathy.

* * * *

ALL QUIET AT SUKKUR.
—Headline.

Except for some violent local activity by dacoits to which police patrols eventually reacted.

* * * *

The Finnish Premier says that acceptance of Russian demands "would mean the transfer of first-class fortifications to a foreign Power."

* * * *

But what can the poor Russians do? Don't the Finns realise that Russian security is gravely endangered without occupation of first class fortifications belonging to other Powers?

* * * *

Herr Hitler, it is officially announced by Germans, has given instructions to his military, naval and air chiefs based on his experiences of the war in Poland.

We may now safely expect a quick end to the War.

* * * *

It is rumoured in Berlin that George Elser has already been executed.

What will be his new name and where will he be executed again?

* * * *

Neutral correspondents in Berlin have been told: "We shall answer Britain's latest measures with intensified mine warfare".

We can't believe the accuracy of this journalistic report. It involves the admission that the Nazis have been laying the mines.

* * * *

Nazi leaders are reported to have sent their wives abroad.

We admire their instinct, political and domestic.

* * * *

'I hear Mrs. X is down with blood-poisoning.'

'That old gossip! I should think she must have bitten her tongue.'

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Gas meters register but they aren't allowed to vote.

After a girl has been married six months she uses fewer adjectives.

When members of a family quarrel a lot of truth is apt to leak out.

The figure sometimes has a great deal to do with making a thing bad form.

The average man considers other men wise only when they came to him for advice.

It is as hard to impose on some men the second time as it was easy to do it the first time.

Polish Methods For Western Front?

Hitler Issues Instructions

Biggest Conference Of Chiefs Of Forces & Nazi Leaders

LONDON, November 24.

The methods of the future conduct of war were outlined by Herr Hitler when he held the annual reception in Berlin.

TO USE POLISH METHODS

According to the official news agency Herr Hitler based his instructions on the experience gained during the war with Poland.

BERLIN CONFERENCE SEQUEL

This is the biggest conference that Herr Hitler has held since the outbreak of war. About 120 senior officers, including the chiefs of the different forces and leaders of the Nazi Party, were present.—Reuter.

"Defence Of India Act—Magnetic Mine"

Prakasam's Sensational Disclosures About Provincial Autonomy

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

Mr. T. Prakasam, ex-Minister of Revenue, made some sensational disclosures regarding the governance of the province while the resignation of the Ministry was imminent, while addressing the Law College students to-night. He revealed that when the war broke out, without letting the Ministers know and behind their backs officers were recalled and ordinances promulgated. Officers who had gone on leave preparatory to retirement were called back to service and the ministry was kept in the dark. In the Revenue Department of which Mr. Prakasam was the head, officers came and took charge without his knowledge and carried on business.

Incidentally Mr. Prakasam made a general reference to the working of Provincial Autonomy. He referred to a 46 year old rule framed by the Private Secretary to the then Governor which was operating even under the Congress regime. The rule laid down that the Secretary should decide which files should be disposed by himself and which others by the Ministers and Governor. In short, under that rule not Ministers but Secretaries governed. It was revolting for the Congress Ministry to function under this rule. Still adaptability was shown by the Congress and provincial autonomy was created where none existed.

Mr. Prakasam pointed out that Provincial Autonomy was killed by Britain and concluded that the autonomy boat was sunk by magnetic mines of the Defence of India Act passed by an irresponsible legislature.

SEC. 144 IN SIND VILLAGE

KARACHI, Nov. 23.

An order prohibiting the members of the public from frequenting or visiting Garhi Chakar Khan, a village in Mirpur Mathelo taluka, and from collecting, organising, forming or taking part in any procession, meeting or conference for a period of two months commencing from November 18, has been promulgated under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. by the District Magistrate of Sukkur.

In this connection, it may be mentioned that a conference of Muslim Ulemas and Sijadah-Nashins was to be held at this village on Nov. 23 and 24.—United Press.

Quetta Reinforcements For Sukkur

QUETTA, Nov. 23.

Further troop reinforcements have been sent from here to Sukkur to relieve Civil Police to enable them to deal with communal disturbances between Hindus and Muslims in outlying districts.—A.P.

Italian Ban On Arabic Weekly

(From Our Own Correspondent)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

It is understood that the Italian authorities have banned the entry of the Arabic weekly "The Egypto-Arabia, Africa and Near East Weekly News" into Abyssinia, Eritrea and Italian Somaliland. The reason being that the above-mentioned weekly publishes articles and news dealing with the Muslim and Christian affairs under Italian domination. The weekly is widely read in Arabia and Africa and is published and printed in Bombay.

S. African War Supply Chief

LONDON, Nov. 24.

It is learnt that H. J. Van Der Byl has been appointed Director-General of War Supply in South Africa.—Reuter.

A rich Sauce always heightens the flavour
Kalvert's PALATE is the latest in Sauces which is used, in Homes, Hotels and Clubs, PALATE makes dishes 100% more delicious.
PALATE
PALATE is available at every Store in India.
A. KALVERT & Co., BOMBAY 8.

Dr. Navrangial M. Mody (M. B. B. S.) of Rajkot who very recently returned from England after getting his degrees of F. R. C. S. (Edin.) and D. L. O. (London)

MINING VICTIMS

(Continued from Page 1.)

each daily. They sighted several ships but had no means of attracting their attention and saw them all disappear.

When picked up, they were exhausted and almost too weak to hold to the oars. Heavy seas had been breaking over the boat and two of them in turn had to bale out the water constantly.

Four other survivors are still missing.—Reuter.

Safe Arrival Of British Convoy

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Despite the new German mine menace, a British convoy arrived safely in the Thames last night.

It is learned authoritatively that over 200 German mines have been washed ashore on Yorkshire coast.—Reuter.

Belgian Reaction To British Decision Of Seizing German Exports

BRUSSELS, Nov. 23.

Commenting on the British decision to stop Germany's oversea exports, the Liberal and Socialist press justifies it as a countermeasure to Germany's method of naval warfare but the Catholic press is more reserved.

"Vooruit", a socialist flemish newspaper says "protests from neutrals to the British Government are certain to come but protests should also be made against the German methods."

The Socialist paper "Peuple" says, "Nobody doubted that the war would be inconvenient for neutrals but the British navy does not sink neutral ships and deliver their passengers and crew to the hazards of the sea".—Reuter.

Nazi Propaganda Exposed

LONDON, Nov. 24.

A curious feature of the recent propaganda broadcast from Germany was attribution to "New York Times" of reports to effect British battleship "Hood," "Repulse" and "Renown" being sent to Canada for repair, it being alleged that they suffered from damage in German air attacks on British naval bases. No such report ever appeared in "New York Times" for very good reason that it is untrue.

EIGHT GERMAN PLANES BROUGHT DOWN.

PARIS:—A communique says nothing of importance occurred during the night. On Thursday eight German reconnaissance planes were brought down in French territory, four by the French Air Force and one of our fighters did not return to the base.—Reuter.

U-BOAT SUNK.

PARIS:—Another U-Boat has been sent to the bottom making three sunk by the French Navy in the last few days. A survey ship saw the track of a torpedo in the moonlight, turned about went at full speed and dropped depthcharges.—Reuter.

BEST & STEVENS ALIVE IN BERLIN

LONDON, Nov. 24.

It is learned in London that Mr. Best and Captain Stevens are alive in Berlin whither they were taken after being kidnapped by the Gestapo at Venlo.—Reuter.

NAZI LEADERS' WIVES QUIT GERMANY

LONDON, Nov. 23.

Ribbentrop's wife, it is alleged, has left Germany for Brazil according to a broadcast by the Free German Station.

The announcer declared that, one after another, the wives of leading Nazis are leaving the country. He said that Frau Goering who has gone to Switzerland has been visited by Frau Goebbels. Von Neurath's wife also has gone abroad.—Reuter.

GERMANY SUFFERS SET-BACK IN TRADE TALKS

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Diplomatic circles in France are following with interest the heavy setbacks encountered by the Germans in their negotiations to obtain raw materials.

The talks in Norway after lasting from November 16 to 21 were interrupted when they had only reached the preliminary stage.

The German proposals, intended to draw Norway into German system and to reduce her trade to Britain have not been accepted.

Similarly, negotiations with Sweden have not been resumed and the talks in Rumania have given smaller results than had been hoped and it is stated that Germany has also been hampered by the refusal of the Russians to allow Rumanian goods destined for Germany to pass through the Ukraine.

Winterton Resigns

Lord Winterton has resigned his post as Paymaster General for private reasons. At the request of Lord Halifax he continues as Chairman of the Inter-Governmental Committee for Refugees.

PARIS, Nov. 23.

A communique states that there was very considerable activity in the air.—Reuter.

NAZI MOVE FOR PEACE ON REASONABLE TERMS?

More Light On Kidnapping Of British Emissaries

LONDON, Nov. 24.

With reference to the "Venlo" kidnapping affair, it is learnt on high authority in London, that suggestions had reached London from important elements of Nazi ruling circles which seemed to offer a possibility of peace on reasonable terms.

It was obviously necessary to examine the "bona fides" of these suggestions in case they might have practical importance.

Captain Stevens and Mr. Brest were entrusted with this task, which was entirely proper and did not have the remotest connection with the Munich Bomb plot.

Dutch authorities, as explained in yesterday's semi-official statement, issued at The Hague, duly were informed of the nature of the mission by Captain Stevens and Mr. Best and they had raised no objection. As a precaution to ensure that nothing was done inconsistent with Dutch Neutrality, a Dutch officer was sent to accompany the British Emissaries. The sequel is well-known. Herr Himmler's agents apparently discovered what was afoot and decided to prevent any important peace move from the German side. The idea of pretending connection with the Munich plot was probably a Gestapo after-thought.—Reuter.

ABDUCTED ACROSS FRONTIER

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 24.

A semi-official statement on the "Venlo" incident says that four people abducted across the Frontier were Mr. Best, Captain Stevens, a chauffeur from The Hague named Lemmens and Lieutenant Klop of the Dutch Military Information Service.

The day prior to the incident, Mr. Best, Captain Stevens and Lieutenant Klop met two unknown Germans at a frontier 'Cafe.' The next day a Dutch car containing these four who were later abducted, drove up to the 'Cafe' which was certainly more than twenty yards from the German frontier.

Reports are conflicting as to what exactly happened next, but according to witnesses, those who carried out the attack wore civilian clothes. Two persons stepped from the car, presumably one being the chauffeur, and were greeted by two men standing by the car. Suddenly, six men stormed round a house, shooting wildly with automatic firearms. The two men staggered and collapsed. One of them is believed to have been killed instantly.

The assailants then turned on the bystanders, threatened them with pistols and shouted to them to get inside the building. The other six put the dead and wounded into the Dutch car.

VICTIMS DISAPPEAR

In the meantime, a German car arrived from the German side of the border and took the Dutch car in tow and the attackers and victims disappeared over the border.

The whole drama occupied three minutes. Nobody was able to intervene and those who looked out of the windows were threatened with guns and compelled to remain still. The smoothness with which the attack was carried out gave the impression that it was very carefully prepared.

Gendarmes who arrived on the scene found a large number of cartridge cases suggesting that the attackers had been firing very rapidly.

The statement adds that Lt Klop was to be present at a meeting which the Englishmen intended to have at the frontier 'Cafe' because the Englishmen had produced an authority showing themselves charged with discussing with the Germans the possibility of eventual peace negotiations. On the orders of his Chief Lt. Klop was to supervise matters in the interests of Dutch neutrality. The statement further adds that Lt. Klop was present at an interview which the Englishmen had at the same 'Cafe', the previous day. On this occasion, the possibility of peace discussions was the only subject discussed. Information from German source suggests that the former meeting was also with members of the S. S. Security Service.—Reuter.

(SEE PAGE 16)

(Continued from column 7.)

sunk by shell-fire from a U. boat in the Atlantic on Thursday, according to a Spanish telegram to the Official News Agency which adds that the U.-boat accompanied the crew of 16 when they took to the lifeboats until they were rescued by a Spanish fishing boat, and were taken to a Spanish port.

Unidentified 'Planes Over Scotland

Unidentified planes passed over the north of Scotland yesterday flying in a south-westerly direction.—Reuter.

Nagesh Yawalkar, arrived by s.s. 'Conte Ross' from his world tour. He arranged exhibition of his paintins in New York, Boston, Chicago, San Francisco, Hollywood, Los Angles, London and Paris.

Nazi Terrorism In Poland Waxes

Hundreds Arrested And Several Shot Down On Strange Pretexts

CATHOLIC CHURCHES ORDERED TO PAY TITHE FOR WAR AND CUT DOWN EXPENSES

LONDON, November 24.

The news that Nazi terrorism in Poland is becoming increasingly violent has reached the semi-official Polish Telegraphic Agency, according to the Toulouse Wireless.

The Paris Radio has reported mass arrests in Cracow and other Polish cities.

The agency which is now domiciled in France reports that most severe penalties are being inflicted for even the slightest offences and scores of people are being condemned to death daily and many are shot without trial on the pretext of disobedience.

One Candle For Mass

According to the journal, "Des Debats," reports from the frontier state that Catholic organisations and parishes in Germany have been ordered to hand over ten per cent of all collections as war tribute as from 1st January.

The Bishops have been ordered to cut all expenses to the minimum. Only one candle is allowed for low mass. No new Church ornaments may be bought and only the most urgent repairs may be made.

The number of Jews in Germany and Sudetenland without Austria, Poland and Czechoslovakia has dropped from 500,000 in 1933 to 185,000 on October 1, 1939, according to a report of the Reich Association of Jews in Germany quoted by the "Rotterdamsche Courant."

Jewish Population Decreasing

An overwhelming majority have no income from work and the number without any property is extraordinarily great and of those with property only 16 per cent have as much as 5,000 marks.

No Smuggling In Through Sweden

Exports to Germany in September were slightly less than in September 1938, although Sudetenland was included in this year's figures.

Authoritative circles state that this disposes of any suggestion that goods are being "smuggled" from the United States to Germany 'via' Sweden.

The rise in imports from the United States is accounted for by state purchases for storing and the fact that imports from other sources were more difficult.

It is further pointed out that the licence system for exports ensures that re-exports do not exceed the normal level.—Reuter.

Warsaw Mayor In Concentration Camp

LONDON, Nov. 24.

M. Starzynski, Lord Mayor of Warsaw has been sent to Dachau concentration camp following recent disturbances in the city, Reuter learns in Polish circles which state that disturbances led to ten executions and numerous arrests. The despatch of M. Starzynski is described as an added punishment.—Reuter.

MINE SWEEPER DAMAGED

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The Admiralty announces that the mine-sweeper "Argonite" (315 tons) was damaged by a mine.

She subsequently sank yesterday. Four of the ratings were injured.

Fishing Vessel Sunk

A French fishing vessel was

(Continued in col. 5)

LOSS OF VOICE——
SORE THROAT——
NASAL CATARRH

can all be remedied with Burgoyne's Eucalyptus & Menthol Pastilles. Small but wonderfully potent, their healing vapour penetrates the nasal passages, the larynx and every cranny of the lungs, carrying disinfection and healing as it travels. Speakers and singers will find they have a wonderfully strengthening and clarifying effect on the voice. For those who have to enter infected areas they provide powerful protection against all germs which enter the body via the nose and mouth.

Don't wait until colds attack you or there is an epidemic about, buy a bottle to-day.

Obtainable in 1-, 2- and 4-oz. bottles from all dispensaries, pharmacies and dealers.

BURGOYNE'S
EUCALYPTUS & MENTHOL PASTILLES

BOMBAY: M. K. Shah & Co. Manhar Buildings, Lohar Chawl.
CALCUTTA: H. D. Nag, 36 Beniatola Lane.
MADRAS: South Indian Mercantile Co., 73 Mannaru Street.

Other Burgoyne Products include
EUCALYPTUS OIL
PARRISH'S CHEMICAL FOOD
COD LIVER OIL
EASTON'S SYRUP
IODISED SARSAPARILLA

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

It seems as if the Justice Party had entered en bloc for the Quick Step (Political) competition.

It would be interesting to note whether the attendance at the Races to-day is larger than that at the cricket?

As a last resort the Germans will have to export Hitler, just to preserve the balance of trade.

Hollywood has Bing Crosby just as Bombay has Barbarra Crosby. What's in a name?

It seems as if Paul Robeson has been a long time coming to Bombay.

Someone has again written a book on the Parsees. As usual it has to be in two volumes.

I noticed at the Rotary Club one of the classifications was "Beer Distributing". Is this in order in view of Prohibition?

The President of the Rotary Club can manipulate the hands of the clock so beautifully, that even when he is three minutes late, the clock still strikes half-past one.

I understand that Jockey Whiteside is going to make a bold bid for the Championship cup, now offered by the R. W. I. T. C. Already he has registered two wins a day on two occasions. He is a pleasant man to speak to, and like all jockeys stands only a few feet high, but he is rightly proud of every foot.

MINIMUM TAXABLE INCOME TO BE RAISED

Special Officer Appointed To Revise Income-Tax Act

BARODA, Nov. 23.

With a view to amending the State income-tax rules so as to raise the minimum limit of taxable income of Rs 750 and to adopt a graded scale of taxation, the Baroda Government has appointed Mr. J. N. Pandya, ex-Assistant Commissioner of Income-Tax, Bombay Presidency, as Income-Tax Officer of the State on a salary of Rs. 1,000 per mensem for six months. Mr. Pandya has assumed charge of his office.

Inquiries in informed circles reveal that the Income-Tax Act is to be revised to provide relief to the middle class people, without greatly affecting the present revenue derived from the Income-Tax. The minimum limit of the taxable income will be raised from Rs. 750 to Rs. 1,500 or thereabouts.—United Press.

Dundee's Solidarity With Calcutta Workers

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has received a cablegram from Jute workers of Dundee, England, conveying a resolution of sympathy and solidarity with the Calcutta Jute workers in the latter's efforts to secure higher wages.—United Press.

Minister Of Shipping In India

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Sir George Riddoch Campbell has been appointed to represent the Minister of Shipping in India.—Reuter.

SIROHI, Nov. 22.

Mr. Jagannath of Ludhiana has been sentenced to undergo five months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100, in default to one month's imprisonment.

He was arrested under Section 188, I.P.C. for disobeying an externment order.—United Press.

JAWAHAR AND FAZAL HAQ TO GO ON TOUR

The following is the text of a statement issued by Sir Haji Abdullah Haroon, M.L.A., Chairman of the Foreign Committee All-India Muslim League:—

Hon'ble Mr. Fazal Haq and Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru have arranged to go on tour to those provinces where the Muslims have been ill-treated by the Congress Governments, and intend to look into all those cases of ill-treatment personally.

I request the office-bearers of the Muslim Leagues in various Provinces to let Mr. S. A. M. H. Rashdi who accompanied them know immediately the places which they would like the above party to visit for the purposes of enquiry and also send him a brief summary of the facts which they desire to be covered by the said enquiry.

As the tour is to be undertaken immediately the office-bearers of the Muslim Leagues, may kindly send the above-mentioned information without any loss of time. Mr. Rashdi's present address is, Ferozepore Road, Ichhra Lahore.

NATIONALIST MUSLIM CONFERENCE

Convener's Appeal

Maulana Noor-ud-Din Behari, Convener, Nationalist Muslim Conference, has issued a statement in which he says:—

Free-thinking Muslims shall not permit the Congress to compromise with any minority and particularly with Muslim minority, because we do not want that the follies of 1916 should be repeated.

The Congress High Command should know that the A.I.C.C. has permitted it only to settle terms with the Government and not with any minority. I think that on account of different statements of the Government and the silence of the Congress High Command, nationalist Muslims are anxious to present a united front before the Congress and tear to pieces the statements of the Government and stop the Congress High Command from committing the blunder of coming to some terms with the Muslim League.

We are holding shortly a conference of all the freedom-loving Muslims in Delhi, but as Delhi alone cannot shoulder its expenses, all persons desirous of helping may please write to me, at the following address:—

Nur Uddin Bihari, Bihar Shoe Factory, Beri Wala Bagh Pul Bangash, Delhi.

NON-VIOLENCE AND NATIONAL STRUGGLE

M. N. Roy's Rejoinder To Mahatma

DEHRA DUN, Nov. 23.

"Gandhiji admits that his closest associates and most trusted lieutenants composing the Working Committee themselves have not 'assimilated non-violence with all the implications suggested by me' It is not the first time that he makes that significant admission. As a matter of fact, on several occasions, he has admitted that he himself has not come up to the ideal standard. How could, then, he insist upon perfection on the part of the millions of ordinary men and women who constitute the Congress?" asks Mr. M. N. Roy in a rejoinder to Gandhiji's reply to the letter addressed by Mr. Roy on behalf of the League of Radical Congressmen.

SCOPE OF STRUGGLE LIMITED

Explaining why he had criticised the Congress creed, Mr. Roy says: "In the first place, it limits the scope of the struggle for the attainment of the declared goal of complete independence. While pointing out that, I always insisted that the issue is not violence versus non-violence. The rejection of the cult of non-violence does not necessarily commit the movement to violence. It is a matter of perspective. Moreover, the point I insisted upon is that, for a political organisation, the programme should be purely political, free from all other considerations.

"The second reason of my opposing the so-called creed of the Congress is that it has never been adopted by the Congress as a whole. For that reason, it cannot be binding for Congressmen."

Mr. Roy concludes: "I advocate neither violence nor immorality when I maintain that all considerations on these scores are irrelevant to the political programme of the Congress. I demand a radical change of the present Congress policy".—United Press.

ILLICIT LIQUOR PRODUCTION?

Police Raid On City Den: Two Men Placed Under Arrest

BOMBAY, Friday.

A most sensational Prohibition Raid, said to be the first of its kind since the Prohibition campaign was launched in Bombay was carried out in Temkar Mohlla, opposite J. J. Hospital, by Rao Saheb Dere, Inspector Chowdhary and S. I. Miranda, who arrested Anthony Manual Rodrix and Jokin Alfouras.

On receiving certain information the Police kept a watch at House No. 30. At 7 a.m. a man was seen coming down from the building with an attache case. He was followed by the Police watchmen and when challenged, it is stated, admitted that he had 8 bottles of country liquor. He was arrested and the waiting Police Party at once rushed to the 2nd floor of the building. When the door of the room was knocked it was not opened and the Police had to get it opened with force.

In the rear room which was also closed, another man, it is alleged, was seen, by the Police, filling bottles with country liquor which was still hot. The Police searched the whole premises and during the search, it is stated, they found in a cupboard 78 bottles full of country liquor.

In a wooden box, a sum of Rs. 2,039 in currency notes and cash was found.

When the Police searched the Diwankhana three Attache Cases, apparently for carrying liquor were found. In the rear-room where, it is stated, distillation was carried out the Police found three big drums full of wash made of resin, five maunds of jaggery and other necessary materials for preparing country liquor. There were, it is stated, about a hundred bottles full of country liquor which the Police took in possession along with other things.

It is said that these persons used to prepare liquor in their house and sell one bottle for Rs. 2.

The arrested persons will be placed to-morrow before the Magistrate at Mazagaon Court.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS IN HINDU FAMILY

India Government's Committee To Suggest Improvement Measures

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

The appointment of a Committee to report on the reforms which are necessary for improving the right of the Hindu women to residence and maintenance and legislative measures necessary for giving effect to such reforms has been announced with the following personnel:—

Sir Nripendranath Sircar, Mr. Ramdas Pantulu, Dr. Dwarkanath Mitter, ex-Judge of Calcutta High Court, Mr. M. S. Aney, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Mrs. Radhabai Subbarayan, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi and Mr. K. Y. Bhandarkar, Assistant Solicitor, Government of India, who will be the Secretary of the Committee. The headquarters of the Committee will be at Calcutta.—United Press.

INTRIGUING SITUATION IN ALLAHABAD UNIVERSITY

What Salary Will Be Drawn By Vice-Chancellor?

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

The Court of the Allahabad University has upset the decision of the Executive Council of the University which some time ago reduced the salary of the Vice-Chancellor of the University from Rs. 2,000 per month to a graded scale of 1,500—100—1,750.

It appears that Government (Probably Congress, though in the course of the debate, the name of the Congress was avoided) some time ago suggested that the big salary of the Vice-Chancellor be reduced and the Government accordingly reduced their grant to the University. The Executive Council, following the suggestion of the Government passed a resolution reducing the salary of the Vice-Chancellor as desired by the Government and amended the statute of the University accordingly.

Now the question was unexpectedly raised before the Court, the supreme body of the University and the Court to-day reversed the decision of the Executive Council. An intriguing position has thus been created and it has to be seen whether the Vice-Chancellor will, in future, draw his previous salary of Rs. 2,000 or the reduced salary.

Meanwhile, Government's reduced grants to the University stand. These grants are generally calculated on the basis of salaries of Professors, Vice-Chancellor, etc., and it is a question how the University will adjust its budget in face of this action of the Court. The question is being asked whether the new Government will stand by the decision of the Congress Government. It is hoped, it will as the new Government has declared itself to be only a "trustee" of the Congress Government. It is said the Vice-Chancellor according to the decision of the Executive Council has been drawing a reduced salary for some time past.

CONGRESS WORK IN HISSAR FAMINE

(From A Correspondent.)

From the year 1934-35 to 1937-38, a large part of Hissar District yielded no harvest. September 1938 took away all hopes of winter crop and a terrible famine ensued.

The circumstances constrained the Hissar Congress to take up the relief operation in their hands.

The Committee which was formed for the purpose got Rs. 58,674/6 cash donation, 1,355 mds. grains, 331 mds. Gawar, 22,235 new and 32,324 old clothes and 800 mds. of fodder. Grain 2,680 mds. 12 srs. 8 Chhatanks were distributed 2,312 maternity cases were helped, 56,837 clothes of all sort were distributed. In 24 villages arrangement was made to provide drinking water, 80 stud bulls were provided grain and fodder. In 228 villages seed grain was distributed and 12,047 Bighas of land was got ploughed by the committee for the poor peasants. The Punjab Spinners' Association was given Rs. 5,000 to start operations in the district and as a result of it 4,000 women and 200 weavers got work and the wages disbursed among them was Rs. 27,058. The committee also helped in the matter of import of fodder, in the grain Taccavi fodder, etc.

The Government too had to spend about Rs. 41 lakhs in relief operations, it gave Rs. 15 lakhs Taccavi loans but in spite of it the number of cattle dwindled from 6 lakhs to 4 lakhs.

Bengal To Train Rice Expert In Japan

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

The Bengal Legislative Council accepted to-day a non-official resolution requesting the Bengal Government to send an expert to Japan for training with a view to improving the yield of rice cultivation in the province.

The Council also adopted a resolution for the stricter control of films and publication of film pictures.—United Press.

Governor On Burma's Future

"Progressive Realisation Of Responsible Govt."

RANGOON, Nov. 24.

The following communique was issued from Government House to-day:

His Excellency, with the authority of His Majesty's Government, made the following statement to the Ministers at Government House this morning: "In the statement which, with the full authority of His Majesty's Government, I made on November 7, I said that His Majesty's Government had reaffirmed the declaration made by the Secretary of State for India on January 20, 1931. That Declaration affirmed that the constitutional objective for Burma after separation from India 'will remain progressive realisation of responsible Government in Burma as an integral part of the Empire.'

This definition of the objective for separated Burma is in the same words as were used in August, 1917, in what is known as the Montagu Declaration in relation to India, 'the gradual development of self-governing institutions with a view to the progressive realisation of responsible Government in India as an integral part of the British Empire'.

On November 1 1929, the Governor General of India was authorised on behalf of His Majesty's Government to state clearly that 'in their judgment it is implicit in the Declaration of 1917, that the natural issue of India's constitutional progress, as there contemplated, is the attainment of Dominion Status.'

I am now, in my turn as Governor of Burma, authorised on behalf of His Majesty's Government to state that in their judgment, the natural issue of Burma's constitutional progress through the gradual development of self-governing institutions with a view to progressive realisation of responsible Government in Burma is the attainment of Dominion Status."—A. P.

HARIJANS AND THE CONGRESS

(Continued from page 6)

patriotism. Religious conversion is not the path that leads to the emancipation of our people. Moreover, we have now realized that the movement inaugurated by Dr. Ambedkar for conversion of the Harijans 'en masse' was just a stunt. The Sikhs have also now realized that they have been disillusioned by the mirage of Harijan conversion to Sikhism. During the last few weeks, a number of Harijan leaders in all the provinces have repudiated the suggestion that the Harijans are aligning themselves with forces and elements that are obstructing the path of our country's freedom. The masses of our people are ignorant. But however ignorant they may be, however exploited they may remain, they posses the qualities of nationalism and patriotism. They are fighting and will continue to fight for the assertion of their rights, social political and economic. But they cannot hope to come into their own until the principles of democracy are proclaimed and applied to the government of this country. They constitute a limb of the body paralyzed through the breakdown of the vasomotor function. Can you breathe life into it? The world history gives an answer. Look at Europe, the cockpit of inter-racial strife—the Balkans, Central and South Eastern Europe reduced to chaos and disintegration through sharpening of the racial (analogous to communal) jealousies, hatreds, passions..

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Our Readers' Views

Abolish The Pentangular

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The set of matches arranged at the Brabourne Stadium are, as we all know, run on purely communal lines. The Hindus and the Europeans, the Parsees and the Muslims fight against each other, and each has the ambition of crushing his opponent. The result of all this is evident. In the end there is every possibility of one community turning up against the other, thus causing a great deal of communal disharmony. Animated feelings will be created not only among the players, but in the entire communities they represent. The feelings of the vanguished will obviously be roused against the victor, and communal riots may result. All this is a great set-back to the social and moral progress of the entire counry which is in great danger these days. We of the sporting world are trying to create disharmony amongst ourselves, when our respected leaders are busy solving the communal problem! What a pity!!

'If there is one thing that should be above individuals and communities, it is sport'. We of the Sporting World should have nothing to do with communities and individuals Once we are on our respected leaders are busy the sports field, we should forget all our differences All should be one, and one should be all.

'It is, indeed, a sad commentary on the state of affairs in our own sporting world that tournaments and athletic meetings conducted on purely communal lines should find significant favour with players and spectators alike'. This evil should be put an end to immediately, and our country saved from further disaster. To put it in plain words, the 'Pentangular' is a devil guised in the apparel of an angel If we are desirous of bringing about communal harmony, we should see that the 'Pentaugular' is abolished outright, and in its place tournaments conducted on purely non-communal lines brought into existence.—Yours, etc.

VED PRAKASH DUSAJ.

Prince Of Wales Museum

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I wonder what plans the Trustees of the Prince of Wales Museum have in view to protect against air raids the valuable works of Art and archaeological specimens housed in the Museum. Recent events have shown that precautions against air raids in case of museums and art galleries generally precede the outbreak of war. But, in spite of the war having being on for over two months the authorities of the Prince of Wales Museum of Bombay are not known to have moved in the matter.

I should like to suggest that the exhibits which are portable can be shifted to safer places out of Bombay and exhibited for the benefit of the local public; and others which can not be conveniently shifted be adequately protected by sand bags and other devices.

The trustees should also consider the necessity of providing underground arrangements which could, in normal times, be utilised for museum purposes.—Yours, etc.

I. B. PATEL.

Sarsa (via Anand), Nov. 20.

Parsi Prohibition Committee

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—When the Parsi Prohibition Committee was appointed at a 'Samast Anjuman' meeting, no honest Parsi would have dreamt that the Committee would presume to represent Parsi opinion on purely political questions. That was not the function of this Committee and its deviation into channels where it has no right to go is entirely unconstitutional and unbecoming.

There are one or two other Committees appointed at other 'Samast Anjuman' meetings called in honour of some prominent deceased Parsis. One may at this rate expect such Committees to come out with statements on the war guilt of Hitler, or what is a favourite theme with the titled Parsis, who swarm into such Committees, their unending and unbending loyalty to the British Crown!

Though the non-Parsi public may be struck by the glamour of big names in such committees, most Parsis know how and when 'Samast Anjuman' meetings are held, generally to honour the departed and rarely for what some 'kom-sevaks' with more leisure on their hands than they know what to do with, consider 'life and death' questions affecting the community. It is easy to collect a couple of thousand signatures on a requisition and there you have the 'Samast Anjuman' meeting attended by about twenty-five per cent. of the signatories and hardly one per cent. of the community. At the fag end of the meeting, a list of 75 to 100 personalities, including most of the title holders, previously fixed up by the organisers, being the 'kom-sevaks' abovementioned, is mumbled out or slurred over and there you have the Committee appointed at a 'Samast Anjuman' meeting! About ten per cent. of the members of the Committee attend its meetings regularly and more than half the number soon forget that they are on any such Committee.

The greatest slap in the face that the Prohibition Committee could have received is the continuation of the prohibition policy of the Congress Government by the Governor after assumption of all powers. It is significant that the Committee has been conveniently silent on this point. This shows that even with the Governor, invariably esteemed as the "paterfamilias" of the class of persons constituting the Committee, the arguments and work of the Committee do not hold water.

Possibly one of the worst instances of rank ingratitude in the statement is the reference to religious beliefs in spite of all facilities of intoxicating drinks for religious ceremonies having been extended.

The Committee's criticism of Congress ill-accords with its own record of ameliorative work for the prohibition unemployed. In the interview given to Dr. K. K. Dadachanji by Dr. Gilder and published in the 'Kaiser-i-Hind', the Committee's bungling of the situation was amply shown. In spite of all volubility and lip sympathy, some of the bigwigs in the community have hardly helped their unemployed brethren with even 5 per cent. of their monthly income while being themselves millionaires, and that not recurring, but given only once.

Every self-respecting, clear-thinking Parsi will hang down his head in shame as the only right and liberty claimed in the statement, alleged to be made on behalf of the Parsis, for the community is the right and liberty to drink and make others drink intoxicants (and get drunk, if they want to)! Indeed Dadabhoy Navroji, by whom this Committee and its like will swear individually and collectively, must be shuddering in the other world, at this valuation of the worth of his Community, for he was the greatest prohibitionist of all times, and even gave up a lucrative partnership, because the firm was dealing in intoxicants!.—Yours, etc.

M. J. G.

Uniformity In Teachers' Salaries

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—A variety of schedules of pay have been found in all non-government schools. This is baseless and therefore useless. The new Provident Fund Scheme has already assured all the teachers of the sympathy and support of the Bombay Government. It will be in the interest of all the teachers if scales of pay are uniformed in all the aided schools.

To give effect to this suggestion schools should be grouped as Society Schools and Municipal Schools. In all district-town-schools the scales of pay should be the same throughout the Presidency of Bombay. In the same way in all taluka-town-schools the schedules of pay should be the same. In exceptional cases the annual income from all sources should be taken into consideration to form the schedule of pay. This uniformity will in a way check teachers who run from one school to another on the pretext of a good salary or scale. It should be the duty of all inspectors of secondary schools to see that these new schedules are propefly followed. This will minimise exploitation of teachers by local bodies.

Will the Government consider this sympathetically.—Yours, etc.

S. Y. SHINTRE.

"Bakri Id"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle,"

Sir,—In the list of holidays published from year to year by the Government of Bombay, one comes across a queer name, and it is "Bakri Id." God alone knows who that learned gentleman was who first introduced such a term to devote the Id-uz-Zuha which is celebrated after the Hajj. I would request the Holiday Committee to correct this name for good and replace it by Id-uz-Zuha, a name which is current all over India.—Yours, etc.,

"A MUSLIM."

Bombay, Nov. 18.

Petrol Pumps

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In these days of acute depression, unemployment has increased in Bombay due to prohibition, and war, whereby thousands are jobless. There comes another bombshell in petrol business, whereby several pumps on the footpath will be abolished from 1st January, 1940. There are pumps which cause no obstruction at all to the traffic nearby. Where is the justification, then, on the part of petrol companies to deprive people of their legitimate business and thus throw many out of employment. This will also cause hardship to public as a quota system will not freely serve all the clients. During the present war, it is not desirable to deprive people of business. May I appeal to the Motor Merchants' Association immediately to take this matter up with the authorities and save people? I trust that the authorities will reconsider and extend the period of licence at least during the duration of present war.—Yours, etc.,

"ONE WHO KNOWS."

Muslim Holidays

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In to-day's issue of your paper "A Muslim," while emphasizing the need of adding one more Sectional Holiday, i.e., the 2nd day of Id-uz-Zuha, seems to have lost sight of the importance of the 27th day of the month of Ramzan. This day, too, like other Muslim holidays, is observed by the Muslims all over the country, and is a sectional holiday in almost all provinces. I would, therefore, urge that this day (Shab-e-Qadr) falling on the 27th day of Ramzan be also granted as a Sectional holiday to Muslims.

As regards the concession of leaving 1|2 hour earlier during the month of Ramzan, I may point out that it is totally inadequate. Upto 1937 Muslims were allowed at least one hour's concession to enable them to reach their homes in time for breaking their fast. The reduction of the concessional time has undoubtedly put them n a very awkward position. Will the authorities kindly place the concession at its former time-limit?—Yours, etc.

"ANOTHER MUSLIM."

Nov. 18, 1939.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Municipal Servants

TRUTH says: "Will Government please see to the sorry plight of municipal servants and amend the model rules so as to enable them to retire at 60."

Is India In Danger?

D. R. D. says: "It is really inconceivable that with the existing war situation in Europe, and the anxiety of all the nations at war to cater for the moral sympathy and neutrality, if not active help, from all the remaining nations who are out of the war so far, any of the European powers including Germany will ever think of attacking India by air or sea."

Goan Youth League

Mr. KITCHENER D'COSTA leader of the above League, appeals to all Goans irrespective of caste, creed or community to join the League and stand for International Peace and Freedom.

Baroda State

PATEL GULAM MAHOMED SALEJI says: "On account of the existance of the joint electorate the Muslims of Baroda State have raised their voice against it and have demanded in equivocal terms the separate electorate by holding the provincial conferences at Kathor, Petlad, Mehsana, etc. In short as long as the Muslims are not granted the separate electorate with the reservation of seats, they will ever remain dissatisfied."

Bhagwanlal Indraji Road

KANTILAL D. KORA says: "Will the Bombay Corporation and other civic bodies in Gujarat and Kathiawar think it worthwhile to name a road in memory of the great Indian scholar, whose studies provide useful and valuable basis? I think, the Bombay Corporation will not lag behind in this matter, who has in the past honoured such scholars."

Congress And League

P. J. EDITOR says: "The deliberate obstinacy of the Congress in refusing to acknowledge the Muslim League as a body politic representing the real interests and voicing the sentiments of the Mahomedan community of India shows how mean attitude the Congress is capable of adopting in violation of all canons of justice, fair play and equity by relying on its superior numerical strength. If the Muslim League has no right to speak on behalf of the Muslims of India then what right has the Congress, which is mainly dominated by a handful of Hindu Oligarchy, to speak on behalf of the Indian Nation as a whole to the utter disregard of the interests of the minorities whose goodwill and sympathy it has, in my opinion, completely and irretrievably lost?"

Wadala Village

N. M. M. says:

I wish to bring to the knowledge of the public the extremely neglected, insanitary, damp and filthy state of Wadala village in the proximity of the Dadar-Matunga Colony in north Bombay. The Wadala village reminds of cinderella of the Fairy Tales when I compare it with the other localities under Bombay Municipality blessed with all the amenities of civilized life. As various representations to Bombay Municipal authorities seem to have fallen on deaf ears I have been obliged to invite the attention of the authorities through your journal.

National Language And Script

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The National Language of India should be Hindustani and the National Script should be Urdu for writing and Devnagri for printing.

The Urdu script is most suitable for writing. In horizontal writings, the horizontal strokes and dots (e.g. Short-hand) add to the ease and the speed of writing. The increase in the ease and the speed of writing is a great advantage, not to be overlooked. While the Urdu script is suitable for writing, it is not suitable for printing. The existing Devnagri is also not quite suitable for printing; still to-day there is in existence a modified form of Devnagri, of which the greatest advocate is Kaka Kaleikar, which does away with many of the defects, with regards to printing of the original Devnagri.

Every Indian who can read and write his or her mother-tongue is bound to learn either some form of Devnagri, or script or the Urdu script. Thus for learning the National Sript, he or she has to learn some 35 or 42 letters more. This might not be true of some one or two provinces, but here also majority of the literate learn the Devnagri script.

A National Language with a National Script that would set at rest the doubts and misgivings of all, which no amount of 'defining Hindustani' can do, would surely help a good deal in bringing the two biggest communities of India together. There are not any big issues that keep them apart. Small things have uptil now kept them separate and a little 'give and take' in small matters would permanently keep them together.—Yours, etc.

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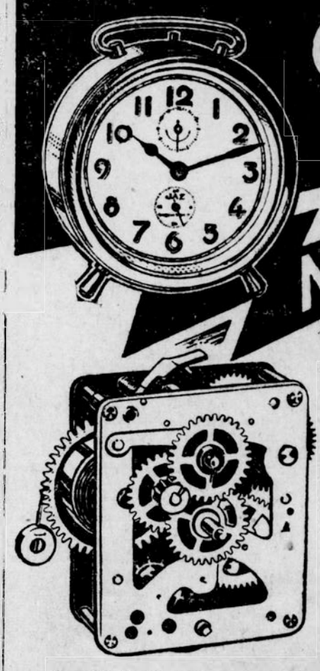

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PSC/49

GOLDEN IN COLOUR • GOLDEN IN QUALITY

Uday Shankar To-day At Novelty

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO SEE FINE DANCES AT MODERATE PRICES

Uday Shankar and his troupe have extended their season in Bombay by three days commencing from to-day (Saturday).

In response to the special request of students and the general public they will appear at the Novelty Theatre, near Grant Road Bridge, which has been selected for the convenience of the residents of the middle class localities in the heart of the city. The rates of tickets have also been reduced for the benefit of those who could not afford to see the show during the past week.

For this occasion the Super Film Exhibitor, who control the Novelty, have considerably improved the seating arrangements and introduced several amenities in the theatre which has been for some months past showing Indian pictures of well-known producers.

The programme has been carefully selected so as to include several new dances never presented before, as also others which have proved very popular during the past week. Those to be shown on Saturday are "Rasik" by Uday Shankar, Simkie and Zohra; "Uttara" by Amala; "Snake Charmer"; "Patra Lip!"; "Ras Leela"; "Rhythm of Life"; "Indra" and the "Tandav Nrittya" ballet. This will be followed on Sunday by a change of programme which will include "Shanum" by Simkie and other girls "Varsha Mangal" by Zohra and Uzra, "Hunter" dance by Debendra, "Yuddha Yatra," the colourful "Bhil" dance, "Vilasa," "Chitrasena," "Kartikeya" and the "Shiva Parvati Nrittya Dwandwa" ballet. On Monday there will be a farewell programme, after which the party will leave for Poona.

Kay Francis and Cary Grant in "In Name Only" at the New Empire.

Deanna Durbin in "Three Smart Girls Grow Up" revived at Capitol.

Hedy Lamarr and Robert Taylor "Lady Of The Tropics" at Metro.

Hedy Lamarr Comes To Metro

EXOTIC BEAUTY CO-STARRED WITH ROBERT TAYLOR IN "LADY OF THE TROPICS"

An adventurous romance teeming with the usual melodrama of life and love is to be seen in "Lady of the Tropics", at Metro. Two of filmdom's most "glamorous" stars, Robert Taylor and the eagerly-awaited Hedy Lamarr, making her second motion picture appearance, play the lovers in the story.

Any doubts that might have been held because of Miss Lamarr's overnight jump to fame with her American debut in "Algiers" will be dispelled by "Lady of the Tropics." Not only is she more beautiful than ever but she plays the difficult, many-sided role of Manon with such a combination of sympathy and dramatic force.

Robert Taylor, cast as Bill Carey, young American who falls madly in love with the gorgeous Manon, is not such a bad actor after all. And he is as handsome as ever!

To Jack Conway, director of such outstanding hits as "Viva Villa!" and "Too Hot to Handle," must be given added laurels for his satisfactory handling of this picture.

The action revolves around the love of Bill Carey, a penniless playboy, for Manon, whom he meets in Saigon, Indo-China. They are married, despite the warnings of friends that the "inscrutable" East (Is the East really more inscrutable than the West?) is strongly in Manon's veins. Then Bill finds it impossible to get a passport for his wife to leave the country. For Pierre Delaroch, an influential half-caste, is himself in love with Manon and exerts his powers to keep her in the country.

Reduced to abject poverty, Bill's fruitless search for work is ended when he obtains a job on a rubber plantation through the machinations of Delaroch. But this is only a ruse on the latter's part to try to reach Manon. This is discovered by Bill, but to give away the conclusion of the picture would be to forestall the pleasure of seeing one of the greatest climaxes of the sound screen.

Joseph Schildkraut, already an Academy Award winner, wins fresh plaudits for his characterization of the vicious, yet withal, pathetic Delaroch. A lighter note is introduced by Gloria Franklin, a newcomer who expertly handles the part of a delightfully uninhibited friend of Manon.

A Wife 'In Name Only'!

Kay Francis, Carole Lombard, Cary Grant At Empire

How a wife's mercenary interest in her husband restrains her from giving him his freedom so that he may marry the woman he really loves is the thematic basis of "In Name Only," at New Empire, starring Carole Lombard, Cary Grant and Kay Francis.

A story of modern marriage, "In Name Only" casts Grant and Miss Francis as the unhappily married pair, Grant as the son of a millionaire real estate operator and Miss Francis as a thoroughly selfish woman who married him only for his prospects and his social position.

When Grant meets Miss Lombard, a young widow, they fall in love with each other. He appeals to his wife to give him his freedom. But Miss Francis has cleverly endeared herself to Grant's family, who think she is an ideal daughter-in-law, and she refuses to give up her position. Further, she threatens Grant and his family, Miss Lombard and her five-year-old daughter with scandalous notoriety if Grant dares to take any steps. The consummation of Miss Lombard's romance with Grant springs from a series of pulsating dramatic episodes which speed "In Name Only" to a heart-punching denouement.

Charles Coburn, Helen Vinson, Katharine Alexander, Jonathan Hale and Maurice Moscovich are importantly featured in "In Name Only."

TIME MARCHES ON!

Vital Fact Film At Regal

"The March of Time" at the Regal presents in its latest monthly issue, an important and thought-provoking film story. "Britain, Peace and Propaganda."

By definition, says the "Voice of Time," propaganda is any organized effort, whether good or bad, to direct public thought. The film surveys first the New York World's Fair, greatest publicity display the world has ever seen, in which are represented fifty-nine foreign nations, anxious to foster goodwill and friendship among the American people by propaganda. Russia's pavilion towers high in the Court of Peace, Japan's exhibit stresses her culture—not war, Italy glorifies her achievements under seventeen years of Fascist rule. One great nation does not participate in the World's Fair—Nazi Germany. The theme of the British exhibit is the strong common bond existing between Great Britain and the United States; in her pavilion are displayed the 700-year-old Magna Charta—basis of British laws of liberty and America's Bill of Rights, also a carefully traced account of George Washington's British ancestry, and replicas of the crowns of the United Kingdom.

In this film "The March of Time" has gone beyond the headlines of each day's news, in order to discover the deep dramatic role that millions of ordinary people are playing, both in America and Europe, in the rapidly unfolding story of international peace and co-operation. To-day the governments of every nation are making use of propaganda, and for the purpose of studying and understanding this force in the world, a new Institute for Propaganda Analysis has been formed in New York. By referring to several conclusions arrived at by this Institute, "The March of Time" cameras turn from the foreign exhibits in the World's Fair to visit some of the countries represented there, with a view to finding out the true state of these nations. And they discover that after twenty troubled post-war years, most European countries are planning vast and expensive defence programmes, ready to meet the invasion they fear in the case of another war. (Filmed before the outbreak of the present war, these scenes are portentous in their significance.

Gracie Allen, Detective!

Comedy-Cum-Thriller At Excelsior

With a plot based on a story by the late S. S. Van Dine, Gracie Allen in one of the featured roles, and a large cast of other featured players including Warren William as Philo Vance, Ellen Drew, Kent Taylor and Judith Barrett, S. S. Van Dine's "The Gracie Allen Murder Case" is seen this week at Excelsior. Designed to amuse and thrill, the picture places plenty of emphasis on Miss Allen's insane comedy without neglecting the thrilling moments to be excepted in a Van Dine story.

Since Gracie is a key character in the picture, much of the murderous action centers around her early in the proceedings. She has been taken to his company's picnic by her uncle, and introduced to Kent Taylor. Kent is in love with Ellen Drew, but they've had a tiff because she won't listen to his proposals of marriage.

DIRTY WORK AFOOT!

A situation like that is fun for Gracie, who immediately invites Kent to have lunch with her—even though she's forgotten the lunch. She and Kent park beneath a rustic bridge to enjoy what food they've been able to borrow and buy.

Meanwhile, there is plenty of dirty work afoot. Benny the "Buzzard" is in the vicinity! He phones Jerome Cowan, night club proprietor, to come, pick him up. Judith Barrett, one of his entertainers, overhears the conversation and makes pointed inquiries.

As Gracie and Kent are whiling away the time, a car passes over the bridge. A cigarette drops from it to Gracie's dress burning a hole in it. Kent picks it up, and notes that it smells of bitter almond and "Kiss Me" perfume. Gracie decides to keep the cigarette.

GRACIE FINDS BODY.

That night, in Cowan's club, Gracie finds the "Buzzard" dead. She accuses Kent of the murder because she can identify the cigarette case found near the body as his. Ellen Drew is so upset that she calls in Philo Vance—Warren William—to help her loved one.

With Gracie continually in Warren William's hair, misplacing clues or hiding them, or searching for the "mysterious woman," the picture rolls on through thrills and laughter to an interesting conclusion.

SEZ HE!

"Bombay, India, is the port of mystery. Pictures with a Bombay setting are able to capitalize on the mystic, incense-burning qualities . . ."

Jack Conway, Director of "Lady of the Tropics."

Ellen Drew and Warren William in "The Gracie Allen Murder Case" at Excelsior.

Gordon Harker in "Inspector Hornleigh" at Regal, with Alastair Sim.

DEANNA SINGS AT CAPITOL

"Three Smart Girls Grow Up" Revived

Deanna Durbin fifth consecutive film "Three Smart Girls Grow Up" is revived this week at the Capitol.

Deanna sings four songs in "Three Smart Girls Grow Up", beautiful, well-chosen numbers, semi-classics. They are "The Last Rose of Summer", from Flotow's opera "Martha"; "La Capinera", by Sir Julius Benedict; "Invitation to the Dance," by Weber, with Charles Henderson's special vocal arrangement; and "Because", by Edward Teschemacher and Guy D'Hardelot.

NORMA SHEARER AT BROADWAY

Norma Shearer and Tyrone Power are co-starred in "Marie Antoinette," the spectacular picture revived this week at the Broadway, Dadar.

New Screen Sleuth

"Inspector Hornleigh" At Regal

Sherlock Holmes has his two-way cap and magnifying glass. Mr. Moto has his spectacles. Charlie Chan has his Chinese proverbs. Philo Vance has his Regie cigarettes. And Father Brown has his clerical garb.

Now into this distinguished company comes an amazing new sleuth. "Inspector Hornleigh". And Hornleigh has a distinguishing characteristic that's odder than all the rest. The detective never ventures out without his umbrella!

"Inspector Hornleigh," who will thrill you at the Regal Theatre in person of Gordon Harker in the 20th Century production of that title, has another characteristic that sets him apart from all other fictional sleuths, past and present. He's a philatelist, and when he isn't tracking down a blood-thirsty murderer, he can generally be found hot on the trail of a rare stamp. As a matter of fact, it is only with the greatest difficulty that his comedy assistant, played by Alastair Sim, succeeds in tearing him away from a stamp auction when he is called in to unravel the amazing murder mystery that motivates the plot of the film.

Also prominent in the cast of "Inspector Hornleigh" are Hugh Williams, Steve Geray, Wally Patch, Edward Underdown and Miki Hood.

"Her Jungle Love" At Bandra

From to-day for four days Bandra Talkies is to screen Paramount Picture's romance on a tropic South Sea island. "Her Jungle Love" starring Dorothy Lamour with Ray Milland, Lynne Overman and J. Carrol Naish.

PRODUCER TURNS AUTHOR

Y. A. Fazalbhoy's "The Indian Film"

THE INDIAN FILM.—A review, by Y. A. Fazalbhoy, with a preface by S. Satyamurti. Bombay Radio Press, 169 Tardeo Road, Bombay. Price Rs. 2.

This is a useful little book giving in a compact form much information about various aspects of the Indian film industry. The appendices which provide statistics about imports of Raw and Exposed films, the number and names of cinemas in India, analysis of films according to languages, are perhaps the most valuable part of the book.

Mr. Fazalbhoy is himself a producer, being a partner of General Films (now National Studios) and is rightly concerned about the lack of Government support to the industry and the want of support from bankers, financiers and the investors. But we are glad to note that he has also laid emphasis on the need for "organisation of production" on improved lines. The constructive suggestions he makes in this Chapter ought to be seriously considered by his brother-producers.

Rather sketchily Mr. Fazalbhoy touches upon diverse problems—from Distribution to publicity, from News Reels to Artistes' Salaries and he makes certain statements which are liable to be disputed. We did not know, for instance, that "Salaries of members of the acting staff vary from Rs. 150 to Rs. 4,000 or 5,000 a month." (one would like to know the names of the stars getting more than Rs. 2,500 a month while we know of well-known feature players getting less than hundred rupees a month). While discussing film criticism, it is amusing to find Mr. Fazalbhoy saying "The Indian Film Critic of the more irresponsible type, however, devotes his greatest attention to finding out even the smallest defects and placing them prominently before the public to the exclusion of the many really excellent qualities which the picture may have". More familiar to us is the type of Film Critic (favourite of the producers and advertisement managers alike) who lavishes the most unbounded, irresponsible, praises on even third rate pictures, provided their producers advertise on a large enough scale!

K. A. A.

A Music Director On

Ten Years Of Film Music

The Story Must Decide The Tunes!

By R. C. Boral

(The well-known New Theatres music director makes some thought-provoking remarks about his craft).

Film-music, as we know, is a modern innovation. Within ten years it has established itself as an essential ingredients of films.

But in writing about film-music, it is in the first place necessary to take into account the copious literature already existing on his subject. For one thing, hardly has this literature put on record the enormous difficulty that from the very beginning is threatening the rise of music to predominance in films.

It is not my aim here to hold any brief for whatever development there has been. But I would merely state that cinema music is on the way to definite progress in spite of every fear and folly, although it is yet far from arriving at a mature stage of development. Obviously it is, at present, somewhere between the job of a novice and that of an expert.

It seems to me that a music director's ability will be to the extent he can understand the relative importance of the role he plays in the making of a film. He should always bear in mind that music in a film is just only a colour that adds to its lustre but a very necessary colour. Possibly without this 99 films out of hundred will cause a sort of dulness that will be unbearable dulness.

LET THE STORY DECIDE.

Besides, often ten years of close association in this line I am now inclined to think that there is no hard and fast rule about the use of music in films. It is the story that should always decide the style of music to be used. One is tired of hearing "New Theatres music has a style." This is all wrong. Only, New Theatres do not follow the general practice of using popular compositions in each and every picture. Often I have to hesitate and pause before I finally decide which style I should introduce in a particular film.

CO-ORDINATION LACKING.

I must, however, confess here that within these ten years much better results could have been obtained. Unfortunately, conditions essential to co-ordinated work and to personal creative freedom, exist only in a small percentage of film produced. The film director with little or no knowledge of music will sit to dictate what the music director should do. And if the latter is a style-maniac himself, he will retain portion of his style and sacrifice the rest to please the director, the resultant composition then becomes one more akin to noise than to music. Finally, the sound recordist will step in who by his utter lack of the sense of balancing, will kill whatever little music there has already been left. This is what generally happens. It looks as though, good result as far as music is concerned, is still an accident rather than the product of a system.

But it will be unfair for me to conclude the article with a note of pessimism. There is at present an increasing tendency to value co-ordinated work and I can safely look forward to the day when better film-music than anything that has been heard so far, will be contributed to the screen systematically.—"India To-morrow."

CHIC—Kananbala in "Jawani Ki Rit", New Theatres coming release.

NORMA SHEARER, in "Marie Antoniette" revived at the Broadway.

Educational Films

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It would have been better if the Indian film companies had invested some of their capital in producing educational films. In the present-day world, the film has come to play an important part in moulding the country's destiny, such as, ridding the country of illiteracy, impressing upon the public advantages of prohibition, as films teach the illiterate as well as the literate. Apart from giving entertainment, such films impart useful information.

Historical films should not be given much importance. With a few ones which are necessary to keep the public in the know of chronological events, the rest are not only useless but harmful owing to majority of our past history pertaining to communal fights (e.g., fight between the Mahratta and Moghul Empires), which tend to increase the communal dissensions, and the earlier these are put down, the better for the future of the nation.

Social films do influence the public generally, touching the evils of society such as dowry system, child-marriage, family-bickerings, etc. These must be encouraged because the morals thereof reach every man while whiling away his well-earned rest.

—Yours, etc.,

DAYANAND.

CHALLENGE OF THE BROOMSTICK!—Gohar as she appears in "Achhut", Ranjit picture awaiting release.

CONGRESS MINISTRY'S PROGRAMME WILL BE CONTINUED

SIR GILBERT WILES' ASSURANCE TO WORKERS

"I am now in charge of the Labour Department—I believe only for a temporary period—but I may assure all the workers that the work which is so generously and enthusiastically undertaken by the Prime Minister, Mr. Kher, would be continued, and I may tell the workers that while this work is carried on with the same enthusiasm, I shall be at their back," declared Sir Gilbert Wiles at a function held at the Rambilas Anandilal Podar Recreation Centre on Thursday.

A working class sports function at the Rambilas Anandilal Podar Labour Recreation Centre, DeLisle Road, was the occasion for bringing together on the same platform for the first time after the resignation of the Congress Ministry the ex-Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Leader of the Congress Party in the Municipal Corporation Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, and Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, ex-Parliamentary Secretary (Labour), on one side and on the other, Sir Gilbert Wiles, and Mr. H. F. Knight, Advisers to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

SPORTING ITEMS.

The ground was decorated with flags and palm tree leaves and was chalked out for holding the sports.

The final sports events which included running races, frog races, skipping races, potato races etc., began exactly at 4-30 p.m. At the conclusion of the sports the President, Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, distributed the prizes to the successful competitors who were forty in number, mostly small girls and boys of 8 to 12 years.

WORK AT CENTRE.

Sjt. Gulzarilal Nanda, Hon. Commissioner for Amenities to Industrial Labour, traced the history and made a comprehensive survey of the activities of the Labour Welfare Department. The present daily attendance varies between 1,000 and 1,500. Mr. Nanda hoped to see about two dozen centres of this type in the labour areas of the city of Bombay for the benefit of the working class population. Thanking for the donation of the Podars, Mr. Nanda said that the charity could not be directed to a better purpose than this.

WELFARE PROGRAMME

Mr. B. G. Kher said that the Congress Ministry had chalked out an ambitious programme for the amelioration of the working classes, but only a fraction of that could be given effect to. He mentioned the wage increase, the work of the Rent Enquiry Committee, the Textile Labour Enquiry Committee as well as the introduction of Prohibition which have proved to be such a great boon to the workers. The workers are responsible for creating a major part of the nation's wealth and their welfare should be the first duty of any Government. Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda who has been working for the welfare of the workers was responsible for bringing the Recreation centres in the city of Bombay. This centre has become a source of joy and happiness to thousands of working class children and adults. Children are the treasures of a family. These poor children were denied the joy and happiness which is their due and which the children of the rich alone could have. It was evident that the object of opening the Centre was fulfilled and he hoped that the Labour Welfare programme would be continued. Mr. Kher stressed the need of developing unemployment relief and subsidiary occupations. Then he thanked the Podars for their munificent gift.

TRIBUTE TO PODARS.

Sir Gilbert Wiles was then invited to speak. He said: "I thank the organisers for having invited me for this celebration and given me an opportunity for speaking a few words. I would have spoken in Marathi but I regret I cannot. I will speak in my own language to-night. It is given to a few persons to see their efforts bear fruit so soon. Mr. Kher and Mr. Nanda should be feeling very happy to-night to see this fruit of their work. In this work Mr. B. G. Kher was the Commander, Mr. Nanda his Field Marshal, thanks to whose effective execution we are having such a magnificent building thronged with the innocent children of the poor labourers of the locality enjoying various amusements. We owe this magnificent building to the generosity of the Podar family. I am now in charge of the Labour Department—I believe only for a temporary period—but I may assure all the workers that the work which is so generously and enthusiastically undertaken by the Prime Minister would be continued and I may tell the workers that while this work is carried on with the same enthusiasm I shall be at their back. I am again thanking the organisers."

PODARS' GOOD EXAMPLE

Mr. Knight, who followed spoke in Marathi. He was glad to see this successful function. He congratulated Bala Saheb Kher and Mr. Nanda on the magnificent work they had put in. The Government, he continued, would help such work. Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, the Chairman, expressed his gratification at the most laudable work that was being done at the Labour Welfare Centre. He never dreamt that he would be witnessing a function of such great value in the Labour locality and he would ever remain indebted to Podars for having suggested to him to preside over such function. He appreciated the efforts of the Podars for the welfare of the poor workers and expressed a wish that the other millowners would follow the Podars in helping the cause of the Labour Welfare Work. He congratulated Mr. Kher and Mr. Nanda on the success they had achieved.

Mr. Ramnath Podar thanked the organisers and referred to the efficient work of Mr. Ram, the Labour Welfare Officer and the other workers of the Labour Welfare Department who had organised in a short time a very successful programme.

The Chairman was then garlanded. Afterwards Mr. Mhatre on behalf of the Labour Welfare Department thanked the guests, volunteers, competitors and other workers.

The function terminated at 6-30 p.m. when packets of sweets were distributed to over 1,000 children.

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CALCUTTA SESSION OF HINDU SABHA

Bengal Govt. Gives Permission

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

Permission has been granted by the Bengal Government to hold the All-India Hindu Mahasabha session during the last week of December at Calcutta.

The session will be presided over by Mr. V. D. Savarkar.

It will be recalled that permission was sought in view of the Emergency Ordinance banning all public meetings in the City and Districts.—United Press.

INDIA BACKWARD INDUSTRIALLY

Visveswaraya's Views On Improving Present Condition

"Without modern industries to produce commodities, without modern machinery and tools to increase production, without engines for transport and munitions for defence, this country will remain crippled and stationary while other countries will be forging ahead. Unless the people of this country realise this and rectify their past, there is small chance of India ever emerging from the position of a primitive state."

Thus observed Sir M. Visveswaraya at the annual dinner of the Institution of Engineers held on November 20.

Sir M. Visveswaraya said that the majority of engineers in this country had no independent status. They were something of a drudge in the national household. They were not accustomed to discuss national affairs in relation to their profession.

In a wider sense the engineer was a link between the true scientist, the inventor and the public. For the present high standard of living in the west, the engineer was responsible to a large extent.

HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING.

Referring to the progress of engineering works he said that on the whole works of hydraulic engineering had made great advance under the British rule. City planning and public buildings of architectural importance had lagged behind. The progress was least noticeable in industrial engineering. Neither large-scale nor cottage industries could be said to have made any satisfactory beginning as yet. Shipbuilding had scarcely started yet, neither had power machinery, automobiles, aeroplanes or armament manufacture.

He deplored the paucity of engineering education. Military, automative, aeronautical, marine engineering and the like were not taught anywhere. "Armaments, munitions and weapons of defence remain a sealed book to the Indian student," he added.

Proceeding he said that the greatest hope of creating new opportunities for employment and the raising of the income of the masses lay with industry. Government policies had for a long time been unfavourable to industrial growth. "India's position industrially is weak because industrial engineers are not trained in sufficient numbers, tariff policies are half-hearted, banking facilities inadequate and transport organisations are in the hands of agencies not interested in industrial progress."

HOPES ABOUT GANDHIJI.

He further said, "Mahatma Gandhi has roused intense enthusiasm for the uplift of the rural population. As far as I am aware, he is also in favour of industries of all classes, but the emphasis laid on khadi and cottage industries by him and his followers has given the public the impression that he is opposed to heavy and key industries. Both heavy and cottage industries are necessary for sound economic progress. I am hoping that the Mahatma will one day categorically remove this impression from the public mind."

He stressed the necessity of bringing into existence a Board of Engineering to organise efficient engineering services for the country.

SIMLA EXODUS

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

After the outbreak of the war the position regarding the Simla exodus in 1940 has been reviewed. The "United Press" learns that the Government of India have decided not to make departure from their decision for a limited exodus from next year announced on May 24 last. The officers and 20 per cent. of the staff members or even less would move up for four or four and a half months and the session of the Legislatures would be held in Delhi.

It appears, however, owing to the war certain sections of the departments that had been ordered to stay on in Delhi might be required to move up. These cases would be examined in due course but in principle it has been decided not to permit any relaxation of the former decision unless special circumstances warrant it.—United Press.

ASTHMA CURE MEDICINE

Appeal To Chitrakut Sevashram

Mr. G. D. Moore, Bridge Road, Bangalore writes:—

"I had long been suffering from asthma. I tried medicines prescribed by eminent physicians out to no effect. At last an Indian friend advised me to take the help of Chitrakut Sevashram, P. O. Chitrakut District Banda U. P. I was not at all inclined to believe in the efficacy of such mystic Indian herbs but my suffering from the disease was so very distressing that at last I yielded to the importunities of my Indian friend and I took medicine offered free at Chitrakut by the Sevashram. The mode of taking the medicine is very peculiar. The patient has to keep up the whole night on an Autumn Full-Moon day or the next Full-moon day at a hilly place like Chitrakut when this mystic medicine is prescribed to be taken. The medicine had a very wholesome effect upon me and I am grateful to the Sevashram for the miraculous cure.

He suggests that the authorities of the Ashram should not keep the knowledge about such an efficacious medicine all confined to themselves but should get it patented, and the formula given out to the Medical world, so that further development of the medicine could be made possible.

Swadeshi As Solution For Unemployment Of Educated

BAREILLY, (By Mail).

The two-day session of the U.P. Educated Unemployed Conference concluded here yesterday evening at the Moti Park. Several resolutions were adopted at the Conference which 'inter alia' deplored the large increase in the number of unemployed Indians and urged for some solution of the problem.

Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Speaker of the U.P. Legislative Assembly, who presided on the first day, deplored the present situation in the country and advised the youngmen to develop Indian industry and give impetus to Swadeshi articles.

Dr. N. P. Asthana, Advocate-General, U.P., in the course of his presidential address at the second day's session of the Conference observed that either the schools and colleges should be closed or the educated people should be given employment.—United Press.

KHER'S TRIBUTE TO THAKKAR

Mr. B. G. Kher, writes:—

I had heard of Thakkar Bapa's noble work long, long ago but I actually came in close contact with him after I became the President of the Maharashtra Prantik Harijan Sevak Sangh.

In order to understand what affection he is capable of inspiring in the hearts of the poor and down-trodden, you must see his work in the Panch-Mahals. His simplicity and charm of manners and generous disposition and his natural dignity are combined with efficiency and earnestness which enable him to accomplish tasks which are extremely difficult, if not impossible, for other people to achieve. He has ceased to live for himself since the last twenty-five years, after he became a Life member of the Servants of India Society and he is now completing seventy years of a fruitful life.

I join in paying humble tribute of respect to Thakkar Bapa with all my heart and pray that he may be spared to work for us with the same zeal for many more years.

Souvenir For Craik

LAHORE, Nov. 23.

It is understood that on initiative of Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan some members of the Punjab Assembly are collecting token contributions from among themselves for a fund for purchasing and presenting to the Governor a souvenir for his forty years devoted services of the Punjab.—A. P.

ASSAM LEGISLATURE WON'T MEET THIS MONTH

New Premier Explains Cause Of Delay

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

In the course of an interview Sir Muhammad Saadullah, Premier of Assam, who is now here said that the next session of the Assam Legislatures would meet either towards the end of January or in the beginning of February next, that is, as soon as the Budget proposals were prepared and finally considered by the new Government.

Sir Muhammad Saadullah added that after assuming office he advised the Governor to postpone the session of the Assembly convened by the former Government on November 30, as that would be a huge waste of public money, inasmuch as the agenda for the session mainly consisted of the War resolution sponsored by the Congress Party, which he disapproved and would never move in the House, and other measures which required considerable time before the new Ministry could be expected to form its own policy regarding them.

The Premier asserted that no other conditions were offered to the Governor prior to the formation of the new Ministry as published in a certain section of the Press.—United Press.

CURE HEADACHES BY REMOVING CAUSE

When your watch-dog barks at thieves do you beat it into silence? Similarly a headache should never be drugged, but its origin found and removed.

Headaches—like biliousness, dyspepsia, heartburn, rheumatic complaints and other ailments due to indiscretions of diet and living—usually have their source in the digestive system. They are caused by acid poisons resulting from incomplete elimination of waste products. Drugs will not set this right; gentle assistance is all that nature requires.

A bubbling glass of Eno's "Fruit Salt" first thing every morning will cleanse your system efficiently and gently by nature's own method. It neutralises the excess acid—tones up the liver and purifies the blood.

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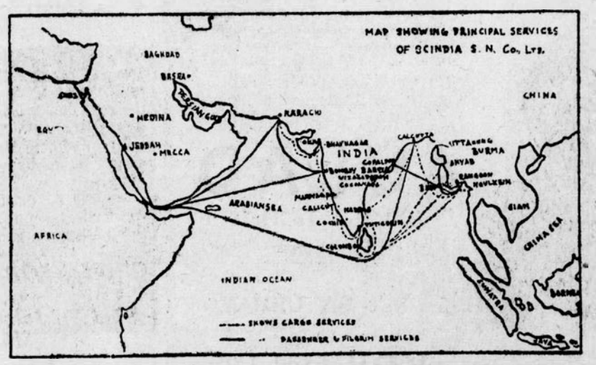

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3rd Week in MADRAS.

Minerva's Screen Epic

Directed By
SOHRAB MODI

and Starring
SOHRAB MODI

CHANDRAMOHAN, NASEEM, SHEELA, SADIQALI, SARDAR AKHTAR

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Bombay Industrial Disputes Act Remains In Force

Workers Urged To Take Advantage Of Act And Save Themselves Unnecessary Loss And Hardship

It appears, writes the Public Relations Officer, that an impression exists in the minds of workmen that the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act, 1938, has ceased to be in force with the resignation of the Congress Ministry. This impression is erroneous. The Act remains in force and is applicable to the cotton textile industry all over the Province and to the silk textile industry in Bombay City. Government intends shortly to issue a pamphlet explaining in simple language the various provisions of the Act for the benefit of the workers.

The following are some of the important provisions of the Act:

The Act requires the employers in the industries to which it applies to frame standing orders regulating the relations between the employers and the employed such as the notification of hours of work, holidays, wage-rates, termination of employment, temporary stoppages of work, suspension and dismissal, means of redress for employees, etc. The standing orders, once they are finally settled, cannot be altered for a period of six months. These standing orders have already been submitted to and settled by the Commissioner of Labour so far as the cotton textile industry is concerned. The Industrial Court, to which an appeal against these lies, is at present engaged in hearing the appeals preferred by the interests concerned.

Machinery For Conciliation

The law provides a machinery for the conciliation of disputes between the workers and the employers relating to any industrial matter such as hours of work, wages, privileges, rights, duties, terms and conditions of employment, etc. No workman therefore need strike work to get his grievances remedied before having them ventilated. The procedure in this respect is as follows.—

An employer or an employee desiring a change in the existing conditions of work or wages has to give a notice to the other party. If an employee is not a member of a registered or representative union he can give the notice through the Government Labour Officer who will either represent the workers himself or elect their representatives for purposes of negotiation as may be decided by the workers. Government has already appointed four such Labour Officers in the Province for the benefit of the workmen. The time-limit for reaching an agreement is a fortnight. If no agreement is reached the matter can be brought before a Conciliator who will try to bring about an amicable settlement of the dispute by using his good offices with the parties concerned.

The workers may go on a strike and the employers declare a lock-out if on the termination of the conciliation proceedings no settlement of the dispute is arrived at.

Object Of Act

The object of the Act being the promotion of a peaceful and amicable settlement of industrial disputes by conciliation and arbitration, there devolves a duty on all concerned not to resort to direct action without exhausting the possibilities of an amicable settlement in accordance with the provisions of the Act. Penalties have therefore been imposed on those who contravene its provisions whether they be employers or work-people. If any employer makes a change in the conditions of work and wages not permitted by the Act the workers through their representatives can approach the Industrial Court to have it declared as an illegal change. Any employer who makes such an illegal change is liable to a penalty which may extend up to Rs. 5,000. If any employer declares an illegal lock-out he is liable to a penalty which may extend to Rs. 2,500.

No Strike Without Notice

While the Act does not prevent workers from going on strike if settlement by conciliation fails, they are not allowed to do so prior to or during conciliation proceedings in order that disputes between employers and employees should be amicably settled and bitterness avoided as a result of disputes. It is, therefore, laid down that strikes which are declared without resorting to the machinery of mutual agreement and conciliation will be deemed to be illegal. The penalty attached to an illegal strike is a fine which may extend to Rs. 25 with a cumulative fine of a maximum of Rs. 50 per worker.

The workers in this Province have so far lost crores of rupees in wages as a result of strikes and now that a machinery exists for the ventilation and examination of their grievances it is for them to take advantage of it and save themselves unnecessary loss and hardship. Workers desiring to have more information about the provisions of the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act and the procedure to be followed under it can always approach the Government Labour Officer at Clerk Road, Jacob Circle or the Commissioner of Labour in the Secretariat, Bombay.

A Sock or Two—?

Ch! Well . . . . .

Even if he is a 'chay-wala', he won't stand that sort of abuse. Think of the 'cup-saucer' tower he carries—and just for grub! Well it's only natural that some are smashed at times. And for that perhaps, he won't mind a sock or two (That isn't unusual). But an abuse—?

Fail not to see MANNU, a 'chay-wala' yet a philosopher, protector who takes the hardest knocks with a grin—in

Oh, No! Not to that class—
And, Mannu is a gem
of that class.

ADMI

Directed by SHANTARAM
Starring:
SHAHU MODAK
SHANTA HUBLIKAR,
BAI SUNDARABAI
RAM MARATHE
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BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. I. P. M. Cargill, I.C.S., who has been appointed as Assistant Collector in Sind, is posted to the Sukkur District as Supernumerary Assistant Collector.

LABOUR OFFICERS.

Mr. A. S. Banavalikar for Ahmedabad City Municipal Borough, Ahmedabad Cantonment and the Notified Area of Sabarmati, Viramgaum Municipal District, Revenue Limits of Gogha, Nadiad Municipal Borough, Broach Municipal Borough and Surat Municipal Borough.

Mr. M. S. Warty for Jalgaon Municipal Borough, Chalisgaon Municipal Borough, Amalner Municipal Borough, Dhulia Municipal Borough and Malegaon Municipal Borough.

Mr. S. S. Rege for Poona City Municipal Borough, Poona Suburban Municipal Borough and Poona Cantonment, Karad Municipal District, Sholapur Municipal Borough, Barsi Municipal Borough, Revenue Limits of Tikekarwadi, Belgaum Municipal Borough, Revenue Limits of Gokak, Hubli Municipal Borough, and Gadag Bettigeri Municipal Borough.

Mr. B. Venkatappiah, I.C.S., was granted leave on average pay from 13th October 1939 up to the date he assumes charge of the post of Collector of Belgaum.

Mr. M. S. Jayakar, is granted leave on average pay for one month from 1st November 1939 preparatory to retirement.

Mr. S. M. Abbas, Assistant Manager, Government Central Press, to officiate as Manager, Yeravda Prison Press.

Mr. R. J. Patwardhan to continue in his appointment as officiating Lecturer in Chemistry and Geology at the College of Engineering, Poona, till the end of the current academic year.

Mr. Keshav Balwant Kulkarni, late talati of Vasantgad, taluka Karad, district Satara, has been dismissed from Government service.

Dr. M. G. Pradhan, M.B.B.S., (Bom.), D.T.M. & H. (Eng.), Ph.D. (Lond.), to be Honorary Assistant Lecturer in Bacteriology at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

Mr. N. K. Fetigara, is confirmed in his appointment as the Public Prosecutor for Bombay.

GIFTS FOR SOLDIERS

Sind St. John Ambulance Move

KARACHI, Nov. 23.

Under the patronage of H. E. the Governor and Lady Graham, the provincial branches of the Red Cross Society and the St. John Ambulance Association have set up the Sind Joint War Committee to provide hospital requirements and comforts and gifts for Indian troops. The Committee has appointed a Finance Sub-Committee and an Executive Committee to carry on its work.

The Committee would receive Christmas presents for the troops, appropriate gifts being cigarettes, playing cards, sweets, gramophones and records, writing paper, envelopes, pencils, etc.—United Press.

CANE PRICE TO BE REDUCED?

Bihar Kisans' Protest

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA, Nov. 22.

It is reported that a deputation of Cane-growers will wait on the Governor when he visits Darbhanga on November 27. A deputation of sugar syndicate waited on the Governor on the 22nd instant and it demanded reduction of cane price and modification of sliding scale system. It also claimed that red rot and wilt had affected cane crop and hence it would be unjust if they were asked to pay high price for diseased cane. In a memorandum which they submitted have pressed for fixation of prices on regional basis.

It is reported that the Governor gave a patient hearing and asked for detailed facts and figures. He promised to examine the proposals made by them in consultation with the U. P. Government with regard to the diseased cane. He is reported to have said that the agricultural department was carrying on a survey and on receipt of its report the Government would take action in consultation with the U. P. Government and it is understood that the Government will ultimately reduce cane price.

The Kisans are determined to resist any reduction and might protest in a body if the new Government reduces prices. Great discontent is evidenced among the growers throughout Bihar at the attempt of Sugar Mills to reduce cane price. It is reported that growers have decided to refuse to supply cane in case if its price is reduced. Congressmen are pledged to support poor Kisans.

STANDING COMMITTEE FOR CROP PLANNING

Soil Conservation To Be Studied By Officer In America

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 23.

The proposal for setting up a Standing Committee for Crop Planning will be considered at the next week's meeting of the Advisory Board of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research. This was a recommendation adopted at the recent conference of Ministers on Agricultural Marketing. There is also a proposal to send an officer of the Department to the United States of America on deputation for the study of soil conservation work. Another interesting item on agenda is the request from Inter-Universities Board to the Imperial Council for a list of subjects which are suitable for research at the Universities.

Achievement Of B. E. S. T. Workers' Union

A detailed account of what the B. E. S. T. Drivers' Union, the B. E. S. T. Omnibus Conductors' Union and the Tramway Traffic Union, Bombay has done for its members is contained in its first annual report published recently.

As a result of various representations; deputations, etc. to the General-Manager of the Company, Board of Directors and the Prime Minister of Bombay, made on behalf of these unions, various concessions have been secured for their members.

Nearly 90 per cent. of the members have joined their respective unions.

Due to the outbreak of War in Europe the Prices of essential commodities have risen up and it is but natural that the workers should demand War Prices Allowance. Accordingly the Unions have suggested to the Company that they should increase their employees salaries by 15.

The Unions along with Bombay Press Employees' Union, "Times of India" Press Employees' Association, Bombay Private Motor Drivers' Union, General Motors Workers' Union, Richardson and Cruddas Employees' Union, K. E. M. Hospital and G. S. M. Medical College Employees' Union and Suburban Bus Men's Union, organized a huge demonstration which started from Azad Maidan and ended at Chowpatty where it converted itself into a public meeting where a resolution demanding War allowance was unanimously adopted.

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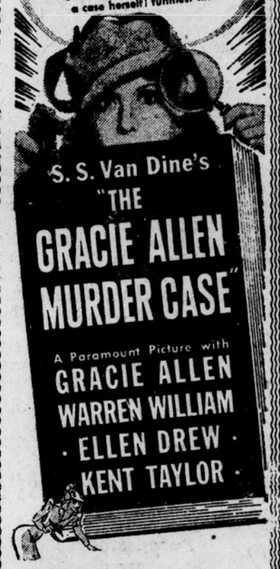

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LADY OF THE TROPICS

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in
As You Please

Directed by
SARVOTTAM BADAMI

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Selections For To-day's Races

Inflation A Likely Winner Of Chief Event

By "SENEX"

The richly endowed Durdans Plate forms the centre-piece of to-day's race programme. Taking into account the good race he ran behind Field Marshal the other day I shall count on INFLATION to provide the winner.

1-45 p.m. The Koofa Plate—1 mile, 1 furlong.

KHALAF MAJNUN	1
KING FAROUQ	2
SARIE AL IRAQ	3

2-15 p.m. The Borivli Plate—6 furlongs.

PRIDE OF INDIA	1
REDOUBLE	2
RISING SUN	3

2-45 p.m. The Marine Lines Plate Div. II—1 mile.

FILAL IRAQ	1
FIRE FLY	2
MITHQAL	3

3-15 p.m. The Durdans Plate—1 mile, 1 furlong.

INFLATION	1
OCEANUS	2
MY BILLY	3

3-45 p.m. The Marine Lines Plate, Div. I—1 mile.

KOLHAPUR	1
ROYAL RIVAL	2
GREAT STAR	3

4-15 p.m. The Southfields Plate, Div. II—6 furlong.

RED MINX	1
HONOR M.	2
BRACES	3

4-45 p.m. The Manchester Plate, 7 furlongs.

GANGASAGAR II	1
FAUGHAN HILL	2
KINGSBURY	3

5-15 p.m. The Rous Handicap—1 mile.

MULTYFAINHAM	1
ARCHMOON	2
MARK YOU	3

5-45 p.m. The Southfields Plate, Div. I—6 furlongs.

AFTALON	1
SCION	2
ROYAL GARTER	3

DOUBLE:
FIL AL IRAQ and RED MINX

TREBLE
KOLHAPUR, GANGASAGAR II and MULTYFARNHAM

PHYSICAL ENDURANCE RECORD

Parsi Youth To Attempt 5,000 Non-Stop "Dunds"

Mr. Raton K. Engineer of Sarkari's Health Home, will make an attempt at creating a new record for non-stop "Dunds" (Indian Push-ups or Dips") today (Saturday) at the premises of the "Health Home". The start will be given at 12-30 p.m. It is not an attempt at a speed-record but he hopes to maintain a speed of 1,000 "Dunds" per hour. A committee of officials and experts will supervise the performance, which is open for the public and entrance is free.

The Sarkri's Health Home is situated at Grant Road, Bombay.

Abolish Communal Matches

A Cricket Enthusiast, says:—"If Indian cricket now is to make the best progress and advance to the fullest extent possible and prove most contested and thus most interesting, matches on communal basis as played at present should be abolished and a couple of them be played every year between teams composed of the best and most promising players selected from all the communities."

Bombay North Olympic Zonal Games

The Bombay North Olympic Zonal Games will be held on the 10th December, 1939, at St. Xavier's Ground at Parel. The usual Olympic events will be run. The programme also includes 6 open events and junior events. Entries close on the 4th December, 1939. Further particulars can be had from the Hon. Secretary, Bombay Presidency Olympic Association, Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

LATE A. C. HINRICHS

An Appreciation

BY J. C. MAITRA.
(VICE-PRESIDENT, W. I. F. A. LTD., AND PRESIDENT, INDIAN FOOTBALL LEAGUE).

I was extremely grieved to read the news of the sudden and sad demise of my friend, Mr. A. C. Hinrichs a couple of days ago. He had gone to Scotland a few months ago for treatment. I was under the impression that he had fully recovered by now.

Mr. Hinrichs was prominently and intimately connected with Bombay's sporting life for over two decades. I first came into touch with his genial personality nearly fifteen years ago when we were both members of the Managing Council of the Western India Football Association. He evinced great interest in the promotion of football among the Indians at this side of India, and did a lot to help in its growth.

PRESIDENT OF W. I. F. A.

After remaining its Vice-President for a few years, Mr. Hinrichs succeeded Sir Joseph Kay as the President of the W. I. F. A. Ltd. in 1934. He held this position, till he retired early this year, with conspicuous ability and single-minded devotion. It was largely through his efforts the W. I. F. A. gained a prominent position in the football world of India.

HOCKEY AND OLYMPICS.

He took a keen interest in hockey and athletics too. It was due to his active and energetic support the Bombay Provincial Hockey Association, Ltd., and the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association were brought into being. He was a Vice-President of the latter body till he resigned this year.

Other sporting activities—also had his attention and support. He was always generous in supporting a sporting and deserving cause.

Mr. Hinrichs will be long remembered in this city as the 'Red man of the Cooperage,' as he was popularly known there. He leaves a very large circle of friends, both Indians and Europeans, to mourn his loss.

I offer my sincere and heartfelt condolences to Mrs. Hinrichs and her family in their bereavement.

High Court Grants Right Of Second Appeal Under Sec 104

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice Lokur in the matter of Vaman Ravji Kulkarni. Appellant vs. Nagesh Vishnu Joshi and other Respondents heard a Letters Patent Appeal against an order of Mr. Justice Norman sitting singly in an appeal from an order of remand made by the District Judge of Belgaum.

An important question arose as to whether a second appeal could lie to the High Court in view of the provision in S. 104 (2) of the Civil Procedure Code that "no appeal shall lie from any order passed in appeal under this section".

In giving judgment Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia said that there was no doubt that an appeal would lie to a Bench of two judges of this Court from an order of a single judge under Clause 15 of the Letters Patent.

Mr. Justice Lokur concurred.

Mr. D. R. Manerikar appeared for the appellant.

Mr. P. V. Kane appeared for respondents 1 and 2.

CONGRESS FIGHT FOR FREEDOM

Nationalist Christians Condemn Move To Form Minority Front

The General Secretary, Nationalist Christian Party, has issued the following statement:

"With the outbreak of the war in Europe, the communal issue has once again appeared on the political horizon of India in all its ugly nakedness. Be it said to our shame, the British diplomacy, by exploiting our communal differences, won a temporary victory over us. Without giving a proper test to British honesty in the declaration of her war aims, we allowed our communal bickerings to militate against the Indian freedom and nationalism. Abstract paper safeguards seem to be worrying us more than the real safeguards,—the winning of the goodwill of the majority community.

Christians' Part

"The Indian nation as a whole is passing through a critical stage in her history. Under the leadership of the Congress, India will have to play her full part not only for her own emancipation, but also for a new world order. But these could be established only by struggle. Will the Christians play a greater part in the coming struggle than in the past and take their proper place in a free India. I hope my plea will not go in vain.

"Before I conclude, I may make an appeal to Mr. M. A Jinnah. It is reported in the press that he has been struggling to build up a Minorities' Front, and that some members of the minority communities have approached him for the purpose. As far as I can imagine, the proposed Front is, perhaps, to be in opposition to the Congress. May I request comrade Jinnah to desist from any such move that may prove harmful to the cause of our Freedom? Let him organise his Muslim League as others their respective communities, but let every community be a source of strength to the Congress by their members joining it, because Congress alone can deliver the goods."

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Two partners of the Swastik Commercial Agency of Hornby Road, Bombay, Ali Muhammad Fazal Patil and Alibhai Mawji Kabani who were arrested yesterday by the Phalton Road Police were placed before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, to-day, and ordered to be released on furnishing a bail of Rs. 500 each.

The Police stated that the accused were arrested on charges of cheating and abetment.

Accused No. 1, it was alleged, advertised in a paper for a rent collector.

The complainant applied for the job and was made to deposit a sum of Rs. 500 as security.

Accused No. 2 was present during the transaction and posed to be the Business Manager of the firm.

On parting with the amount the applicant was informed that he would be started from the 15th of November.

As, however, no job was forthcoming the complainant realised that he was duped and lodged a complaint with the Police.

CHILD'S DEATH LEADS TO MOTHER'S SUICIDE

Bai Teminabai Rustomji Dadina (28), a demented woman, was stated to have poured kerosine oil on her clothes and set fire to them in the middle of the night on Tuesday.

She died in J. J. Hospital while under treatment.

Ardeshir Jamshetji Ghadiali told the Coroner that she became demented owing to three or four abortions.

To her great joy, a child was born but it, too, did not live long.

She became restless the whole of Monday and committed this tragic act on Tuesday night.

A verdict of suicidal death was returned by the City Coroner's jury at the inquest held to-day.

ALLEGED ILLICIT MANUFACTURE OF LIQUOR

Four persons were arrested yesterday on a charge of illicit manufacture of intoxicating drink.

On information that the accused used to prepare intoxicating drinks, the Police raided a room in Fitwala's Chawl yesterday. All the accused were found drinking a liquid resembling and smelling like liquor. One earthen pot containing the same sort of liquid about half a gallon and another pot with mixture of 'gul' and various sorts of fruit water, in a highly fermented condition were, it is stated, found in the room.

All the accused were placed today before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court and were bailed out.

Jivanlal Gopalji was arrested to-day and placed before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, on a charge of misappropriation.

It was stated that the accused who was in the employ of Mr. H. M. Bhiwandiwala, collected rent from the different tenants of the landlord to the extent of Rs. 3,259 during the period of 1937 and February 1937 and absconded with the same.

The accused surrendered himself at the Pydhoni Police station. He was ordered to be released on bail.

J. A. N. D'Costa, Proprietor of Cameron Holmes and Co., Bombay, it was alleged, represented to the Proprietor of the Colaba Optical Mart, that he was the representative of a London firm manufacturing a cough mixture of world-wide repute. The latter, it was stated, was induced to join as a partner in the former's importing business and pay a sum of Rs. 1,500.

After some time the complainant, it was stated, sadly discovered tha tthe said cough mixture was made in Bombay and not imported from London.

A complaint was lodged with the Police and the accused was arrested yesterday.

He was placed before Mr. Oscar Brown, to-day, and ordered to be released on bail.

Kathiawar V. P. M. Sports Competition

BHAVNAGAR, Nov. 18.

The Secretary of the Shree Kathiawar Vyayam Pracharak Mandal states:—The sports competition, held annually for the last ten years under the auspices of Shree Kathiawar Vyayam Pracharak Mandal, will be held in the current year on 25th, 26th and 27th December.

SESSIONS JUDGE DISAGREES WITH ASSESSORS

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Nov. 22.

"The accused Police Patel has in this case behaved with an overbearing brutality of a serious nature and as such he deserves to be severely dealt with."

With these observations Mr. A. G. Wells, Sessions Judge, Thana, disagreeing with the opinion of the assessors, found Shankar Patil, Police Patil of Patharli, Taluka Kalyan, guilty of the offences of wrongful confinement, simple hurt and causing the disappearance of evidence namely the dead body of a Kathodi and sentenced the accused to one year's R.I. on the counts of wrongful confinement and simple hurt and three years R.I. on the count of causing disappearance of evidence. The sentences have been ordered to run consecutively.

Thus the accused is to undergo hard labour for four years for three offences.

On the most serious charge of murder the juror's verdict of "not guilty" was accepted by the Judge and the accused was acquitted.

The facts of the case, as alleged by the prosecution, are that one Hadkya Kathodi who had been to Patharli in the last Shimga holidays, was tied with a rope by the Police Patel who caused him injuries with a stick and in the afternoon while the Kathodi was being taken to Kalyan he was throttled to death by the Police Patel on the way.

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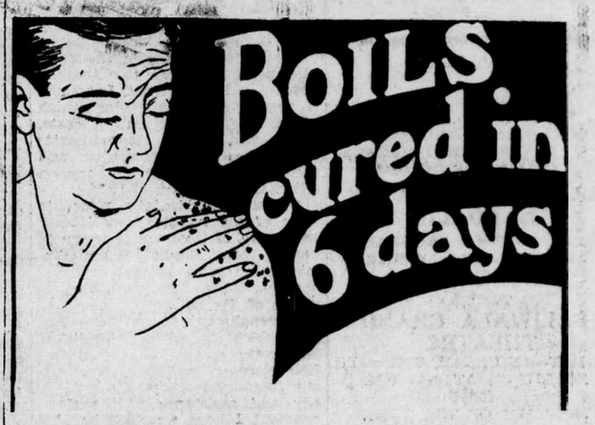

Writes a Grateful user:—

"Not having been able owing to difficulties of time and convenience, to attend to the several eruptions of summer boils which made their appearance about the beginning of May, I found within a month that I had, on my arms and chest, boils of all sizes and all stages of development. A kind friend who had a tin of Germex gave it away to me and I profusely covered the boils—the open ones and the unbroken ones—with the ointment. The open boils dried up in six or seven days. The then unbroken ones and others as they sprang up successively were treated the same way giving less pain and under the same treatment after they broke disappeared readily.

I am convinced that **Germex** is a true Germicide and what it professes to be."

(Sd). CHARLES M. BHAKTUL.
Madras.

Dated 23-6-39.

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"AND IT IS PURE SWADESHI"

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(Translation from Bengali)

Joya Sen Gupta

TRY this soap in your own home at our expense. On receipt of 1 anna stamp together with this advertisement, we will send you a free sample packet. Write to:
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MAKES WHITE CLOTHES STAY WHITE

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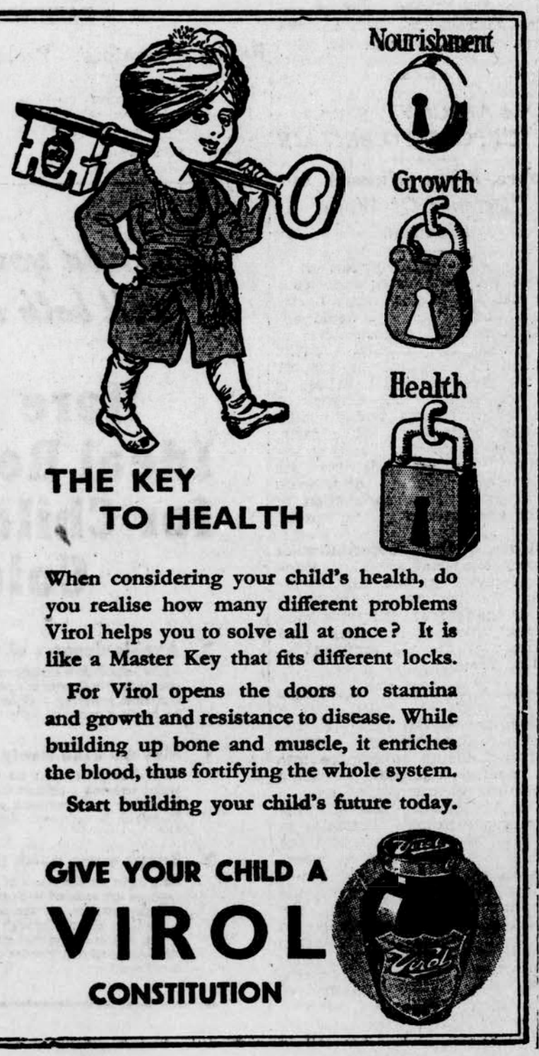

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BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE

TO-DAY—SATURDAY, THE 25TH NOVEMBER, AT 8-45 P.M. (NIGHT)

THE TALK OF THE TOWN

Mritchhakatik

Seven Act Play

Vasantsena:—
BAI GOHARBAI KARNATAKI
Charudatta:—
SJT. BALGANDHARVA
Sun. the 26th Nov., at 3-30 p.m.

SANSHAYA-KALLOL

Five Act Play

Revati:
BAI GOHARBAI KARNATAKI
Ashvinshet:—
SJT. BALGANDHARVA
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INTRODUCE LABOUR LEGISLATION

Hyderabad Conference's Demand

(From A Correspondent).

AURANGABAD, (By Mail).

The first session of the All-Hyderabad States Labour Conference was held on the 18th and 19th instant here in the specially erected big pandal at the Khadkeshwar Maidan, under the presidentship of Mr. S. A. Brelvi. Delegates, representatives and workers from Hyderabad, Bidar, Secunderabad, Warangal, Khamam, Singareni, Raichur, Gulberga, Nanded, Bhir, Parbhani Hingoli, Sailu, Latur, Jalna, Paithan Valjapur and several other places representing the workers of the railways, textile mills, matches, cigarette and other factories, bidiwalas, coal and stone mines, weavers, taxi and tonga drivers, cartmen, hamals etc., were present. Prominent among those present were Maulvi S. Khurshed Hasan, Abdul Hameed, Mohomad Hussain, Mr. Sundershan, Raghvendra Rao Vyankateshan, Subarao, Doraswami, Narayen Rao, Narayen Reddy, Pandurang Rao Joshi, Kashinath Rao Vaidya, M. A. Khan, Swami Ramanand Tirth, Messrs. Nanal, Dhanji Shah, Shrinivas Rao Bidarkar, Purshottam Rao Chapalgaonkar, Mahajan, Rama Chari, Bindu, Kulkarni Deshapande, Bangale, Lalaji, Yadkikar Vakil, etc. Sjt. R. A. Khedgikar M.L.A., prominent Labour Leader of Bombay, Shivankar of Manmad and Pataskar of Chalisgaon also were present.

The pandal was well decorated and arrangements of sitting accommodation for ten thousand persons were made in different blocks for ladies, guests delegates, workers etc. loud-speakers were installed and a Red-flag with a red-bulb was erected fifty feet high in the centre of the pandal. The president was welcomed in songs, sung by Miss Mudholkar and Master Prabhakar Pathak. Then Sjts. S V. Naik delivered his welcome speech in the course of which he said:—

"Permit me to say that the condition of labour in the State is far from satisfactory. In the Railway, inspite of a strong Labour Union, the workmen are still subjected to several hardships. When the condition of labour in an organised industry is far from satisfactory the plight of labour in unorganised industries can better be imagined than described. Agricultural labour is the most exploited.

Recent happenings in the State also point towards the absolute need of a Labour front. Labour is a great unifying factor which makes no distinctions of caste, colour and creed. It eradicates the canker of communalism and instils the feelings of common citizenship.

I would incidentally refer to some of the handicaps of labour. Insecurity of service is foremost among them. Discharges and dismissals on some pretext or other are increasing in some departments of the railway.

Retrenchment is another weapon which is often brandished before the eyes of underpaid and half starving workmen. Through our joint efforts and thy and assistance of the Government I hope we shall be able to do a deal in the direction of improving th working, condition of labour. May our efforts be crowned with success."

Mr. S. V. Naik then requested Mr. S. H. Tirmezi of Hyderabad to open the conference. Mr Tirmezi in his speech advised the workers to keep their flag flying with solidarity and unity and fight constitutionally to get their grievances redressed.

The Secretary Sjt. D. L. Pathak then read messages received from Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Messrs. B. G. Kher and V. V. Giri, Doctor Mohd Ashraf, Messrs. Guruswami, M. N. Roy, V. B. Karnik and N. M. Joshi, Doctor Jaisurya Naidu Messrs. R. S. Rutkar, Ganu, Basole, Vaze, Dr. Deshpande, Mr. Pahade, and several from Bombay, Ahmedabad, Khamam, Hyderabad, Dharwad, Nagpur, etc.

The president, Mr. Brelvi, then delivered his presidential address.

SUBJECTS COMMITTEE MEETING

The session then adjourned to next day. The Subjects Committee meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. S. A. Brelvi at the office of the Reception Committee at 9 p.m. where ten resolutions were passed unanimously.

The open session commenced again next day and several resolutions were passed.

Speeches were delivered by Syed Sirajul Hasan Tirmezi, Syed Khurshed Hasan, Abdul Hameed, D. L. Pathak, Bindoo, Raghvendra Rao, Sundershan, Vyankateshan, Narayan Rao Karepally, N. Reddy, Narayanrao Chawan, Mohd Hussain, Doraswami, Akabar Hussain, Syed Habibuddin, Shaikh Umar, Abdul Latif and Sjt. R. A. Khedgikar.

FEDERATION COMMITTEE.

The Conference appointed a Committee consisting of fifteen members to popularise the trade union movement in the Hyderabad State, to strengthen th existing trade union, to establish trade unions in industries and centres where they do not exist, and to frame a draft constitution for a federation of trade unions to be placed before the next session of the Conference for its adoption.

The members of the Committee are,—Syed S. Hasan Tirmezi, Chairman, Barrister S. V. Naik, Treasurer, Sjt. D. L. Pathak, Secretary, Sjt. S. Khurshed Husain, Member, Sjt. Shaikh Umar, Narayen Rao Karepally, Syed Habibuddin, and one member each for railways, sugar farms, cement factory, hand-loom workers, bidi workers, matches, cigarettes, buttons, press workers, cartmen and hamals to be co-opted.

This committee will meet at Hyderabad shortly.

The following were among the other resolutions passed by the Conference:—

This Conference gives its entire support to the Memorandum dated 18-6-1939 of grievances of H. E. H. the N. S. Railway workers submitted by their Union to H. E. H. the Nizam's Government and requests the benign Government of H. E. H. the Nizam to redress the grievances of the Railway Staff.

This Conference further supports the demand of H. E. H. the N. S. Railway Employees' Union, which is the foremost Trade Union representing the largest organised labour in the State for special representation in the Legislature contemplated under the Reforms.

This Conference views with concern the unrest caused in the minds of H. E. H. the N. S. Railway workers in consequence of the issue by the Railway Administration of a service agreement to be signed by staff and hopes that the situation would be eased by a speedy settlement of the matter between the Administration and the Union of the workers.

This Conference is of opinion that the Reforms declared by the Government of H. E. H. the Nizam are not only inadequate and unsatisfactory but also reactionary. This Conference is also definitely of opinion that the representation given to Labour is greatly disproportionate and requests the Government of H. E. H. the Nizam that it should be given more seats in the Legislative Assembly of the State. This Conference also protests against introducing the element of communalism as regards the representation of Labour in the legislature.

In view of the fact that the Conventions of the International Labour Conference promote the welfare of labour and many of them have been ratified by most countries, including India, and legislative action has been taken on them in these countries this Conference urges on the Government of H. E. H. the Nizam to give legislative effect to these Conventions.

This Conference desires to bring to the knowledge of the Government the growing plight of the workers of the State and request the Government to appoint a Committee of officials and non-officials to enquire into the condition of the labouring population of the State.

This Conference urges all employees not to put obstacles in the way of formattion of trade unions of workers and to recognise all trade unions.

This Conference requests the Government of H. E. H. the Nizam to initiate legislation on the lines of those prevalent in British India such as Trade Union Act, Workmen's Compensation Act, Maternity Benefit Act, Payment of Wages Act, etc.

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EUROPEAN v. INDIAN MUSIC

Mrs. Indumati Marathe's Speech At Indian Conference In New York

The ninth session of the All-India Conference in America was held on September 30, 1939, at the Theosophical Society Hall, in New York City. Mrs. Indumati Marathe spoke of the music of India, and also sang a number of Indian songs, accompanied by Prof. Wana Singh and one of his pupils, Miss Minnie Hanlin.

The Chairman, Mr. Ramlal Bajpai, spoke of the object of the All-India Conference as cultural co-operation between India and America.

Mrs. Marathe, in speaking of the "Music of Hindusthan", said: "Music is the oldest of the arts of India. The Vedas of India are the oldest writings known to the world. The specific time of their composition is highly controversial, but at any rate, it is more than 2,000 B. C. All the Vedas are written in poetic form. In India all poetry is created in definite musical melody. Even in those ancient days the art of music was so highly developed that one of the Vedas is wholly devoted to the science of music. Sam Veda and Gandharva Veda deal with all the three branches of music, namely vocal music, instrumental music and dance music, and serve manifold purposes.

"European music is essentially symphonic, while Hindu music is almost exclusively melodic. Symphony is any composition based on the principle of organization of simultaneous tones, based on harmony. A melody is a cycle of unfolding single tone impulses. To understand real values of Eastern and Western music and to develop them, both must learn each other's music and must add the lacking elements to their own music

"Even though the percentage of literacy is extremely low in India we have practically thousands of folksongs composed by ordinary people. These songs are full of joy, pathos, etc. It is very interesting to see that men and women, while planting rice, gathering cotton, drawing water from the well, grinding corn, taking heavy baskets of fruit or vegetables to the towns for sale little girls gathering flowers and making garlands, selling sweetmeats or even buttermilk, and mothers putting their babies to sleep, sing beautiful songs which they have themselves composed. They have no scientific knowledge of music, but undoubtedly they have enriched the everyday life, and contributed immensely to the music, of India.

After concluding her speech, Mrs. Marathe sang a number of songs in different Ragas—Bagesari, Kafee, Bhairavi, etc. Prof. Wana Singh accompanied her on the Tabla and played string instruments such as the Sarod, dilruba, sarangi, etc.

HOLKAR GOVT.'S SUPPORT TO BRITAIN

Indore Prime Minister On "Defence Of World Freedom"

INDORE, Nov. 23.

The Prime Minister addressing the members of the Indore Legislative Council said: "I would appeal to you as representatives of the people to mobilize public opinion in the State in support of the cause for which Britain is fighting, namely, the defence of the world freedom and justice against 'brute force, bad faith, injustice, oppression and persecution.' Britain is fighting for principles whose destruction would mean the destruction of peace and security in the world."

"I take this opportunity of making a special appeal to leaders of public opinion not to retard the progress of constitutional changes by deliberate misrepresentation of the aims and actions of the Government."—United Press.

MYSORE CONGRESS AFFAIRS

Mr. Shankar Arrested: President's Statement

BANGALORE, Nov. 21.

Mr. N. D. Shankar, a member of A.I.C.C. and General Secretary of the K.P.C.S. Party, was arrested to-day under various Sections, out of which the main charges are under Section 124 A. Shri. Muguvalappa of Doddaballapur has been released today from Central Jail

Five persons were arrested at Tharikere in connection with Satyagraha yesterday.

PRESIDENT'S STATEMENT

In the course of a lengthy statement Shri H. C. Dasappa President, Mysore Congress Committee says:—

People have suffered bravely. There have been about 2,500 arrests and nearly 2,000 convictions most of whom are still behind the prison bars. Sardar Patel had stated that the struggle this time would have to be a fierce one involving tremendous sacrifices and sufferings but we had never expected that the Mysore Government would adopt the methods which it actually did. Several reports have been received that the Congressmen who were arrested were subjected to cruel treatment with a view to securing apologies from them. I have to express my special sympathy to the people in general and the Congressmen in particular, who though subjected to such treatment, did not yield. I have also to convey my sincere condolences to the families of two Satyagrahis Shris. Ugrappa of Sira Taluk and Hanumappa of Kasturigangappana Halli in Hiriyur Taluk, who passed away while undergoing incarceration.

I now find the new reforms have been announced. I will only say, at this stage, that these reforms if they could be termed as such, are unacceptable.

With the release of the eight members of the Working Committee including the President, the Committee is in a position to meet and carry on the work of the Congress. A deputation comprising of Shris. K. T. Bhashyam, K. Changalroy Reddy and myself has been authorised to interview Gandhiji accordingly.

Petrol Rates In Junagadh State

In modification of the Secretariat Order dated Nov. 19, the latest retail rates of a petrol can containing 2 gallons as announced by the State Controller of Prices have been increased to Rs. Three per can for Junagadh and all the Mahals of the State except at Verawal Port where the price is fixed at Rs. 2-15 per can.

STOPPAGE OF FORWARD BUSINESS

Rajkot Operators' Protest

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT: November 23.

The Rajkot Seeds and Oil Merchants' Association temporarily ordered operators not to transact any new forward business till the payment of Hella settlement. This is expected to take four days and sellers and their constituents are grumbling as they are debarred from squaring up their business when the Bombay market is rising higher and higher day by day. They consider that the market should be open for transactions immediately.

RUDRA YAJNA AT GIRNAR

Thousands To Be Fed For Five Days

(From Our Correspondent)

JUNAGADH, Nov. 25.

Brahmachari Shri Ramanandji Guru Bhagwandasji the famous saint of the celebrated shrine of Shri Jatashankar Mahadeo, situated in secluded part in the iterior of the forests of the sacred mount of Girnar will celebrate "Shri Maha Rudra Yajna," at Vasawad Darbars' Brahmacharyyashram, in the foot of Mount Girnar. The ceremony will commence from Monday, the 27th, November, and will last for five days.

Arrangements are made to serve varigated dainty meals to all present in the evening during all these five days besides teas and refreshments to them without any distinction of rich or poor, caste or creed. It is believed that a thousand men, women and children will be daily served there.

This saint, who, prior to his renunciation was an official in the Police Department of the Government of Bombay, has built a big Sanatorium called Jatashankarji Hindu Dharamshala on Mount Girnar and has handed over its entire possession and management to a committee.

The object of this function is to seek the spiritual blessings for the happiness and welfare of the humanity in general.

INDIA ARMY HEADQUARTERS & WIRELESS "MONITORING"

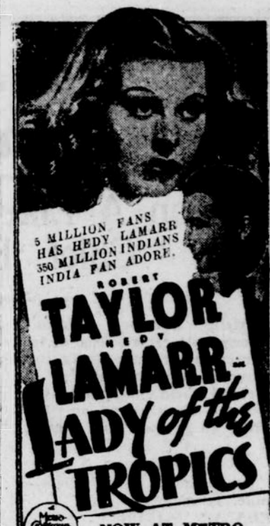
NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

It is understood that Army Headquarters have instituted a system of wireless "monitoring" on similar lines to that now operating in England under the B. B. C. and the Ministry of Information.

Foreign, and particularly enemy, broadcasts are listened to carefully by trained experts and note is taken of talks or news item possessing some unusual interest or important bearing on the war situation.

The system here is necessarily not as comprehensive as that in England, where a considerable staff is required to take down, and translate the hundreds of broadcasts on the air daily and then make summaries of the most important points. It is understood, however, that useful information having a bearing on the plans of the enemy, his morale, and the new twists to his propaganda is gathered here, while the reactions of other countries as conveyed in their broadcasting services are also of great interest and importance.—A. P.

MADRAS.— Government have suggested to local bodies that in selecting candidates for posts of women assistant surgeons and women sub-assistant surgeons in future, qualified spinsters and widows should be preferred to married women.



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Gets right at the roots of a cold. Its medicinal vapours are inhaled with every breath, direct to the air-passages. *At the same time* it acts like a poultice direct through the skin. It is this direct, *double* action that quickly loosens phlegm, relieves coughing, breaks up congestion, makes breathing easy.

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Trade And Finance

STEADY RISE IN GILT-EDGED MARKET

Active Trading In Shares

SPECULATIVE BUYING IN SILVER

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

MONEY.

Abundance of funds characterized the money market during the week under review, day-to-day funds being quoted at 3/4 per cent. per annum throughout the week under report. Fixed deposit rate remained unchanged at 2 per cent. for three months and 2-1/4 per cent. for six months.

A statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India compiled upto 17th November 1939 shows an increase of Rs. 126.26 lakhs in Government Deposits and Rs. 114.15 lakhs in Bankers' Deposits, whilst Other Deposits are down by Rs. 2.22 lakhs. The item of 'Balances held abroad' shows an increase of Rs. 124.72 lakhs, whilst Advances to Government under 'Ways and Means' increased by Rs. 2 crores during the week. The active note circulation in India is up by Rs. 36.47 lakhs, but the amount of total notes issued is lower by Rs. 109.79 lakhs. On the other hand, the Bank's holding of Rupee Coin has decreased by Rs. 109.19 lakhs. The ratio of gold plus sterling assets to total liabilities is up by 0.253 to 54.206 per cent.

A weekly return of the Imperial Bank of India made upto 17th November 1939 records an increase of Rs. 149.06 lakhs in the item of 'Deposits', while 'Advances' by the Bank are also up by Rs. 49.86 lakhs. The Investment Portfolio shows a decline of Rs. 35.08 lakhs, while the Bank's Cash holding has swollen by Rs. 146.50 lakhs to Rs. 18.80 crores.

GILT-EDGED.

Gilt-edged prices recorded a steady advance in the face of good investment inquiry, especially for short-dated bonds. Long-dated and irredeemable scrips were also marked up during the week but the closing prices were not the week's best. 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper in the local market improved earlier in the week from Rs. 87-8 to Rs. 88, but later declined to Rs. 87, finally closing better at Rs. 87-12, while 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock in London moved between £81-1/2 and £81. Among long-dated scrips, 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan moved up Rs. 100 to Rs. 100-14 and 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan from Rs. 83-2 to Rs. 83-12. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan was marked up from Rs. 88-4 to Rs. 89-8 at the finish, whilst 3 per cent. 1941 bonds were almost static around Rs. 100-10. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan improved from Rs. 89-12 to Rs. 90-4, 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan from Rs. 97-12 to Rs. 99-1 and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan from Rs. 104-12 to Rs. 106. 4 per cent. 1943 bonds kept unchanged at Rs. 103 and 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan at Rs. 102-1, while business in 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan was reporttd at Rs. 110-5.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was unchanged during the week under review and the turnover was rather restricted. Some remittance inquiry in connection with silver was in evidence. Sellers of spot T.T. quoted 1s. 5-63/64d. and buyers 1s. 6d. Merchant rates were unchanged as under:—

	Sellers.
Spot and upto one calendar month	1s. 5-31/32d.
Two calendar months' forward	1s. 6d.
Three calendar months' forward	1s. 6-1/32d.
	Buyers.
Spot and upto one calendar month	1s. 6-1/32d.
Two calendar months' forward	1s. 6-1/16d.
Three calendar months' forward	1s. 6-3/32d.

Sellers of spot T. T. for interbank transactions quoted 1s. 5-63/64d. with buyers at 1s. 6-1/64d.

Official quotations in London for the U.S. dollar and European currencies were unchanged from last week as follow: sterling/dollar rate 406/402 cents; sterling/franc rate 177/176 francs; sterling/guilder rate 7.58/7.52; and sterling/belga rate 24.60/24.05. The sterling/lira rate was quoted between 77.50 and 76.75. In the New York market, sterling was inclined to be offered at 390.00 cents early in the week and after being bid up to 394.25 cents mid-week, it was again offered at the close and the quotation was 389.00 cents. In sympathy with fluctuations in the sterling/dollar rate in the New York market, and sterling/yen rate, after opening at 1s. 2-13/32d., advanced to 1s. 2-17/32d. and after declining to 1s. 2-11/32d. closed at 1s. 2-17/32d. The Shanghai dollar was pegged at 4-3/4d. throughout the week.

GOLD.

Spot gold was inclined to be steady during the week under review owing to smaller arrivals from upcountry and buying by option dealers on the depreciation of sterling in terms of the dollar in the New York market. After opening at Rs. 41-14-3, the price ranged between Rs. 41-12-3 and Rs. 41-14 until Wednesday when it jumped up to Rs. 41-15-6, closing at Rs. 41-14-3. small buying for export was in evidence at the lower levels, but comparatively little business was done. December settlement gold was quoted at a premium of three pies over spot, while January delivery stood at a premium of nine pies over the spot rate. In London, the Bank of England's official buying price for gold remained unchanged at 168 shillings per ounce. The demand for sovereigns was somewhat better and the quotation moved between Rs. 26-10 and Rs. 26-11. Stocks of gold are estimated at about 200,000 tolas, while arrivals from upcountry average some 10,000 to 12,000 tolas a day. The average daily offtake for trade purposes is unchanged at 1,500 tolas. Gold to the value of Rs. 97,79,446 was shipped to San Francisco during the week. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 41-15-6 and Rs. 41-11-9 for spot, Rs. 41-15-9 and Rs. 41-12 for December settlement and Rs. 42-1-0 and Rs. 41-12-6 for January settlement.

SILVER

Brisk speculative buying in silver resulted in the price being marked up sharply and the premium on forward delivery also widened in the absence of any demand for spot. The spot price opened at Rs. 61-5 and gradually advanced to Rs. 62-7, but declined and closed at Rs. 61-8-6. December settlement silver was quoted at a premium of one anna over spot, while the January settlement quotation stood six annas higher than December. In London, the price for spot silver improved from 23-3/8d. to 23-1/2d. on Monday and remained at this level throughout the rest of the week. The premium on two months' forward delivery widened from 1/16d. to 1/8d. at the close. Owing to the release of some silver from the Mint, the local stocks have increased to about 20,000 bars, while the average daily offtake works out to 13 bars. Silver coins to the value of Rs. 82,453 as well as 431 bars of silver bullion were imported during the week. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 62-7 and Rs. 61-3 for spot, Rs. 62-8 and Rs. 61-6 for December settlement and Rs. 63 and 61-10 for January settlement.

SHARES

The local share market presented a firm tone during the week, prices in all sections rising considerably above the opening level in sympathy with substantial gains in commodity prices with active trading in all sections. At the close, however, there was a temporary reaction due to profit-taking, but the closing quotations were again marked up very nearly to the highest of the week.

Cotton mills continued to keep to the fore; Bombay Dyeings gained well nigh 100 points at Rs. 1,070 and after a sharp reaction to Rs. 1,032-8, recovered and closed steadier at Rs. 1,045. Centuries gained from Rs. 315 to Rs. 341, Central Indias forged ahead from Rs. 307 to Rs. 349 and Colaba Lands from Rs. 172 to Rs. 210, but closed lower at Rs. 336, Rs. 340 and Rs. 261 respectively. Gokaks improved from Rs. 191-8 to Rs. 227 and New Great from Rs. 328 to Rs. 363, but were marked down to Rs. 219 and Rs. 353 at the finish. Kohinoors steadily advanced from Rs. 328 to Rs. 391, closing lower at Rs. 379. In the steel section, Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds advanced from Rs. 1,872-8 to Rs. 1,992-8, and after declining suddenly to Rs. 1,935, staged a good rally at the close to Rs. 1,970. Ordinaries likewise improved from Rs. 376 to Rs. 396-8, then dropped down to Rs. 386, finally closed better at Rs. 391. Hydro-electrics ruled dull during the earlier part of the week but later moved up considerably on substantial buying; Andhra Valleys which kept in the vicinity of Rs. 1,440 earlier, shot up to Rs. 1,490, whilst Bombay Trams were marked up from Rs. 126 to Rs. 126-8. Tata Hydros moved up from Rs. 151 to Rs. 155, closing at Rs. 153-8, whilst Tata Powers gained about 90 points to Rs. 1,352-8, closing lower at Rs. 1,335. Bank and Railway shares, however, were neglected; Bank of Indias ruled quieter at Rs. 132 and Central Banks at Rs. 32-12. Imperial Banks fairly active, Fully Paids being marked up from Rs. 1,420 to Rs. 1,436-4 and Partly Paids from Rs. 347-8 to Rs. 355. Reserve Banks were almost static around Rs. 102. Amongst Railways, Ahmed. Prantij were quoted at Rs. 985 and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 760. In the miscellaneous bloc, Associated Cements showed good strength at Rs. 138-8 as against the opening level of Rs. 134, whilst Belapurs steadily marched up from Rs. 230 to Rs. 250 at the finish. Bombay Burmas were bid up from Rs. 557-8 to Rs. 616-4, but were later marked down to Rs. 601-2 at the close. Scindia Steams ruled strong around Rs. 26-8, whilst New Indias steadily lost ground from Rs. 34-12 to Rs. 33-12.

CALCUTTA

The price of hessian for forward delivery improved to Rs. 20-12 during the week, closing lower at Rs. 19-14, whilst the jute section maintained a steady undertone with a fair day-to-day turnover.

STRUGGLE BETWEEN SENTIMENT AND STATISTICS IN LOCAL COTTON

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co., state:—

The New York market has acted very much as expected and has advanced slowly but steadily during the week.

From the end of July to November 15th the total sales made under the export subsidy plan have totalled 3,700,000 B/s which may be compared with 3,647,000 for the whole of last season. Exports for the United States during the last week or so have admittedly been slower on account of the freight difficulty, and it is reported that stocks at the ports are increasing, but this is merely a temporary handicap and will not alter the fact that the subsidy will be responsible for bringing the total export figure at least back to, or possibly in excess of normal.

The local market under the influence of Calcutta has advanced Rs. 35-1/2 in the week. We are now witnessing, as we have done many times before, a struggle between sentiment and statistics and for the moment the former is winning easily. The bull arguments for Indian cotton are that stocks are small, which is quite true and which is usual at this time of the year, that the crop is going to be considerably smaller than last year, which is not confirmed by those who make a careful study of the subject, and that every bale of Indian cotton will be required either for domestic consumption or for export leaving a very greatly diminished carryover at the end of the season. The statistical arguments are that while admitting the probability of an increased mill consumption owing to Government orders and the general improved purchasing power of the country, the present higher parity of Indian cotton together with freight restrictions will so greatly reduce the chances of selling cotton outside India that a surplus is likely to accumulate for which it will eventually be difficult to find buyers.

It is dangerous to go against sentiment in the local market and for some time to come it looks as if the bulls will have matters all their own way, but we cannot visualise an indefinite period where Indian cotton will remain at such a parity and believe that either Americans must advance or Broach must decline.

With regard to actual business the most notable is the recent purchases of Californian at a premium on Broach which is lower now than when this business was last done on a large scale two years ago, in spite of an increase in the import duty and a depreciation in exchange of 24 per cent.

SPECULATIVE ENQUIRY FOR YARN

Bombay, Nov 22

The recent sharp and precipitous advance in cotton prices as a result of continued heavy speculative buying had no corresponding effect on the prices of yarns during the week under review. However there have been numerous speculative enquiries for various kinds of cotton yarns from dealers and middlemen both in the local market and the up-country centres as a result of which prices have improved to a moderate extent and turnover has increased during the week. Most of the turnover has been confined to dealers and speculators who have been trying to purchase some well-known qualities on a speculative basis with a view to liquidate the same at profits in course of time. Local mills on the other hand have not been able to make any sales either for ready or for forward deliveries as they are unable to do so in view of hectic rise in cotton prices. Local dealers have been liquidating their stocks on every rise in prices and have been taking opportunity of the speculative orders from up-country dealers and middlemen. Turnover during the week has therefore shown a distinct improvement and prices have improved to the extent of about 1/8 to 1/4 anns per lb. in several Indian yarns. It is to be noted however that the genuine demand from the consuming centres is still absent in as much as the handloom weavers are not yet able to realise any satisfactory price for their cloth. Reports from the North are rather encouraging and it is reported that several mills over there have made substantial sales of yarns in round about districts and have satisfied the demand from the neighbouring districts. In the South however prices do not show any improvement as yet. There has been moderate improvement in Calcutta markets but the prices offered are yet too low to admit of any business of importance. As regards Export markets although enquiries have improved actual business transacted is only moderate. Reports from Cloth market are rather more encouraging and if cotton prices continue to remain steady it is very likely that further improvement in yarn may be possible in the next few days

ENGLISH YARNS

There is nothing fresh to report in this class of yarns where business is practically at a standstill.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Continued heavy rise in cotton prices combined with further rise in Japanese Exchange has created a healthy feeling both in Japanese and Shanghai yarns where prices have improved to the extent of 1/4 to 1/2 anna per lb. in almost all kinds and qualities during the week under review. Speculative turnover in Mercerised yarns has recorded a substantial improvement and at every rise speculators have been making very heavy purchases. Fresh forward business with Japan and Shanghai is very limited probably due to much higher replacing cost. There have been very restricted arrivals during the week and as demand is gradually improving further advance in prices is not unlikely. The future tendency is hopeful.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

The Italian Syndicate have raised prices to the extent of 1/2 anna per lb. Turnover both in Italian as well as in Japanese yarns has been gradually improving particularly in low grade yarns on account of improved enquiries from consuming districts and also due to absence of sufficient stocks. Fresh forward business with Japan as well as Italy is very limited owing to the present high level of prices and also due to small offerings of low grade qualities. As regards Staple fibre yarns prices have been slowly improving on account of satisfactory demand from consuming districts. The future outlook is indeed hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS

As a result of continued heavy advance in cotton prices a record turnover has taken place on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., during the week under review and prices have advance to the extent of Re. 8 to Rs. 6 per bale. The future course of the market will mostly depend upon the course of the cotton prices in the next few days.

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Nov 24

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh		2,615	633
Central India	78	7,123	33,531
Barsi and Nagar	406	18,346	5,749
Hyderabad Gaorani		77	264
Berar		10,923	10,714
Central Provinces	51	2,941	10,978
Total Oomras	534	42,025	61,889
Dholera		4,818	33,741
N W Provinces	50	13,673	48
Rajputana	101	5,014	3,313
Sind Punjab	3,708	86,707	42,344
Broach		111	10,723
Coompta and Dharwar	88	11,461	2,863
Westerns Northerns		9,349	6,803
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		26	1,438
American		128	512
Egyptian, African and Sudan	2,415	93,978	99,932
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		200	
Total	3,896	267,469	269,332
Arrived by road to 16th November 1939		22,850	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 16th Nov.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe		17,098	36,902
Japan and China	3,900	176,573	219,100
Coast Ports		6,390	9,577
Up-country by Rail		87,291	69,399
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		18,446	16,831
Total	3,900	305,898	353,809

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, Nov 24

Cctorseeds May—			
Opening	Rs.	57	14 0
Highest		59	4 0
Lowest		57	8 0
Closing		58	4 0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening		45	2 0
Highest		45	8 0
Lowest		44	5 0
Closing		45	2 9
Cottonseeds Jan—			
Opening		27	10 0
Highest		27	13 0
Lowest		27	5 6
Closing		27	8 0

GEORGE V STATUE UNVEILED

Imposing Function In Allahabad

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

The imposing ceremony of unveiling the statue of late King George V was performed by Sir Harry Haig, Governor, in the Alfred Park at 10 a.m. A large gathering of military and civil officers, judges of the High Court and elite of the city was present. No Congress leader attended the function.

Asking the Governor to unveil the statue, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said that during his long reign, George V had to meet the challenge of force and history has recounted how it was accepted and successfully met. Once again the challenge had been thrown to the Empire. He had no doubt that the challenge would be accepted and there could not be any doubt regarding the issue of this war.

Sir Harry Haig unveiling the statue thanked all those who contributed towards the raising of the statue. His Excellency paid glowing tributes to the memory of late King George. Leadership, said His Excellency, did not consist in a strong man imposing his will on a people. Continuing he said that the late King took special interest in Indian affairs.

Alluding to the present war he said that the doctrine of "Might is Right" had once more appeared in its naked form. They could overcome it if they faced it with confidence and courage.

DARBHANGA ARRESTS

PATNA, Nov. 22.

It is reported from Madhubani, District Darbhanga, that 16 Congress workers were arrested and that warrants have been issued against 13 others for whose arrest, it is said, a contingent of police force has gone to Bahera. Most of the arrested persons belong to village Haibanwara. The exact cause of the arrests are yet unknown.—United Press.

Dry Weather Over India

Poona, Nov 24

The weather has been dry over country. Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in Deccan, Central parts of the country, North Madras Coast, Orissa and Chota Nagpur.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 24-11-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.035 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.4 degrees (normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 71.2 degrees 0.2 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 73 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 102 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 11 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 24-11-1939

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 77.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.13 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.94 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURNS

London, Nov 23

	This week.
Total bullion	£ 1,300,000
Public deposits	36,400,000
(a) Other deposits	133,300,000
Government securities	103,900,000
(b) Other securities	28,200,000
Notes and coin	54,300,000
Notes in circulation	527,000,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	32.21 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	92,900,000
(b) Other deposits include discount	5,300,000
Total deposits	168,700,000
Total securities	132,100,000

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 23-11-39	3877000	2572000
Receipts yesterday 23-11-39	.....	5000
Exports to date 23-11-39	2221000	1526000
Stock at Ports 17-11-39	3002000	3179000
Stock at Interior Towns 17-11-39	3547000	3514000
Stock at Liverpool 17 11-39	.....	1077000
Visible Supply 17-11-39	.....	8077000
Quantity in sight 17-11-39	7252000	6090000
Quantity out of sight 17-11-39	.....	3648000

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Nov 24

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. December 128, February 130 April 134

Yarn No. 10 1/2s. December 144 February 147 April 150

Yarn No. 20 1/2s. December 178 February 181 April 185

Yarn No. 40s. December 251 February 255 April 258

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Nov 24

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	63	0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	87	0 0

Tone:—Steady.

PEPPER AND GINGER MARKET

Bombay, Nov 24

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association Ltd.).

Pepper ready Allepey per candy	Rs.	107	0 0
Pepper ready Calicut per candy		106	0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy		108	0 0
Pepper ready Lampong in C. I. F. per cwt.		13	0 0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt		21	8 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt		23	0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt		26	12 0

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Regd. No. B 1065

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1939

Fling At Travancore State Congress

Sir C. P. Ramaswami On Nation-Building Activities

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 24.

The programme of H. H. the Maharaja for Travancore in social, economic, essentially nation-building, constructive and creative. What is needed for ensuring success is the fullest co-operation, union of hearts, the desire to give and take and to work together said Sachivothama Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer replying to the address presented by the Malankara Orthodox Syrian Community. Given such co-operation, Sir Ramaswami said, nothing was impossible for Travancore to achieve. In that nation-building work, the Government of His Highness had the right to look to all, to all leaders of the society, including dignitaries of their Church and of other Churches for the whole-hearted support.

FLING AT STATE CONGRESS.

He would be a bad statesman and untrue to His Highness the Maharaja, who strove to choke all agitation, suppress legitimate expressions of opinion and make it impossible for those who had grievances to ventilate them. But it was one thing to ventilate legitimate grievances and ask for redressal; it was quite another thing to destroy for the sake of destruction, hamper for the sake of hampering, and create obstacles on behalf of a discredited group on the basis of doctrinaire ideals, which all knew, could not be translated into practice in the near future.

He appealed to them and through them to the wider world of Travancore, for that co-operation which was essential for the translation of His Highness' ideals into achievements, not blind, submissive co-operation, but alert, intelligent, critical but constructive co-operation.—A. P.

TRAVANCORE BAN ON "MATHRUBHUMI"

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 24.

The Travancore Government by a notification have prohibited the bringing or taking by sea, backwater or land into or from Travancore any copy of any issue of the weekly edition of "Mathrubhumi" newspaper printed and published by Mr. K. A. Damodara Menon at Calicut. Also the daily edition is similarly prohibited.

The notification also states that the Government consider that the issue dated, Thulam 28, 1115, of the weekly edition of "Mathrubhumi" contains matter, which tends to bring the Travancore Government into hatred or contempt and create disaffection towards them. The Government, therefore, declare that every copy of the said issue be forfeited to them.—A.P.

KATHIAWAR FAMINE & GUJERAT CONGRESS

BARODA, Nov. 24.

Harrowing tales of acute famine conditions have been received from many parts of Kathiawar. In some parts of Okha and Cutch, the situation is so serious that people inhabiting that part of Kathiawar with their cattle are migrating to safer places.

CONGRESS EFFORTS

The Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee has been collecting funds for helping the agriculturists. The Revenue Commissioner of Baroda State, Mr. R. S. Manapatil, has also been to Okhamandal district to acquaint himself with the famine situation and supervise relief operations there.

PRINCES AND FAMINE

It is understood that the monthly meeting of the Kathiawar Princes which will be held at Limbdi on December 1 next will, among other things, discuss the position of famine-stricken areas in Kathiawar vis-a-vis the question of relief measures being organised by various States for the poor and affected agriculturists.—United Press.

IDAR SOCIAL REFORMER DEAD

Late Chaturbhuj M. Bhatt's Loss To State People

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

A well-known social reformer, novelist of old style, and ex-Dewan of Danta State Mr. Chaturbhuj Mankeshwer Bhatt passed away on Thursday after a short illness in Bombay.

He had written several books including novels and translations of some Law Books. He had retired from Danta State service sometime ago and was living in Bombay.

Late Mr. Bhatt was well-known to Idar people and Gujarat and by his death Idar has lost an old and experienced social reformer.

A resolution of condolence on the death of Mr. Bhatt moved by Mr. Mahipatram Joshi was passed unanimously last night at the meeting of Idar Yuvak Club.

S. I. R. Breaches Repaired

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

The District Traffic Superintendent, Madura Junction, S. I. Railway, wires: "Breaches between Pudukottai and Trichinopoly having been repaired Nos. 7 and 8 Dhanushkodi Fast Passenger trains will run via Manamadura Trichinopoly Chord to-night and normal train service will be resumed from to-morrow 25th.—A.P.

Indian Seamen Demand 100 p.c Increase

India Swaraj League To draw Up Monster Petition To Home Secretary

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 23.

A meeting of Indians under the auspices of the India Swaraj League, held this afternoon in the University Labour Club made a revolutionary, demand asking for the Indian Laskars a 100 per cent increment in wages, plus ten pounds bonus.

The meeting also decided to sponsor a monster petition to the Home Secretary demanding the release of Indian seamen imprisoned on account of their going on strike in support of the agitation for increment in wages and bonus.—Reuter.

"NATIONAL FRONT" ISSUE FORFEITED

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

The Governor has declared all copies of the issue of the newspaper in English entitled "National Front" Volume II dated October 22, 1939, edited by Mr. P. C. Joshi and printed and published by Sheogan Singh Chauhan at the Naya Hindusthan Press, Allahabad, and all other documents containing copies, reprints or translations of or extracts from the said issue of the said newspaper, to be forfeited to His Majesty on the ground that it appears to the Governor that the said issue of the newspaper contains words of the nature described in Section 4 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act.

By another notification the Governor forfeited all copies of a leaflet in Urdu entitled "Majuda Jung Europe Ke Montallique Jamiate Ulemas Hind Ki-Majlise Amla Ka Aham Biyan" printed at Meerut and published at Delhi.—United Press.

COMMISSIONERS WALK OUT OF CORPORATION HALL

Trouble Over Naming A Street

RAJSHAHI, Nov. 24.

At a special meeting of the Rajshahi Municipality, a walk-out was staged by some of the Commissioners when the proposal to name a street after Sir Jadunath Sarkar was rejected.

The meeting was convened for the purpose of naming a street after Mr. Amir Ali Mian, a sitting member of the Bengal Assembly (Coalition). Mr. Kshilish Chandra Sarkar moved an amendment that the street be named after Sir Jadunath Sarkar whose ancestral home was in Rajshahi. Mr. Sarkar added that in view of the previous resolution of the Municipality streets should be named after prominent public men and ex-chairmen.

The Chairman ruled the amendment out of order and the original resolution was passed. Thereopon the mover of the amendment, followed by several other commissioners, walked out of the meeting.

SIND MINISTERS REVIEW MANZILGAH SITUATION

Curfew Order Relaxed

KARACHI, Nov. 23.

Khan Bahadur Allabaksh, the Premier, and Sir Ghulamhussein, Law Minister, left for sukkur tonight.

Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, and Mr. Dialmal Doulatram, Ministers, who had reached Sukkur this morning went round the affected areas accompanied by the District Magistrate and expressed satisfaction with the measures taken by the authorities to cope with the situation.

The two ministers are returning to Karachi to-morrow after visiting 'en route' affected villages. Consequent on the improved situation in Sukkur, the curfew order has been further relaxed enabling people to move about for two more hours in the afternoon.—A. P.

APPLICATION OF DEFENCE OF INDIA ACT TO SUKKUR

Karachi Journalists' Protest

KARACHI, Nov. 23.

A meeting of the journalists of Karachi passed a resolution protesting against the application of the provisions of the Defence of India Act which was specifically intended to apply to matters connected with the war for exercising censorship over publication of news relating to the Manzilgah and the Sukkur riots, etc.

While recognising the obligation of the Press to exercise due restraint in the present extraordinary circumstances, the meeting strongly urged the authorities to take every possible step for the withdrawal of the ordinance order.

The meeting appointed an influential consultative committee with a view to take steps for the safeguarding of fundamental rights and liberties of the press with special reference to the Defence of India Act.—A P.

Dacoits Work Havoc Near Shikarpur

SHIKARPUR, Nov. 23.

Reports of dacoities have been received from the following six villages in the district, namely, Garhiyasin, Abad, Kehar, Sangi, Sahta and Naushahro.

At Garhiyasin in addition to looting of property and burning of houses, dacoits killed three persons and at Abad they kidnapped three women.

The village of Mari and Kotsultan were also visited by the dacoits, but at Mari they were repulsed while in the latter village they set fire to a fuel godown and were driven off.—A.P.

ALL QUIET AT SUKKUR

SUKKUR, Nov. 23.

Another quiet night was spent. To quell disurbances in the villages the authorities have divided the whole district into four zones, each under an Additional District Magistrate appointed for the purpose. Extra District Officials with mobile police force will be constantly moving about the entire area under their charge.

Except for two murders reported from Ubauro village, the district was quiet.

An order under Section 3 of the Sind Special Ordinance of 1939 has been served on Mukhi Viroomal Begaraj and Bhojaraj Jawani; prominent Hindu leaders, directing them to leave Sukkur district by the first available train.—A.P.

Whitehall Adamant

Yet Viceroy May Invite Mahatma For Parleys After Some Time

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

The Congress High Command's stand at Allahabad has caused relief in New Delhi.

While it is realised that the Congress demands remain unaltered and non-co-operation continues, it is felt, as time goes on and international issues become more defined, the Indian situation would have to be reviewed in the light of the new circumstances.

GANDHIJI'S SINCERITY

Gandhiji's advice not to precipitate a mass movement is described not as a tactical move to gain time for preparations for Civil Disobedience but as another sincere effort to enable the Viceroy to explore all means of settlement of the Indian question and convince Whitehall of the expediency of meeting the Congress at least halfway.

TOO CONSERVATIVE

Political circles, however, do not find the Indian issue would be settled soon or within a reasonable time to the satisfaction of the Congress. Lord Zetland has the last word and in the British Cabinet although the majority of Ministers have intimate knowledge of India their outlook is too Conservative to admit immediate change in Indian policy.

NO R. T. C. YET

Delhi and Whitehall will have the usual exchange of communications on the Congress decision and though Gandhiji may be invited for a parley with the Viceroy sooner or later—probably January—there is no truth in the reports about a Round Table Conference published in certain sections of the press. Some time will elapse before the next step is taken towards negotiations with Congress.

Price Control Committees In Madras

MADRAS, Nov. 23.

The Government of Madras have constituted a committee in each taluk of the following districts to fix a fair price for certain essential commodities, as a guide to the public: Anantapur, Nellore, South Arcot, Madura, Tinnevelly.—United Press.

BADLY WRITTEN DETECTIVE STORY

Another 'Reichstag Fire' Plot Ravelled

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The whole affair is developing like a badly written detective story, written in instalments only: no Editor would accept such an improbable plot, declares an authoritative statement issued in London, commenting on the spate of German broadcast accusations about the Munich bomb explosion.

The first reaction in Britain and the neutral countries to the Nazi methods of fixing the blame on an obscure German, Elser and simultaneously announcing the arrest of two Britons alleged to be British agents is of horror at the thought of what may be happening to Elser behind closed doors in the Gestapo cells.

The second reaction, it is stated, is of amazement that the Nazis should seek belief for a story that they have not even tried to make convincing.

Their Radio and Press were proclaiming the guilt of the British Secret Service before the dust of the explosion had time to settle. The German official statement declares that the two kidnapped Britons revealed their plans to the Gestapo believing that the latter were revolutionary German officers.

If that statement is true, it proves that the Gestapo knew that there was to be an attempt on Hitler's life at Munich, and allowed it to take place.

Without waiting even for a decent minimum interval, in which plausible evidence might be manufactured, they embarked on very long and silly stories of the alleged British atrocities through the ages.

The Nazi's show every sign of hatching another Reichstag fire swindle.

In the meantime, it may be noted that the Gestapo must have on its own showing known about the bomb long before it exploded, because nobody could have gone in and out of Munich, planting the bomb as Elser is alleged to have done without the Gestapo knowing, unless Himmler admits their unparalleled incompetence.

And if they knew, they wanted the bomb to explode either because they and their party accomplices wanted to kill Hitler and his closest associates, or because they wanted to stimulate the waning enthusiasm of the German people for Hitler.—Reuter.

Truth About Peace 'Offensive'

Amazing Revelation Of How Germany Took Initiative But Trapped British Messengers When Sent For Further Talks

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.

A Dutch semi-official statement on the Venlo incident issued in The Hague, says: In the car concerned were "two Englishmen who had produced authority to show that they had permission to get into contact with the Germans to study the possibility of peace negotiations. They were accompanied by a Dutch officer who had instructions to supervise them in view of our neutrality."

The "Telegraaf", recapitulating the events, declares that nobody can doubt that the incident happened in Holland. The man who carried the attack, left his revolver and bloodstains, cartridges and footprints.

The German concerned has committed serious violation of the Dutch sovereignty and a crime for which Dutch Law provides heavy penalties. It is a fact that two Dutch subjects and two foreigners were abducted from the Dutch territory, and at least one of them was murdered on Dutch territory.

Reuter learns that after the incident, it is believed in well-informed circles here that Mr. Stevens has been killed. It remains to be seen whether the Germans would produce him for trial.

Mr. Stevens was the Chief Passport Control Officer at the British Consulate in which capacity he visited Venlo some months ago when he was dealing with German emigrants.

Well-informed circles in London observe that the Amsterdam semi-official statement may occasion a misunderstanding.

The fact was that the proposal for peace negotiations had come solely from the German side. The Britons concerned did no more than to convey proposals made from the German side to their authorities and when they were kidnapped by the Gestapo agents they were proceeding to a place near the German frontier to receive yet further German peace proposals.

The suggestion that there was any necessity for their actions to be supervised by a Dutch officer was strange, since it would seem to be a new principle of International Law that to receive peace proposals in such circumstances could constitute an infringement of Dutch neutrality.—Reuter.

ON CHARGE OF REPRODUCING "FATWA" IN PAPER

One More Case Filed Against Head Of Anjuman Watan

QUETTA, Nov. 23.

A case under the Defence of India Ordinance is reported to have been filed against Khan Abdul Samad Khan, President of the Anjuman Watan, for reproducing in his newspaper "Istiqlal" the "fatwa" of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema of Delhi, urging Muslims not to participate in the present War. The "fatwa" was published in many newspapers in India.

Besides the above case, two others have already been filed against him. One of them is under the Defence of India Ordinance for a speech delivered by him at Sibi during th tour of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, and third case against him is under the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act for having failed to publish the name of the editor on two issues of "Istiqlal".—United Press.

Leave Conditions For Indian Army Officials

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

It is announced that leave is reopened for officers, other ranks and all other personnel paid from the Defence Services Estimates, in accordance with leave rules ordinarily applicable to them. The reopening is subject to a number of conditions including one which provides that except in the case of leave ex-India all personnel must be within five days' recall and Viceroy's Commissioned Officers, Indian other ranks and certain others must be within ten days' recall.—A.P.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE JUG OF DEATH

THAT BIG FELLOW SURE MUSSED YOU UP, JIM./
YEP, BUT IT PAID DIVIDENDS/ HE'S A SMALL-TIME CROOK - YET IF CANELLI'S INTERESTED IN HIM, HE MAY NOT BE AS SMALL-TIME AS I THINK./
CANELLI'S A BIG SHOT, DON. HE MAY BE COOKING SOMETHING UP/
PROBABLY HE JUST LIKES TH' WAY TARPO BOXES
MAYBE.... BUT IF WE COULD BE SURE--- COME ON, DONAVAN, WE'RE GETTING DRESSED./
IF CANELLI'S GOT SOMETHING UP HIS SLEEVE, I WANT TO BE THERE WHEN HE TELLS TARPO ABOUT IT./

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